Bright Galaxies Logbook

The Astronomy Logbook Project

February 17, 2013

Contents

Le	egal0.1Data Sources and Copyrights0.2Copyrights of the Compilation0.3NO WARRANTY	iii iii v v
A	cknowledgements	vii
Cı	redits	ix
1	Glossary of Technical Terms	1
2	Understanding and Using the Log Form 2.1 Description of the form 2.2 Using the form 2.2.1 Wide-field Charts 2.2.2 Visibility of Objects 2.2.3 Locating the Constellations, finding a reference star 2.2.4 Finding the object 2.2.5 Observing the object	3 3 5 5 6 6 7
3	List of Objects by Constellation	8
4	List of Objects by Type	12
5	List of Common Names	14
6	Checklist of Objects	15
7	Logging Forms	21

Preface

This is a log book for observers wanting to see some of the bright galaxies in the sky. All of the galaxies listed in this logbook are expected to be visually observable with a 6-inch (150mm) telescope, from reasonably dark (Bortle 4) skies.

This is a compilation of observation log forms for each of the objects accompanied by useful information about the object, 3 star charts, and an image from the Digitized Sky Surveys. It may gain more features as time progresses.

Galaxies were programmatically chosen from the SAC database (http://www.saguaroastro.org/content/ downloads.htm) by applying the following filters:

- Galaxy not a Messier object
- Galaxy is marked "cB" or brighter in Dreyer's descriptions
- Galaxy is brighter than 11.0 mag (to avoid tiny, high-surface brightness galaxies)

Since there was no human intervention involved, there could be errors. However, I checked that most of the galaxies I consider bright and significant were on the list, and those that I consider even somewhat faint were not.

Many of these galaxies may not be visible at your latitude. The book is hemisphere-neutral, and just lists objects irrespective of southern / northern declination. It is important to note that objects low in the horizon are made substantially more difficult by airmass.

The book's content and structure is inspired by the Bangalore Astronomical Society's (http://bas.org.in) observer certification programs. The idea for this particular logbook came from Mr. Naveen Nanjundappa.

Hope you will enjoy observing these galaxies!

–Akarsh Simha

Legal

Most Importantly

- You may not use this compilation for commercial / profit-making purposes! This is because this compilation uses images from the Digitized Sky Surveys, and data from Dr. Wolfgang Steinicke's Revised NGC / IC. Please see http://gsss.stsci.edu/Acknowledgements/DSSCopyrights.htm and the NGC/IC section of http://www.klima-luft.de/steinicke/ (in the German) or http://www. klima-luft.de/steinicke/index_e.htm (in English) for details.
- You may not distribute copies of this compilation without the Legal, Acknowledgment and Credits sections
- No part of the legal, acknowledgment and credits sections may be modified or deleted. The only permissible changes are inclusions of your own acknowledgments and copyright statements, for both your contributions and acknowledgments for any compatibly licensed graphics that you may include.
- Subject to these terms, **you are permitted to make copies**, **distribute and modify** this compilation, with the exception that the right to modify the DSS or the NGC / IC data is contingent on the express permission of the copyright holders of the same.
- Links present in this document are provided for informational purposes only, and do not imply any sort of endorsement or affiliation with the website. If you make modifications to this work, **do not** add links to explicitly commercial ventures for commercial gains.

0.1 Data Sources and Copyrights

- Images from the *Digitized Sky Survey* used in this compilation come from the *POSS II* (Northern Hemisphere) and *UKSTU* (Southern Hemisphere) surveys. The following copyright statement is found on the DSS access portal at the STScI, USA (http://gsss.stsci.edu/Acknowledgments/ DataCopyrights.htm)
 - POSS-II Northern Hemisphere Surveys The compressed files of the "Palomar Observatory -Space Telescope Science Institute Digital Sky Survey" of the northern sky, based on scans of the Second Palomar Sky Survey are copyright (c) 1993-2003 by the California Institute of Technology and are distributed herein¹ by agreement. All Rights Reserved.
 - Southern Hemisphere Surveys observed prior to 1993 Southern Hemisphere Surveys were made with the UK Schmidt Telescope at the Anglo-Australian Observatory. Plates from these surveys have been digitized and compressed by the STScI. The digitized images are copyright (c) 1976-1993, jointly by the UK SERC/PPARC (formerly Science and Engineering Research Council/Particle Physics and Astronomy Research Council, and currently the Science and Technology Facilities Council), and are distributed herein by agreement. All Rights Reserved. Represented by the Wide Field Astronomy Unit at the Royal Observatory Edinburgh (ROE).

¹i.e. at the MAST website: http://archive.stsci.edu/

 Southern Hemisphere Surveys observed since 1993 – The "Second Epoch Survey" of the southern sky was made by the Anglo-Australian Observatory (AAO) with the UK Schmidt Telescope. Plates from this survey have been digitized and compressed by the STScI. The digitized images are copyright (c) 1993-2004 by the Anglo-Australian Observatory Board, and are distributed herein by agreement. All Rights Reserved.

Please note the data use policies of the DSS, available here: http://gsss.stsci.edu/Acknowledgments/ DSSCopyrights.htm

In complying with the DSS copyright policy, the creators of this compilation intends that this compilation be used only for **non-profit purposes**.

- Star Catalog Data used in the star charts come from three major catalogs: *Hipparcos*, *Tycho 2*, and *USNO NOMAD* and rendered using *KStars*.
 - *Hipparcos* and *Tycho 2* were obtained from the Astronomical Data Center run by the NASA. While the data center is now closed, at the time of download, the website said:

"All ADC data are public domain unless otherwise stated in the "ReadMe" file. The data are for scientific use only and have no commercial value."

As of January 2013, an archive of the old website is still accessible here: http://web.archive.org/ web/20060908091808/http://adc.astro.umd.edu/adc/questions_feedback.html#policies1

 - USNO NOMAD was obtained from the US Naval Observatory (http://www.nofs.navy.mil/ nomad/).

The "Privacy and Security Notice" on USNO's website (http://ad.usno.navy.mil/privacy.shtml) reads:

"All information presented on these pages is considered public domain and may be distributed or copied unless otherwise specified. Use of appropriate byline/photo/image credits is requested."

No explicit statement is made about the NOMAD catalog in particular.

• **Deep-Sky Object Data** used in the star charts and the data table come mostly from the Revised NGC/IC catalog by Wolfgang Steinicke, and that data is Copyright (c) 2003 Wolfgang Steinicke. The visual magnitudes for objects, however, come from a newer version of the Revised NGC/IC catalog by Wolfgang Steinicke, released in January 2013, and that data is Copyright (c) 2003-2013 Wolfgang Steinicke (steinicke-zehnle@t-online.de). When unvailable, the visual magnitudes have been substituted with blue magnitudes, also from the same catalog.

The data has been made freely available for **non-commercial use**.

Data for non-NGC/IC objects is not from Dr. Steinicke's catalog, and was collected manually by hand from various sources, most notably SIMBAD and the SAC database.

The Dreyer and SAC descriptions, and magnitudes wherever available come from the Saguaro Astronomy Club (SAC) database, and it is freely available for non-commercial use.

• Logo of the Bangalore Astronomical Society is Copyright (c) 2007-2013 Harshad R. Joglekar, and is licensed under Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-NoDerivs 3.0, with the additional condition that the logo be used only to refer to the Bangalore Astronomical Society (http://bas.org. in), which is a registered non-profit organization in Bangalore, India.

The full text of the license is available here: http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-nd/3. 0/

Please note the additional condition that the use of the logo in reference to anything other than the Bangalore Astronomical Society (henceforth referred to as BAS) is prohibited.

0. LEGAL

While the logo itself may not be used for commercial purposes, the author of the logo makes the exception that collections (as defined in section 1b of the license), such as this compilation, containing the logo may be used for commercial purposes.

- The logo of the Austin Astronomical Society is used in this logbook with permission. Permission for use other than in this logbook, if desired, must be explicitly obtained from the Austin Astronomical Society. The presence of this logo in this logbook does not imply any form of endorsement from the Austin Astronomical Society, and is present only for purposes of expressing gratitude for their support.
- The icon of KStars used on the Acknowledgments page and possibly to represent a telescope is part of the Oxygen Project (http://www.oxygen-icons.org/) of KDE. The icon can be copied under the GNU LGPLv3 license, which is available here: http://www.gnu.org/copyleft/lesser.html

Note the requirements for using this icon in printed material here: http://techbase.kde.org/ Projects/Oxygen/Licensing#Use_on_Physical_Media

- The binocular and eye icons included on some of the pages are in the public domain. The binocular icon was obtained from the website http://openclipart.org/. The eye icon was created by Akarsh Simha using Inkscape.
- **Icons of downtown Austin** included on some of the pages, especially in the US Letter version were made from photographs by Akarsh Simha and are in the public domain.
- The city skyline icon included in the BAS version on some of the pages is Copyright (c) by the user soul-flow on Flickr (http://www.flickr.com/photos/soulflow).

The original photograph is titled "Bangalore - Modern building" and is available at http://www.flickr.com/photos/soulflow/1410390525/ as of this writing.

The photograph is licensed under CreativeCommons 2.0 Attribution ShareAlike. The terms of the license may be read at http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-sa/2.0/deed.en.

The photograph was posterized and vectorized by Akarsh Simha in order to create a vector graphic for use in this compilation.

0.2 Copyrights of the Compilation

The production of this compilation in itself is creative work. While the data content of the compilation does have varying licensing / copyright policies as detailed above, the compilation itself is licensed under Creative Commons 3.0 Attribution Share-Alike. The terms of the license are accessible here: http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc/3.0/

Note that the license chosen for the act of compilation itself does allow for both commercial use and derivative works. In particular, this likely means that removing the DSS images from all pages, at the time of this writing, removes necessary restrictions on the commercial use of this compilation. However, the author is not a lawyer and does not warrant the accuracy of this claim. Please do your own checks before trying to use this document for commercial purposes.

The Compilation itself is Copyright (c) 2013 Akarsh Simha.

Akarsh Simha may be reached at (akarshsimha@gmail.com).

0.3 NO WARRANTY

BECAUSE THE COMPILATION IS LICENSED FREE OF CHARGE, THERE IS NO WARRANTY FOR THE COMPILATION, TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW. EXCEPT WHEN OTHERWISE STATED IN WRITING THE COPYRIGHT HOLDERS AND/OR OTHER PARTIES PRO-VIDE THE DATA AND THE COMPILATION "AS IS" WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EI-THER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WAR- RANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. THE ENTIRE RISK AS TO THE QUALITY AND ACCURACY OF THE COMPILATION IS WITH YOU. SHOULD THE COMPILATION PROVE INACCURATE, YOU ASSUME THE COST OF ALL NECESSARY SERVICING, REPAIR OR CORRECTION.

IN NO EVENT UNLESS REQUIRED BY APPLICABLE LAW OR AGREED TO IN WRITING WILL ANY COPYRIGHT HOLDER, OR ANY OTHER PARTY WHO MAY MODIFY AND/OR REDISTRIBUTE THE COMPILATION AS PERMITTED ABOVE, BE LIABLE TO YOU FOR DAMAGES, INCLUDING ANY GENERAL, SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES ARISING OUT OF THE USE, OR INABILITY TO USE, OR THE INACCURACY OF THE COMPILATION (INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO INACCURACIES OF SUBSEQUENTLY COMPUTED DATA AND LOSSES SUS-TAINED BY YOU OR THIRD PARTIES), EVEN IF SUCH HOLDER OR OTHER PARTY HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES.

Acknowledgements

The Bangalore Astronomical Society



The makers of this compilation acknowledge the Bangalore Astronomical Society (BAS) for the inspiration behind this idea. In particular, the makers thank the council members of the BAS during 2013.

Austin Astronomical Society



Akarsh Simha would like to thank Austin Astronomical Society for keeping his astronomy spirit alive, and providing some of the motivation much required to complete these logbooks. The members of the AAS gave him much necessary encouragement, many many valuable suggestions, and shared his excitement at the finished product. Austin Astronomical Society's webpage is found at http://austinastro.org.

Please note that the presence of the logo of the AAS does not indicate any form of endorsement of this project by them.

The Digitized Sky Survey

The images used in this compilation come from the Digitized Sky Survey plates, in particular, those from the POSS-II and UKSTU surveys.

The Digitized Sky Survey was produced at the Space Telescope Science Institute under U.S. Government grant NAG W-2166. The images of these surveys are based on photographic data obtained using the Oschin Schmidt Telescope on Palomar Mountain and the UK Schmidt Telescope. The plates were processed into the present compressed digital form with the permission of these institutions.

The Second Palomar Observatory Sky Survey (POSS-II) was made by the California Institute of Technology with funds from the National Science Foundation, the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, the National Geographic Society, the Sloan Foundation, the Samuel Oschin Foundation, and the Eastman Kodak Corporation. The Oschin Schmidt Telescope is operated by the California Institute of Technology and Palomar Observatory.

The UK Schmidt Telescope was operated by the Royal Observatory Edinburgh, with funding from the UK Science and Engineering Research Council (later the UK Particle Physics and Astronomy Research Council), until 1988 June, and thereafter by the Anglo-Australian Observatory. The blue plates of the southern Sky Atlas and its Equatorial Extension (together known as the SERC-J), the near-IR plates (SERC-I), as well as the Equatorial Red (ER), and the Second Epoch [red] Survey (SES) were all taken with the UK Schmidt telescope at the AAO.

The images themselves were downloaded from the Mikulski Archive for Space Telescopes (MAST; http://archive.stsci.edu/).

The makers thank the DSS for making sky imagery freely available for non-profit activities, and also thank MAST for the excellent web service provided by them.

Deep-Sky Object Data

The makers thank Dr. Wolfgang Steinicke for providing the Revised NGC / IC catalog under terms making it free for non-commercial use.

The Dreyer and SAC descriptions, and some of the data for non-NGC/IC objects, come from the Saguaro Astronomy Club database. The makers thank the Saguaro Astronomy Club for providing their compilation for free non-commercial use.

KStars and other open-source tools



The makers particularly thank, the developers of KStars, (http://edu.kde.org/kstars) the software that made the rendition of star maps used in this compilation possible and made available, in an easy form, the data used in this compilation. KStars was also used to fetch appropriate DSS URLs for the objects. KStars is a cross-platform astronomy software licensed under the GNU General Public License v2 (https://www.gnu.org/licenses/gpl-2.0). It qualifies as free software.

The typesetting of the charts was done using IATEX. xmlstarlet was used to parse XML for object descriptions generated by KStars. Inkscape and ImageMagick were used to convert between graphics formats. Inkscape was also used to generate several of the graphics used here. Several tools from the standard GNU suite, such as bash,

wget, sed and awk proved very useful.

This compilation was generated using only free and open source software.

Credits

This is a list of people who contributed to this project, in no order of significance (except possibly chronological). (Feel free to add your name to the list if you forked this / made a derivative work!)

- Akarsh Simha (akarshsimha@gmail.com) **original idea**; also responsible for creating the script that generates logbooks
- Kumar Appaiah Several educative lessons on git, emacs, sed, and awk that made this compilation possible.
- Naveen Nanjundappa several valuable suggestions
- Keerthi Kiran feedback on printing on A4 paper, suggestion for naked eye visibility icons.
- Erika Rix valuable suggestions. Messier Marathon order suggestion.
- Terry Phillips Messier Marathon order suggestion.
- Mark Florian many many valuable suggestions, especially on the preliminary sections.
- Joyce D Lynch permission to use the AAS logo
- Jim Donahue Vector graphic AAS logo, old (not used)
- Jim Spiegelmire Current AAS logo
- Sivaramakrishnan Swaminathan Suggestion for checklist table in landscape
- Many members of the Austin Astronomical Society who have contributed through their encouragement, support and feedback!

1

Glossary of Technical Terms

Some of the technical terms used in the compilation are explained *in brief* here. Many resources that offer more detailed explanations and further information are available on the internet. You could alternatively also use KStars' AstroInfo project, accessible from the KStars Help Menu. See http://edu.kde.org/kstars for more.

• **Right Ascension** and **Declination** together constitute the **Equatorial Geocentric Coordinates** used in astronomy. It is a *coordinate system* used to designate positions in the sky.

Just like the location of a point on the earth is specified by the latitude and longitude, the location of a point in the sky is specified using the Right Ascension (RA) and Declination (Dec). Usually, these are denoted by the symbols α and δ .

The declination is simply a projection of the earth's latitudes onto the sky. For example, the north celestial pole lies at a declination of $+90^{\circ}$, and is in the direction vertically above when standing at the north pole of the earth, which has a latitude of $+90^{\circ}$. Southern declinations are considered negative. Declination is usually measured in degrees.

Unlike longitude, RA is measured in hours. Just like an arbitrary longitude is chosen to be zero degrees (namely the prime meridian), a point called the *First point of Aries* (usually denoted γ) is chosen to be the zero for RA. 1 hour corresponds to 15 degrees.

• **Precession; Epoch; J2000.0:** The axis about which the earth rotates is not stationary. Just like a spinning top, the earth wobbles causing the axis itself to move. This wobbling of the axis of the earth is described by motions called *precession* and *nutation*. Precession is the dominant of the two. As a result of precession, the pole star of today, Polaris, will no longer be near the pole several centuries later.

The earth's axis traces a circle in the sky over a period of 26000 years. This might sound like a small effect over a couple years, but astronomical positions are measured with rather high precision. Thus, precession effects must be taken into account.

Most catalogs of stars and deep-sky objects list the RA and Dec of objects, but the RA and Dec of these objects actually vary because of precession. To remedy this, the catalogs provide RA and Dec at a specific instant in time, called an *epoch*. Once the RA and Dec are known at this epoch, the RA and Dec at any other time may be calculated.

A very common epoch is J2000.0 which ocurred at the beginning of the year 2000. Most catalogs specify the RA and Dec at this instant of time. Already in the year 2013, we can see noticable differences in the current coordinates when compared to the catalog coordinates at 2000.0

• Units of Angular Measure are important, because distances and sizes in the sky are measured as an angle subtended at the earth.

For instance, the moon and the sun are both about $\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ in (angular) diameter – they subtend an angle of $\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ at the center of the earth.

The degree is the most common unit of angular measure. A degree is subdivided into 60 arcminutes. Arcminute is often denoted with a small apostrophe-like marking: $1^{\circ} = 60'$. An arcminute is further divided into 60 arcseconds. An arcsecond is often denoted with a double apostrophe: 1' = 60''. Thus $1^{\circ} = 3600''$.

The earth rotates through 360° about its axis in 24 hours of time. Thus every hour of time corresponds to 15° of rotation of the earth. Thus, often in astronomy, the *hour* is used as a measure of angle, exactly equal to 15° . The sky, as viewed from earth, actually goes back to the same position in about 23 hours and 56 minutes, a duration known as the *sidereal day*, because the revolution of the earth adds to the rotation of the earth. However, when hour is used as a measure of angle, it is exactly equal to 15° . 60 minutes (of time) comprise an hour, and 60 seconds (of time) comprise a minute.

Angles are sometimes quoted as decimal values in degrees or hours (eg: 31.25°). The same angle may be quoted as a combination of integer degrees, (arc)minutes and (arc)seconds (eg: $31^{\circ}15'0''$) or hours, minutes (of time) and seconds (of time).

In this compilation, RA is usually specified in the hours-minutes-seconds system, whereas Declination is usually specified in the degrees-minutes-seconds system.

• Magnitude scale is almost always used in astronomy to express the brightnesses of astronomical objects. It's a logarithmic scale of brightness, which means increments in magnitude actually amount to multiplicative factors in brightness. In particular, in the magnitude scale, a difference of 5 in magnitude corresponds to $100 \times$ in brightness. The other important thing to note – the higher the magnitude of a star / object, the *fainter* it is! A magnitude 6 star is a 100x fainter than a magnitude 1 star.

If two stars have magnitudes m_1 and m_2 , the ratio of their brightnesses is given by

$$\frac{I_2}{I_1} = 10^{0.4(m_1 - m_2)} \tag{1.1}$$

Even if the object is an extended object (unlike a star, which almost always appears like a point through telescopes), the magnitude includes all the "light" (flux) from the object, no matter what the size of the object is. For extended objects, a definition of **surface brightness** is more convenient. Surface brightness, often measured in "magnitudes per square arcsecond" is a measure of how bright an object's surface is. So a large object "A" with the same magnitude as a small object "B", will still have a much larger (i.e. fainter) surface brightness than object "B".

$\mathbf{2}$

Understanding and Using the Log Form

2.1 Description of the form

- The title carries the common name of the object (if any) and the primary catalog number
- **The subtitle** specifies the *type* of the object (eg: Planetary Nebula, Galaxy etc) and the constellation in which it lies.
- Icons indicating observability are shown on the right of the page.



Objects that are expected to be visible from dark sites with small binoculars (eg: 10×50) are indicated with this binocular icon.



Objects that are expected to be visible to the naked eye from dark skies (\sim Bortle 3) are marked with this eye icon.



Objects that are expected to be visible from city sites with smaller telescopes (eg: $4'' \sim 6''$) are indicated with this city skyline icon, accompanied by a small telescope icon.



If the object is also expected to be visible in binoculars from city skies, a tiny version of the same binocular icon is displayed just above the telescope icon, next to the city skyline icon.



If the object is also expected to be visible with the naked eye from city skies, a tiny version of the same eye icon is displayed next to the city skyline icon.

If no icon is displayed, it indicates that the object most likely requires a telescope from dark skies, or data is unavailable about its visibility. Note that this should not discourage more advanced observers to attempt the object from city skies or with binoculars. Please consult various online forums for more information. Cloudy Nights (http://www.cloudynights.com/ubbthreads/ubbthreads.php) is one such forum.

• The data table lists some useful data about the object.

The first two rows list the RA and Dec, first current as of the date of compilation, and then J2000.0.

The "Size" field lists the size of the object in arcminutes. Imagine fitting the object into a rectangle in the sky. The larger (usually first) dimension, called the *major axis* specifies the length of the rectangle. The smaller dimension (*minor axis*) specifies the breadth of the rectangle. For example, $8' \times 3'$ means that the object will roughly fit into a rectangle with a length of 8 arcminutes and a breadth of 3 arcminutes in the sky.

The "Position Angle" field specifies the orientation of the major axis of the object (the "length" of the rectangle mentioned above). It is measured in degrees, from North towards East. If it says 90° , it usually is invalid / unknown.

The "Magnitude" field specifies the magnitude of the object. Usually, this is the visual magnitude and not the blue ("photographic" magnitude), except for some objects, usually indicated in the preface. Note this carefully, because the visual and blue magnitudes may differ somewhat substantially.

The "Other Designation" field carries an alternate catalog designation of the object when available.

• The sky chart shows a map of the sky around the object.

North is upwards in the map.

The circle in the center represents a circle of 1° diameter on the sky.

The black dots are stars. The green / red symbol in the center of the 1° circle represents the object. An effort is made to represent the size of the object accurately.

The lines connecting stars are constellation lines, and help you visualize the constellations. Note that these are not standard and may differ across star charts. Always look up the name / designation of the star (or the RA/Dec of the object) to match against other charts.

The fainter jagged, but solid, lines are the boundaries of constellations as defined by the IAU.

The broken / dashed lines running up-down are lines of constant right ascension, just like longitudes on a map of the earth.

The broken / dashed lines running left-right are lines of constant declination, just like latitudes on a map of the earth. If you see a thick horizontal line that extends through to the ends of the map, that represents the celestial equator. The celestial equator line has numbers marking hours of right ascension.

The text in all block capitals (dark green) are the name of the constellation. Many a time you may see the text crossing a constellation boundary line – the **name always refers to the constellation to the right side** of the name.

• A DSS image is provided to give you a rough idea of what the object looks like. The appearance through your equipment, of course, could be drastically different depending on its capabilities! The DSS Image is an actual photo of the object taken with a fairly large, professional astronomical telescope. It is usually good to get a rough idea of what features may be visible and what may not be. Of course, it takes practice to realize which features in a DSS image you may actually expect to see through your telescope!

This content is protected by Copyrights. See the Legal chapter of this document for details. 4

The dimensions of the region of the sky in the image (in arcminutes) are specified below the image (eg: $30' \times 15'$). The first dimension is the width.

Most of the time, blue POSS2/UKSTU DSS images are used. Red DSS images are used when the blue plates are unavailable. Blue plates will usually provide a better estimate of the observability of objects than red plates, as the eye is more sensitive to blue when in night-vision mode ("scotopic" vision). However, it should be borne in mind that DSS images are not really calibrated. The letters 'B', 'R' and 'I' in the caption of the DSS image, alongside the dimensions, indicate that the image is blue, red and infrared (respectively).

In the DSS images, north is upwards, as with the map.

• The Observation Log is where you log your own observations. Fill out the details as per your wishes. If you are using this logbook to earn a certification from some organization, please look up the organization's guidelines for logging. Sometimes, the log form may indicate fields that are required by the certifying organization – but please double check the organization's guidelines to be sure.

2.2 Using the form

2.2.1 Wide-field Charts

To use these forms, you will need to have wide-field star charts showing the constellations handy. Preferably the chart should have RA and Declination markings.

If you do not have a star atlases, you may purchase several commercially available star atlases, or print out the Free Mag 7 Star Atlas hosted at http://www.cloudynights.com/item.php?item_id=1052.

You could also use the wide-field star charts for the month, generated by this website: http://skymaps.com/.

Note that some of the wide-field star charts are designed to be held above your head and used – the cardinal points on the map may align up correctly only if you hold them above your head.

You may alternately also use computer software to obtain wide-field views. There are several free, opensource options, the most recommended for this purpose being Stellarium. Stellarium may be obtained for a variety of operating systems at http://www.stellarium.org. Other recommended options include KStars - http://edu.kde.org/kstars and SkyChart - http://www.ap-i.net/skychart/start, which also run on a variety of operating systems.

2.2.2 Visibility of Objects

To check if an object is visible at your latitude, you could find the lowest declination you can see by the formula

Lowest Observable Declination =
$$90^{\circ}$$
 – Observation Latitude. (2.1)

Substitute your latitude without the sign, irrespective of whether it is northern or southern. In the southern hemisphere, you'll get the lowest northern declination visible. In the northern hemisphere, you'll get the lowest southern declination visible.

If the object is in the opposite hemisphere to where you are observing, check that its declination is closer to zero than the Lowest Observable Declination you calculated above.

Often, you cannot observe objects that are too close to the horizon. The atmosphere itself limits your observations somewhat to about 5° above the horizon (this is a very ballpark figure). Light-pollution domes can make things worse. Just subtract the number of degrees you lose near the horizon from the Lowest Observable Declination you calculated, to make your estimate more practical. High altitudes can sometimes help lower the horizon, so observing from a high altitude could add a few degrees to the Lowest Observable Declination.

Objects that do not qualify the criterion you calculate above can never be seen from your latitude, unless you fly pretty high above the ground! So you can eliminate such objects from your observing list, or save them for a cross-continental trip to the other hemisphere (or a long trip to a more tropical region).

Other objects, while visible from your latitude, may not be visible at the given time of the year etc. The best way to determine whether an object is visible at a given time from a given latitude is to use astronomy software. That is why knowing constellations is very helpful – so you can quickly figure out if a certain object is visible by checking if the constellation in which it resides is visible. Wide-field star charts generated for a given night (you need one for the evening and one for the early morning next day) will be able to help you quickly check up on visible constellations, so you can plan your observation.

If you like rough estimates, you can make one by knowing the RA of the sun. Block off 1 hour after sunset and before sunrise. 1 hour of time (almost exactly) corresponds to 1 hour of RA so if the object's RA lies outside this twilight zone, you are likely to be able to observe it. This kind of an estimate does not work well at high latitudes, at times away from the equinoxes. The use of computer software is strongly recommended.

2.2.3 Locating the Constellations, finding a reference star

First, make sure you are aware of the cardinal directions around you.

In the northern hemisphere, an easy way to identify north is to look for the Big Dipper, a famous asterism of 7 stars, that is part of the constellation Ursa Major. If the Big Dipper is not visible, Cassiopeia is a good alternative. The constellation has the shape of an M, Σ , W or \mathbb{Z} depending on the orientation.

In the southern hemisphere, you may look for the Southern Cross (Crux) to identify south.

Once you have identified north / south, also identify east / west and find out if your wide-field chart is designed to be held above your head and used.

Use your wide-field star atlas to identify the constellation patterns in the sky. Remember that the constellation patterns differ across various sky maps.

Prominent patterns that are easy to identify are the Great Square of Pegasus, Cassiopeia, Orion, the head of Taurus the bull, Auriga, the Southern Cross, the Big Dipper, Corvus, Scorpius, the Teapot in Sagittarius. Use these as landmarks to find your way around the sky.

Identify a bright star (the bigger the circles, the brighter the stars they represent), which we will refer to as the *reference star*, within the finder chart embedded in the log. Locate the star in your wide-field charts, and thereby locate it on the sky.

2.2.4 Finding the object

Once you have located the reference star, recalling that the sky maps have north on the top, orient the book correctly to map what you see in the sky with the sky chart in the logbook.

Then, a variety of options are at your disposal. One is to try to find the location of the object in the sky precisely, by using a bunch of stars, and point the telescope / binoculars to that location. For example, if you see on the chart that the object is exactly between two stars, you could just point your telescope exactly to that location on the sky, using the two stars for reference. Another technique is *star hopping* – work a route from the reference star to the object using various other stars as landmarks.

Many an internet resource can help explain these techniques better.

Finally, you may need to pan the telescope a bit, or move your binoculars around a bit to actually locate the object.

Remember that many telescopes and some finder scopes produce inverted or mirrored images. Some people often find it useful to identify unambiguous patterns that have directionality to them of stars and just position relatively. Others like to orient the map correctly, and then account for the reflection or inversion of their telescopes in their head. If you would rather have an erect field, there are erecting prisms available from many vendors for standard (1.25" and 2") telescope focusers.

If the object is rather faint, you may need to precisely zero in on it by using the star field around the object. To see the star field around the object, the easiest way is to use software. The DSS images may occasionally help you in this regard.

2.2.5 Observing the object

Averted vision, also known as *peripheral vision* is an important observing technique. Use internet resources to understand and master this technique.

Note that the magnitude is not a true indicator of the brightness of the object as seen with a telescope. A large object "A" with the same magnitude as a fainter object "B", will appear much fainter than "B" because the light is spread over a larger area.

In the description provided in the logging form, for some objects, you may notice a number of abbreviations specified. These constitute J L E Dreyer's description of the object, and these descriptions are very helpful to get a feel for what the object actually looks like. Note that J L E Dreyer had larger telescopes and was observing from dark skies when making these descriptions. However, the descriptions are more apt than magnitudes when determining how bright an object is. Many resources on the internet have explanations for the abbreviations used in Dreyer's descriptions. Here is one such resource: http://spider.seds.org/ngc/des.html.

List of Objects by Constellation

NOTE: Numbers in square brackets are page numbers	NGC 5005 [310] NGC 5033 [314] NGC 5195 [326]
Andromeda	Canis Major
NGC 891 [40]	NGC 2217 [110]
Aries NGC 772 [38]	Cassiopeia NGC 278 [28]
Bootes	Centaurus
NGC 5248 [328]	NGC 3557 [172] NGC 4945 [306] NGC 4976 [308]
Camelopardalis NGC 2403 [112] NGC 2655 [116]	NGC 5102 [322] NGC 5128 (Centaurus A) [324] NGC 5253 [330]
Cancer NGC 2775 [124] Canes Venatici	Cetus NGC 578 [32] NGC 584 [34] NGC 908 [42] NGC 936 [44]
NGC 4111 [222] NGC 4143 [224] NGC 4151 [226] NGC 4214 [230] NGC 4449 [256]	Columba NGC 1792 [106] NGC 1808 [108]

NGC 4490 (Cocoon Galaxy) [262]

NGC 4631 (Whale Galaxy) [286]

NGC 4618 [284]

Coma Berenices

NGC 4203 [228] NGC 4251 [234] NGC 4274 [236] NGC 4278 [238] NGC 4314 [240] NGC 4414 [246] NGC 4450 [258] NGC 4450 [258] NGC 4559 [272] NGC 4565 (Needle Galaxy) [274] NGC 4651 [292] NGC 4725 [300]

Dorado

NGC 1533 [88] NGC 1549 [94] NGC 1553 [96] NGC 1566 [100] NGC 1617 [102] NGC 1672 [104]

Draco

NGC 3147 [146] NGC 4589 [278] NGC 5907 [346]

Eridanus

NGC 1291 [52] NGC 1300 [54] NGC 1332 [58] NGC 1395 [72] NGC 1407 [80] NGC 1532 [86] NGC 1537 [90]

Fornax

NGC 1097 [48] NGC 1201 [50] NGC 1316 (Fornax A) [56] NGC 1344 [60] NGC 1350 [62] NGC 1365 [64] NGC 1379 [66] NGC 1380 [68] NGC 1387 [70] NGC 1398 [74] NGC 1399 [76] NGC 1404 [78]

Grus

NGC 7144 [358] NGC 7213 [360] NGC 7410 [366] NGC 7418 [368] NGC 7552 (Grus Quartet) [370]

Horologium

NGC 1433 [82] NGC 1512 [84]

Hydra

NGC 2784 [126] NGC 3585 [174] NGC 3621 [186] NGC 3923 [200] NGC 5061 [316] NGC 5101 [320]

Indus

NGC 7049 [356]

Leo

NGC 2903 [134] NGC 3193 (Hickson 44) [152] NGC 3377 [160] NGC 3384 [162] NGC 3412 [164] NGC 3489 [168] NGC 3521 [170] NGC 3593 [176] NGC 3607 [178] NGC 3608 [180] NGC 3640 [188] NGC 3810 [194]

9

Leo Minor

NGC 2859 [132] NGC 3245 [154]

Cloud) [30]

NGC 3344 [158]	Sextans
NGC 3486 [166]	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm NGC} \ 3166 \ [148] \\ {\rm NGC} \ 3169 \ [150] \end{array}$
Lynx	
NGC 2683 [120]	Telescopium
_	NGC 6868 [354]
Pavo	
NGC 6684 [350]	Tucana
NGC 6744 [352]	NGC 292 (Small Magellanic
Pegasus	Ursa Major
NGC 7217 [362]	Ulsa Majoi
NGC 7331 [364]	NGC 2681 [118]
NGC 7814 [372]	NGC 2768 [122]
	NGC 2787 [128]
	NGC 2841 [130]
Perseus	NGC 2950 [136]
NCC 1022 [46]	NGC 2976 [138] NGC 2985 [140]
NGC 1023 [46]	NGC 2983 [140] NGC 3077 [142]
	NGC 3079 [144]
Pyxis	NGC 3310 [156]
	NGC 3610 [182]
NGC 2613 [114]	NGC $3613 [184]$
	NGC 3665 [190]
Reticulum	NGC 3675 [192]
Reticulum	NGC 3893 [196] NGC 3898 [198]
NGC 1543 [92]	NGC 3938 [198] NGC 3938 [202]
NGC 1559 98	NGC 3941 [204]
	NGC 3945 [206]
	NGC 3953 208
Sculptor	NGC 3998 [210]
NGC 134 [24]	NGC 4026 [212]
NGC 253 (Sculptor Galaxy, Silver Dollar) [26]	NGC 4036 [216]
NGC 55 [22]	NGC 4051 [218] NGC 4088 [220]
NGC 613 [36]	NGC 4088 [220] NGC 4605 [282]
	NGC 5322 [332]
	0.0.00000000000000000000000000000000000

Serpens Caput

NGC 5921 [348]

Virgo

NGC 4030 [214] NGC 4216 [232] NGC 4365 [242] NGC 4371 [244] NGC 4429 [248] NGC 4435 (The Eyes, Markarian Chain) [250]

NGC 4438 (The Eyes, Markarian Chain) [252]
NGC 4442 [254]
NGC 4457 [260]
NGC 4517 [266]
NGC 4526 [268]
NGC 4536 [270]
NGC 4570 [276]
NGC 4596 [280]
NGC 4636 288
NGC 4643 290
NGC 4665 [294]
NGC 4666 [296]
NGC 4698 [298]
NGC 4753 [302]
NGC 4754 [304]
NGC 5018 [312]
NGC 5084 [318]
NGC 5363 [334]
NGC 5566 [336]
NGC 5701 [338]
NGC 5746 [340]
NGC 5813 [342]
NGC 5846 [344]

List of Objects by Type

NOTE: Numbers in square brackets are page numbers NGC 2403 [112]

	NGC 2013 [114]
	NGC 2655 [116]
	NGC 2681 [118]
Galaxy	NGC 2683 [120]
	NGC 2768 [122]
NGC 1023 [46]	NGC 2775 [124]
NGC 1097 [48]	NGC 2784 [126]
NGC 1201 [50]	NGC 2787 [128]
NGC 1291 [52]	NGC 278 [28]
NGC 1300 [54]	NGC 2841 [130]
NGC 1316 (Fornax A) [56]	NGC 2859 [132]
NGC 1332 [58]	NGC 2903 [134]
NGC 1344 [60]	NGC 292 (Small Magellanic Clou
NGC 134 [24]	NGC 2950 [136]
NGC 1350 [62]	NGC 2976 [138]
NGC 1365 [64]	NGC 2985 [140]
NGC 1379 [66]	NGC 3077 [142]
NGC 1380 [68]	NGC 3079 [144]
NGC 1387 [70]	NGC $3147 [146]$
NGC 1395 [72]	NGC $3166 [148]$
NGC 1398 [74]	NGC $3169 [150]$
NGC 1399 [76]	NGC 3193 (Hickson 44) [152]
NGC 1404 [78]	NGC 3245 [154]
NGC 1407 [80]	NGC 3310 [156]
NGC 1433 [82]	NGC 3344 [158]
NGC 1512 [84]	NGC 3377 [160]
NGC 1532 [86]	NGC 3384 [162]
NGC 1533 [88]	NGC 3412 [164]
NGC 1537 [90]	NGC 3486 [166]
NGC 1543 [92]	NGC 3489 [168]
NGC 1549 [94]	NGC 3521 [170]
NGC 1553 [96]	NGC 3557 [172]
NGC 1559 [98]	NGC 3585 [174]
NGC 1566 [100]	NGC 3593 [176]
NGC 1617 [102]	NGC 3607 [178]
NGC 1672 [104]	NGC 3608 [180]
NGC 1792 [106]	NGC 3610 [182]
NGC 1808 [108]	NGC 3613 [184]
NGC 2217 [110]	NGC 3621 [186]

NGC 253 (Sculptor Galaxy, Silver Dollar) [26] NGC 2613 [114] oud) [30]

NGC 3640 [188]	NGC 4666 [296]
NGC 3665 [190]	NGC 4698 [298]
NGC 3675 [192]	NGC 4725 [300]
NGC 3810 [194]	NGC 4753 302
NGC 3893 [196]	NGC 4754 304
NGC 3898 [198]	NGC 4945 [306]
NGC 3923 [200]	NGC 4976 [308]
NGC 3938 [202]	NGC 5005 [310]
NGC 3941 [204]	NGC 5018 [312]
NGC 3945 [206]	NGC 5033 [314]
NGC 3953 [208]	NGC 5061 [316]
NGC 3998 [210]	NGC 5084 [318]
NGC 4026 [212]	NGC 5101 [320]
NGC 4030 [214]	NGC 5102 [322]
NGC 4036 [216]	NGC 5128 (Centaurus A) $[324]$
NGC 4051 [218]	NGC 5195 [326]
NGC 4088 [220]	NGC 5248 [328]
NGC 4111 [222]	NGC 5253 [330]
NGC 4143 224	NGC 5322 [332]
NGC 4151 226	NGC 5363 334
NGC 4203 228	NGC 5566 [336]
NGC 4214 [230]	NGC 55 [22]
NGC 4216 [232]	NGC 5701 [338]
NGC 4251 [234]	NGC 5746 [340]
NGC 4274 [236]	NGC 578 [32]
NGC 4274 [236] NGC 4278 [238]	NGC 5813 [342]
NGC 4314 [240]	NGC 5846 [344]
NGC 4365 [242]	NGC 584 [34]
NGC 4371 [244]	NGC 5907 [346]
NGC 4414 [246]	NGC 5921 [348]
NGC 4429 [248]	NGC 613 [36]
NGC 4435 (The Eyes, Markarian Chain) [250]	NGC 6684 [350]
NGC 4438 (The Eyes, Markarian Chain) [252]	NGC 6744 [352]
NGC 4442 [254]	NGC $6868 [354]$
NGC 4449 [256]	NGC 7049 [356]
NGC 4450 [258]	NGC 7144 [358]
NGC 4457 [260]	NGC 7213 [360]
NGC 4490 (Cocoon Galaxy) [262]	NGC 7217 [362]
NGC 4494 [264]	NGC 7331 [364]
NGC 4517 266	NGC 7410 366
NGC 4526 268	NGC 7418 368
NGC 4536 [270]	NGC 7552 (Grus Quartet) [370]
NGC 4559 [272]	NGC 772 [38]
NGC 4565 (Needle Galaxy) $[274]$	NGC 7814 [372]
NGC 4570 [276]	NGC 891 [40]
NGC 4589 [278]	NGC 908 [42]
NGC 4589 [278] NGC 4596 [280]	
L 3	NGC 936 [44]
NGC 4605 [282]	
NGC 4618 [284]	
NGC 4631 (Whale Galaxy) [286]	
NGC 4636 [288]	
NGC 4643 [290]	
NGC 4651 [292]	
NGC 4665 [294]	

List of Common Names

The following table is ordered alphabetically by common name.

Common Name	Catalog Designation	Page
Centaurus A	NGC 5128	324
Cocoon Galaxy	NGC 4490	262
Fornax A	NGC 1316	56
Grus Quartet	NGC 7552	370
Hickson 44	NGC 3193	152
Needle Galaxy	NGC 4565	274
Sculptor Galaxy, Silver Dollar	NGC 253	26
Small Magellanic Cloud	NGC 292	30
The Eyes, Markarian Chain	NGC 4435	250
The Eyes, Markarian Chain	NGC 4438	252
Whale Galaxy	NGC 4631	286

Table 5.1:	Objects	by	common	name
------------	---------	----	--------	------

. NO.	Sl. No. Object	Type	Constellation	Mag.	Size	Page	Page Obs. Date Second Obs.	Second Ob
	NGC 55	Galaxy	Sculptor	7.9	31.2' imes 5.9'	22		
2	NGC 134	Galaxy	Sculptor	10	8.4' imes 1.8'	24		
с,	NGC 253 (Sculptor Galaxy, Silver Dollar)	Galaxy	Sculptor	7.2	$29' \times 6.8'$	26		
4	NGC 278	Galaxy	Cassiopeia	11	2.1' imes 2'	28		
5	NGC 292 (Small Magellanic Cloud)	Galaxy	Tucana	2.3	$319.1' \times 205.1'$	30		
9	NGC 578	Galaxy	Cetus	11	$4.8' \times 3'$	32		
7	NGC 584	Galaxy	Cetus	10	$4.1' \times 2'$	34		
×	NGC 613	Galaxy	Sculptor	10	5.5' imes 4.2'	36		
6	NGC 772	Galaxy	Aries	10	7.2' imes 4.3'	38		
10	NGC 891	Galaxy		9.9	11.7' imes 1.6'	40		
11	NGC 908	Galaxy	Cetus	10	6.1' imes 2.7'	42		
12	NGC 936	Galaxy		10	4.7' imes 4.1'	44		
13	NGC 1023	Galaxy	Perseus	9.4	7.4' imes 2.5'	46		
14	NGC 1097	Galaxy	Fornax	9.5	9.4' imes 6.6'	48		
15	NGC 1201	Galaxy	Fornax	11	3.6' imes 2.1'	50		
16	NGC 1291	Galaxy	Eridanus	8.5	$11' \times 9.5'$	52		
17	NGC 1300	Galaxy	Eridanus	10	6.2' imes 4.1'	54		

Use this checklist to look up page numbers, to look up essential information, and to make entries of the dates of your first and subsequent observations.

9

Checklist of Objects

51. NO.	Ubject	Type	Constellation	Mag.	Size	Page	Obs. Date	Second Obs.
18	NGC 1316 (Fornax A)	Galaxy	Fornax	8.5	11' imes 7.2'	56		
19	NGC 1332	Galaxy	Eridanus	10	4.5' imes 1.4'	58		
20	NGC 1344	Galaxy	Fornax	10	4.8' imes 3.1'	09		
21	NGC 1350	Galaxy	Fornax	10	5.9' imes 3.1'	62		
22	NGC 1365	Galaxy	Fornax	9.6	$11' \times 6.2'$	64		
23	NGC 1379	Galaxy	Fornax	11	2.4' imes 2.3'	66		
24	NGC 1380	Galaxy	Fornax	9.9	$4' \times 2.4'$	68		
25	NGC 1387	Galaxy	Fornax	11	2.8' imes 2.6'	20		
26	NGC 1395	Galaxy	Eridanus	9.6	5' imes 4.5'	72		
27	NGC 1398	Galaxy	Fornax	9.7	7.2' imes 5.2'	74		
28	NGC 1399	Galaxy	Fornax	9.6	6.9' imes 6.5'	26		
29	NGC 1404	Galaxy	Fornax	10	3.3' imes 3'	78		
30	NGC 1407	Galaxy	Eridanus	9.7	$4.6' \times 4.3'$	80		
31	NGC 1433	Galaxy	Horologium	9.9	6.5' imes 5.9'	82		
32	NGC 1512	Galaxy	Horologium	10	8.9' imes 5.6'	84		
33	NGC 1532	Galaxy	Eridanus	9.9	11.6' imes 3.4'	86		
34	NGC 1533	Galaxy	Dorado	11	2.8' imes 2.3'	88		
35	NGC 1537	Galaxy	Eridanus	11	3.9' imes 2.6'	90		
36	NGC 1543	Galaxy	Reticulum	10	3.8' imes 2.8'	92		
37	NGC 1549	Galaxy	Dorado	9.8	$4.9' \times 4.1'$	94		
38	NGC 1553	Galaxy	Dorado	9.4	4.5' imes 2.8'	96		
39	NGC 1559	Galaxy	Reticulum	11	3.5' imes 2'	98		
40	NGC 1566	Galaxy	Dorado	9.7	8.2' imes 6.5'	100		
41	NGC 1617	Galaxy	Dorado	10	4.3' imes 2.1'	102		
42	NGC 1672	Galaxy	Dorado	9.7		104		
43	NGC 1792	Galaxy	$\operatorname{Columba}$	10	5.2' imes 2.6'	106		
44	NGC 1808	Galaxy	Columba	9.9	6.5' imes 3.9'	108		
45	NGC 2217	Galaxy	Canis Major	11	$4.7' \times 4.3'$	110		
46	NGC 2403	Galaxy	Camelopardalis	8.5	$23.4' \times 11.8'$	112		
47		Galaxy	Pyxis	10	6.5' imes 1.4'	114		
48	NGC 2655	Galaxy	Camelopardalis	10	$4.9' \times 4.1'$	116		
49	NGC 2681	Galaxy	Ursa Major	10	3.6' imes 3.3'	118		
50	NGC 2683	Galaxy	Lynx	9.8	X	120		
51	NGC 2768	Galaxy	Ursa Major	9.9	6.4' imes 3'	122		
52	NGC 2775	Galaxy	Cancer	10	4.3' imes 3.3'	124		

.UVI .IU	Object	Type	Constellation	Mag.	Size	Page ()bs. Date	Ubs. Date Second Ubs.
53	NGC 2784	Galaxy	Hydra	10	5.5' imes 2.2'	126		
54	NGC 2787	Galaxy	Ursa Major	11	3.1' imes 1.8'	128		
55	NGC 2841	Galaxy	Ursa Major	9.2	8.1' imes 3.5'	130		
56	NGC 2859	Galaxy	Leo Minor	11	$4.6' \times 4.1'$	132		
57	NGC 2903	Galaxy	Leo	6	12.6' imes 6'	134		
58	NGC 2950	Galaxy	Ursa Major	11	2.7' imes 1.8'	136		
59	NGC 2976	Galaxy	Ursa Major	10	5.9' imes 2.7'	138		
00	NGC 2985	Galaxy	Ursa Major	10	4.6' imes 3.4'	140		
61	NGC 3077	Galaxy	Ursa Major	9.9	5.2' imes 4.7'	142		
62	NGC 3079	Galaxy	Ursa Major	11	8.1' imes 1.3'	144		
63	NGC 3147	Galaxy	Draco	11	3.9' imes 3.5'	146		
64	NGC 3166	Galaxy	Sextans	10	$4.8' \times 2.3'$	148		
65	NGC 3169	Galaxy	Sextans	10	$4.2' \times 2.9'$	150		
66	NGC 3193 (Hickson 44)	Galaxy	Leo	11	2' imes 2'	152		
67	NGC 3245	Galaxy	Leo Minor	11	3.2' imes 1.8'	154		
68	NGC 3310	Galaxy	Ursa Major	11	3.1' imes 2.4'	156		
69	NGC 3344	Galaxy	Leo Minor	9.9	7.1' imes 6.5'	158		
02	NGC 3377	Galaxy	Leo	10	5' imes 3'	160		
71	NGC 3384	Galaxy	Leo	9.9	5.4' imes 2.7'	162		
72	NGC 3412	Galaxy	Leo	10	3.7' imes 2.2'	164		
73	NGC 3486	Galaxy	Leo Minor	10	7.1' imes 5.2'	166		
74	NGC 3489	Galaxy	Leo	10	$3.6' \times 2.2'$	168		
75	NGC 3521	Galaxy	Leo	6	11.2' imes 5.4'	170		
26	NGC 3557	Galaxy	Centaurus	10	$4' \times 3'$	172		
77	NGC 3585	Galaxy	Hydra	9.9	$4.6' \times 2.5'$	174		
78	NGC 3593	Galaxy	Leo	11	5.2' imes 1.9'	176		
79	NGC 3607	Galaxy	Leo	9.9	$4.6' \times 4'$	178		
80	NGC 3608	Galaxy	Leo	11	$3.2' \times 2.6'$	180		
81	NGC 3610	Galaxy	Ursa Major	11	2.7' imes 2.3'	182		
82	NGC 3613	Galaxy	Ursa Major	11	3.9' imes 1.9'	184		
83	NGC 3621	Galaxy	Hydra	9.7	12.3' imes 6.8'	186		
84	NGC 3640	Galaxy	Leo	10	$4' \times 3.2'$	188		
85	NGC 3665	Galaxy	Ursa Major	11	$4.3' \times 3.3'$	190		
86	NGC 3675	Galaxy	Ursa Major	10	5.9' imes 3.1'	192		
87	NGC 3810	Galaxy	Leo	11	$4.3' \times 3'$	194		

ONI TO	Ubject	Type	Constellation	Mag.	Size	Page	Obs. Date	Obs. Date Second Obs.
88	NGC 3893	Galaxy	Ursa Major	10	4.5' imes 2.8'	196		
89	NGC 3898	Galaxy	Ursa Major	11	$4.4' \times 2.6'$	198		
06	NGC 3923	Galaxy	Hydra	9.8	5.9' imes 3.9'	200		
91	NGC 3938	Galaxy	Ursa Major	10	× 4	202		
92	NGC 3941	Galaxy	Ursa Major	10	\times	204		
93	NGC 3945	Galaxy	Ursa Major	11	5.2' imes 3.5'	206		
94	NGC 3953	Galaxy	Ursa Major	10	×	208		
95	NGC 3998	Galaxy	Ursa Major	11	2.7' imes 2.3'	210		
96	NGC 4026	Galaxy	Ursa Major	11	5.2' imes 1.3'	212		
97	NGC 4030	Galaxy	Virgo	11	Х	214		
98	NGC 4036	Galaxy	Ursa Major	11		216		
66	NGC 4051	Galaxy	Ursa Major	10	5.2' imes 3.9'	218		
100	NGC 4088	Galaxy	Ursa Major	11	5.6' imes 2.1'	220		
101	NGC 4111	Galaxy	Canes Venatici	11	$4.6' \times 1'$	222		
102	NGC 4143	Galaxy	Canes Venatici	11	2.3' imes 1.4'	224		
103	NGC 4151	Galaxy	Canes Venatici	11	6.3' imes 4.5'	226		
104	NGC 4203	Galaxy	Coma Berenices	11	3.5' imes 3.2'	228		
105	NGC 4214	Galaxy	Canes Venatici	9.8	8' imes 6.6'	230		
106	NGC 4216	Galaxy	Virgo	10	8.1' imes 1.8'	232		
107	NGC 4251	Galaxy	Coma Berenices	11	3.6' imes 1.5'	234		
108	NGC 4274	Galaxy	Coma Berenices	10	6.8' imes 2.4'	236		
109	NGC 4278	Galaxy	Coma Berenices	10	3.8' imes 3.8'	238		
110	NGC 4314	Galaxy	Coma Berenices	11	4.2' imes 3.7'	240		
111	NGC 4365	Galaxy	Virgo	9.6	6.9' imes 5'	242		
112	NGC 4371	Galaxy	Virgo	11	$4' \times 2.3'$	244		
113	NGC 4414	Galaxy	Coma Berenices	10	Х	246		
114	NGC 4429	Galaxy	Virgo	10	5.8' imes 2.8'	248		
115	NGC 4435 (The Eyes, Markarian Chain)	Galaxy	Virgo	11	$3' \times 2.2'$	250		
116	NGC 4438 (The Eyes, Markarian Chain)	Galaxy	Virgo	10	8.5' imes 3'	252		
117	NGC 4442	Galaxy	Virgo	10		254		
118	NGC 4449	Galaxy	Canes Venatici	9.6	6.2' imes 4.4'	256		
119	NGC 4450	Galaxy	Coma Berenices	10	5.4' imes 4.1'	258		
120	NGC 4457	Galaxy	Virgo	11	\times	260		
121	NGC 4490 (Cocoon Galaxy)	Galaxy	Canes Venatici	9.8	6.4' imes 3.2'	262		
122	NGC 4494	Galaxy	Coma Berenices	9.8	4.8' imes 3.5'	264		

6. CHECKLIST OF OBJECTS

NI. 110.	Ubject	Type	Constellation	Mag.	Size	Page C)bs. Date	Obs. Date Second Obs.
123	NGC 4517	Galaxy	Virgo	10	10.5' imes 1.5'	266		
124	NGC 4526	Galaxy	Virgo	9.3	7' imes 2.5'	268		
125	NGC 4536	Galaxy	Virgo	11	7.6' imes 3.2'	270		
126	NGC 4559	Galaxy	Coma Berenices	10	10.7' imes 4.4'	272		
127	NGC 4565 (Needle Galaxy)	Galaxy	Coma Berenices	9.6	15.8' imes 2.1'	274		
128	NGC 4570	Galaxy	Virgo	11	3.7' imes 1.2'	276		
129	NGC 4589	Galaxy	Draco	11	3.4' imes 2.8'	278		
130	NGC 4596	Galaxy	Virgo	10	$4' \times 3'$	280		
131	NGC 4605	Galaxy	Ursa Major	10	5.9' imes 2.4'	282		
132	NGC 4618	Galaxy	Canes Venatici	11	4.2' imes 3.4'	284		
133	NGC 4631 (Whale Galaxy)	Galaxy	Canes Venatici	9.2	15.2' imes 2.8'	286		
134	NGC 4636	Galaxy	Virgo	9.5	5.9' imes 4.6'	288		
135	NGC 4643	Galaxy	Virgo	11	3.1' imes 2.5'	290		
136	NGC 4651	Galaxy	Coma Berenices	11	$4' \times 2.7'$	292		
137	NGC 4665	Galaxy	Virgo	10	3.5' imes 3.5'	294		
138	NGC 4666	Galaxy	Virgo	11	4.5' imes 1.4'	296		
139	NGC 4698	Galaxy	Virgo	11	$4' \times 2.5'$	298		
140	NGC 4725	Galaxy	Coma Berenices	9.4	10.7' imes 7.6'	300		
141	NGC 4753	Galaxy	Virgo	10	6' imes 2.8'	302		
142	NGC 4754	Galaxy	Virgo	11	4.4' imes 2.4'	304		
143	NGC 4945	Galaxy	Centaurus	8.4	$19.8' \times 4'$	306		
144	NGC 4976	Galaxy	Centaurus	10	5.6' imes 3'	308		
145	NGC 5005	Galaxy	Canes Venatici	9.8	5.8' imes 2.9'	310		
146	NGC 5018	Galaxy	Virgo	11	3.4' imes 2.6'	312		
147	NGC 5033	Galaxy	Canes Venatici	10	10.7' imes 5'	314		
148		Galaxy	Hydra	10	3.5' imes 3'	316		
149		Galaxy	Virgo	10	9.3' imes 1.7'	318		
150		Galaxy	Hydra	11	5.4' imes 4.6'	320		
151		Galaxy	Centaurus	9.6	8.6' imes 2.7'	322		
152	NGC 5128 (Centaurus A)	Galaxy	Centaurus	6.8	25.7' imes 20'	324		
153	NGC 5195	Galaxy	Canes Venatici	9.6	5.9' imes 4.6'	326		
154	NGC 5248	Galaxy	Bootes	10	6.2' imes 4.5'	328		
155	NGC 5253	Galaxy	Centaurus	10	5' imes 1.9'	330		
156	NGC 5322	Galaxy	Ursa Major	10	6' imes 4.1'	332		
157	NGC 5363	Galaxy	Virgo	10	4.1' imes 2.6'	334		

6. CHECKLIST OF OBJECTS

Sl. No.	Sl. No. Object	Type	Constellation	Mag.	Size	Page	Obs. Date	Page Obs. Date Second Obs.
158	NGC 5566	Galaxy	Virgo	11	6.6' imes 2.3'	336		
	NGC 5701	Galaxy	Virgo	11	4.3' imes 4.1'	338		
	NGC 5746	Galaxy	Virgo	10	7.4' imes 1.3'	340		
	NGC 5813	Galaxy	Virgo	10	$4' \times 2.8'$	342		
	NGC 5846	Galaxy		10	4' imes 3.7'	344		
163	NGC 5907	Galaxy	Draco	10	12.6' imes 1.4'	346		
	NGC 5921	Galaxy		11	$4.8' \times 4'$	348		
	NGC 6684	Galaxy	Pavo	10	$4.6' \times 2.9'$	350		
	NGC 6744	Galaxy		8.5	$20.1' \times 12.9'$	352		
	NGC 6868	Galaxy	Telescopium	11	3.6' imes 2.8'	354		
	NGC 7049	Galaxy	Indus	11	$4.5' \times 3'$	356		
	NGC 7144	Galaxy	Grus	11	3.7' imes 3.6'	358		
	NGC 7213	Galaxy		10	3.1' imes 2.8'	360		
	NGC 7217	Galaxy	$\operatorname{Pegasus}$	10	$4' \times 3.4'$	362		
	NGC 7331	Galaxy		9.5	10.2' imes 4.2'	364		
	NGC 7410	Galaxy	Grus	10	5.2' imes 1.6'	366		
	NGC 7418	Galaxy	Grus	11	3.5' imes 2.6'	368		
	NGC 7552 (Grus Quartet)	Galaxy	Grus	11	3.4' imes 2.7'	370		
	NGC 7814	Galaxy	$\operatorname{Pegasus}$	11	5.5' imes 2.3'	372		

Logging Forms

This section contains the actual logging forms.

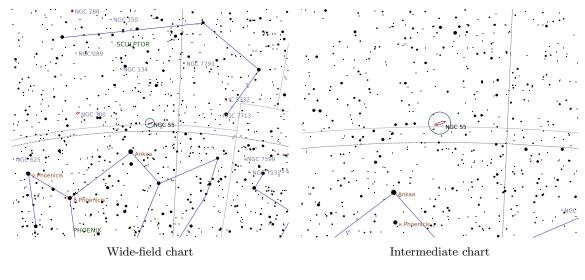
Note that the page numbers for each chart are listed in the Checklist section.

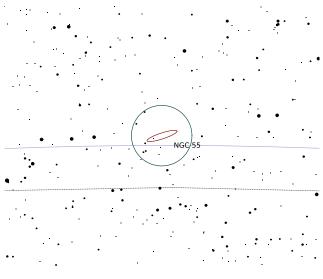
NGC 55

Galaxy in Sculptor

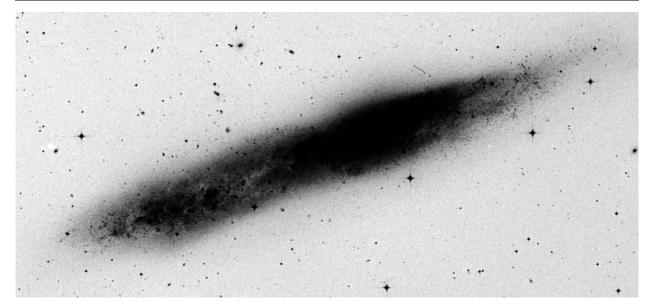
Right Ascension (current)		Declination (current)	$-39^{\circ}08'55''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$00^{\rm h}15^{\rm m}08^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-39^{\circ} 13' 10''$
Size	$31.2' \times 5.9'$	Position Angle	-18°
Magnitude	7.9	Other Designation	_

Description: Dreyer: vB;vL;vmE;triN SAC: Sculptor Galaxy Group

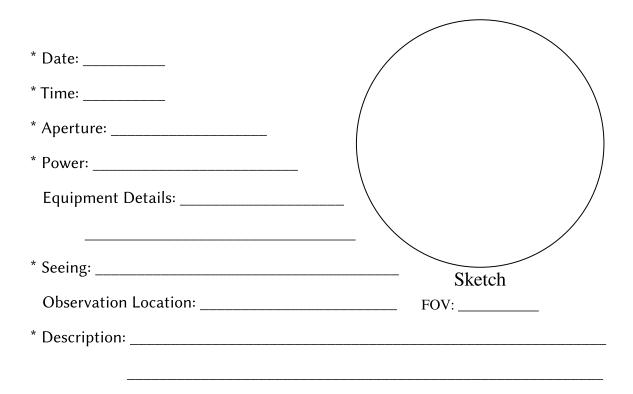




Zoomed-in chart



DSS Image $(15.0' \times 32.8')$

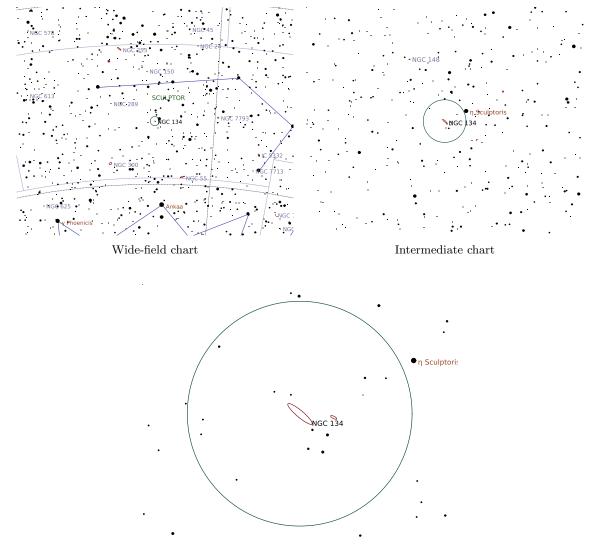


NGC 134

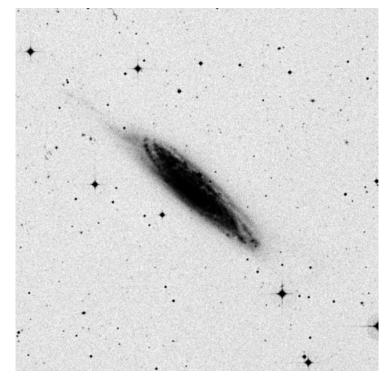
Galaxy in Sculptor

Right Ascension (current)	$00^{\rm h}30^{\rm m}59^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$-33^{\circ}10'29''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$00^{\rm h}30^{\rm m}21^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-33^{\circ} 14' 42''$
Size	$8.4' \times 1.8'$	Position Angle	40°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	_

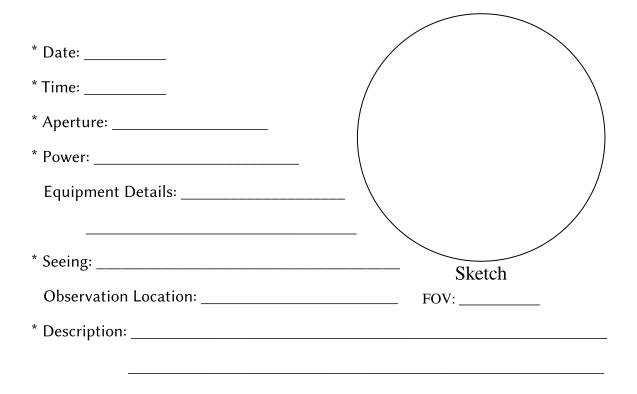
Description: Dreyer: vB;L;vmE 47 degrees;psbM;f of 2;*10 np 45'' SAC: Nearly edge-on



Zoomed-in chart



DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

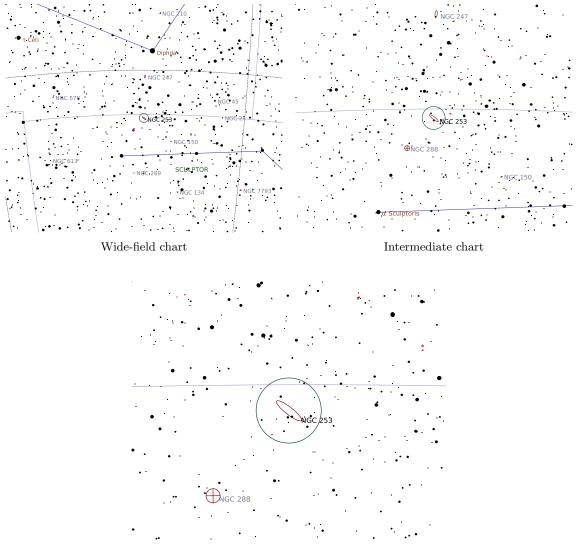


NGC 253 (Sculptor Galaxy, Silver Dollar)

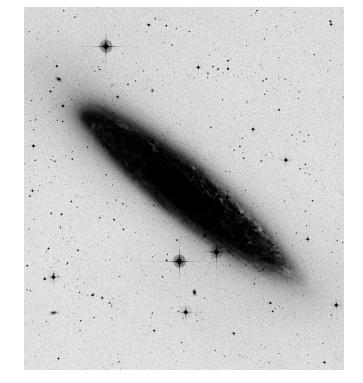
Galaxy in Sculptor

Right Ascension (current)		Declination (current)	$-25^{\circ}13'05''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$00^{\rm h}47^{\rm m}33^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-25^{\circ}17'15''$
Size	$29' \times 6.8'$	Position Angle	38°
Magnitude	7.2	Other Designation	—

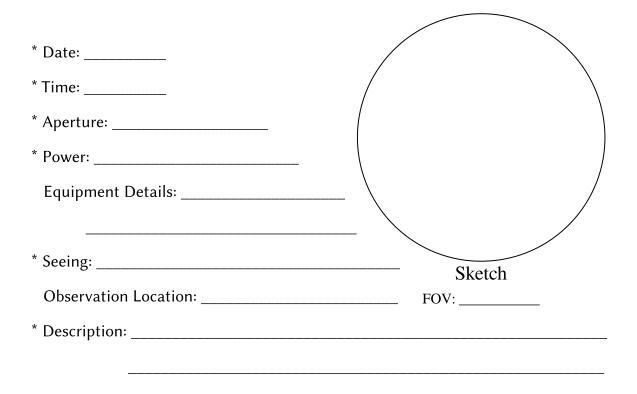
Description: Dreyer: !!vvB;vvL;vmE 54 degrees;gbM SAC: H V 1;Sandage-arms are more defined by dust than AASlogo.eps AASlogo-eps-converted-to.pdf Acknowledgements.te



Zoomed-in chart



DSS Image $(28.2' \times 32.0')$

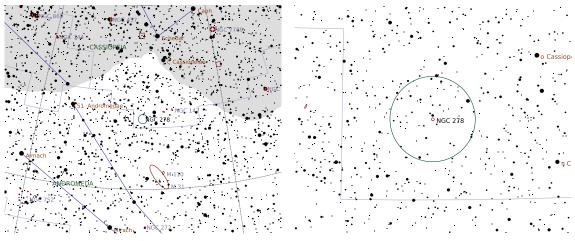


α 1	•	α	•	•
Galaxy	1n	Cass	SIOT	Deta_
Guiany	TTT	Cubr	TOF	1010

Right Ascension (current)	$00^{\rm h}52^{\rm m}48^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$47^{\circ} 37' 30''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$00^{\rm h}52^{\rm m}04^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$47^{\circ} 33' 03''$
Size	$2.1' \times 2'$	Position Angle	78°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	—

Description: Dreyer: cB;pL;R;2 st 10 nr

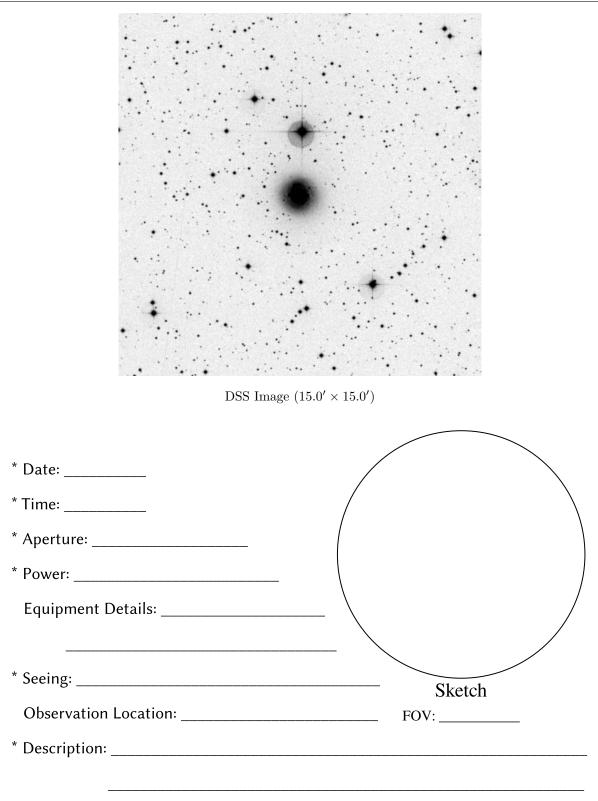
 $\mathbf{SAC:}\ \text{H I}$ 159;Lg B nucl;sev knotty massive arms;B part sharp edge;UGC 528



Wide-field chart

Intermediate chart





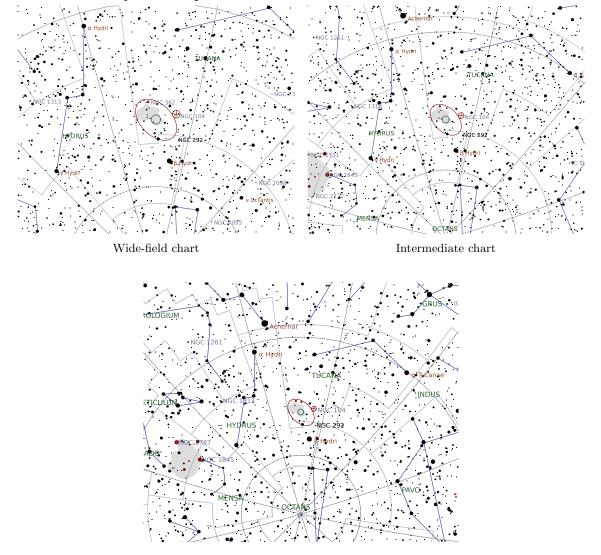
NGC 292 (Small Magellanic Cloud)

Galaxy in Tucana

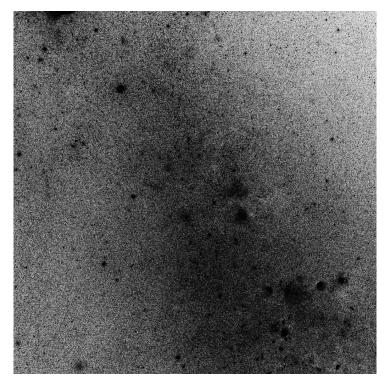
Right Ascension (current)	$00^{\rm h}53^{\rm m}04^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$-72^{\circ} 44' 30''$		X
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$00^{\rm h}52^{\rm m}40^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-72^{\circ} 48' 34''$		
Size	$319.1' \times 205.1'$	Position Angle	45°	6-6	
Magnitude	2.3	Other Designation	—		

Description: Dreyer: !!!vvB;eeL;iR;st 12...18

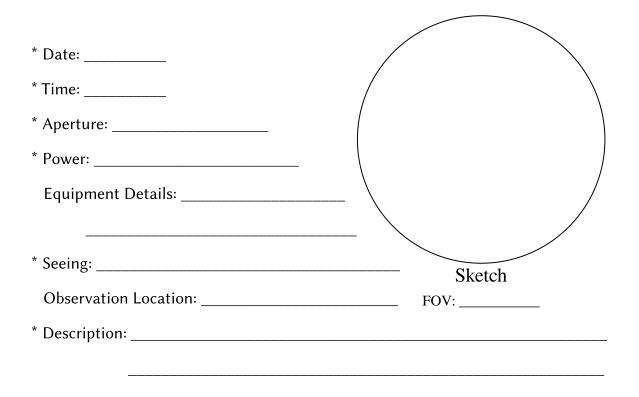
SAC: Memb Local Group;LMC 22 deg distant ___REPLACE_PIPE__NGC 524} \\



Zoomed-in chart



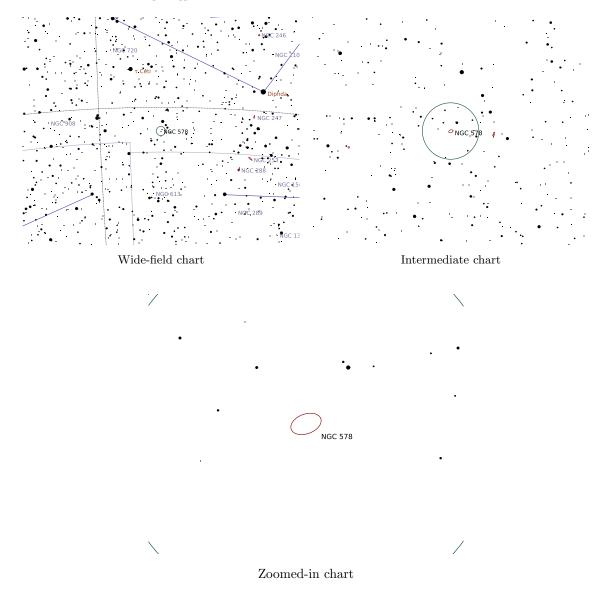
DSS Image $(75.0' \times 75.0')$

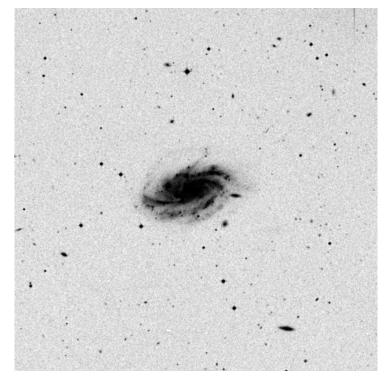


Galaxy	in	Cetus
--------	----	-------

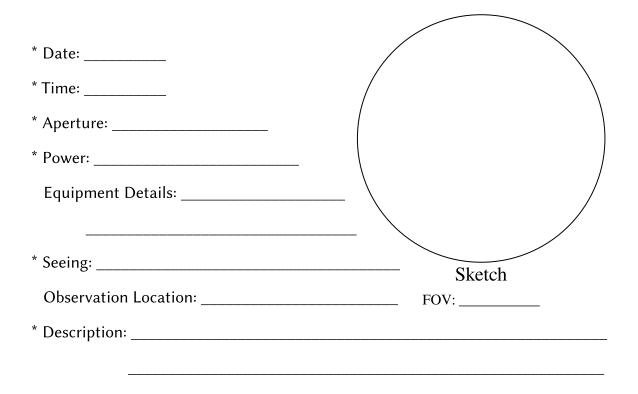
Right Ascension (current)	$01^{\rm h} 31^{\rm m} 05^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$-22^{\circ} 36' 06''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$01^{\rm h}30^{\rm m}28^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-22^{\circ} 40' 00''$
Size	$4.8' \times 3'$	Position Angle	-20°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	—

Description: Dreyer: B;L;pmE;gpmbM





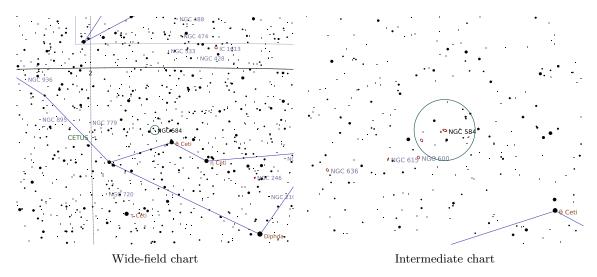
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$



Galaxy	in	Cetus
--------	----	-------

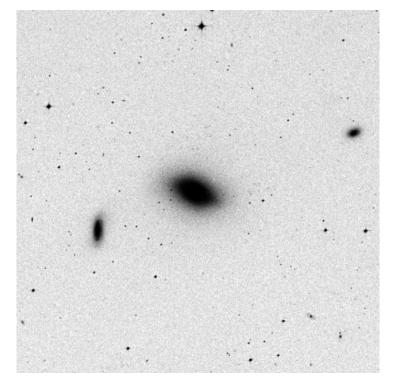
Right Ascension (current)		Declination (current)	$-6^{\circ} 48' 04''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$01^{\rm h} 31^{\rm m} 20^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-6^{\circ} 52' 02''$
Size	$4.1' \times 2'$	Position Angle	18°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	—

Description: Dreyer: vB;pL;R;mbM;p of 2

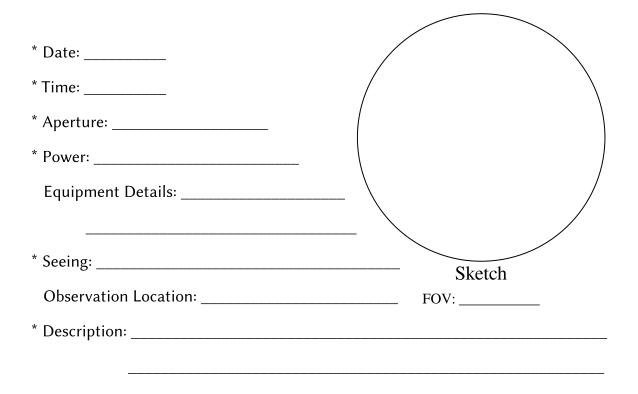




Zoomed-in chart



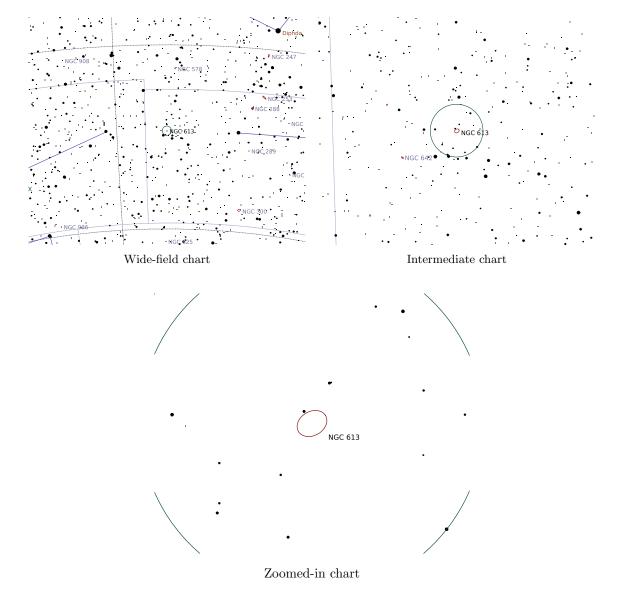
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

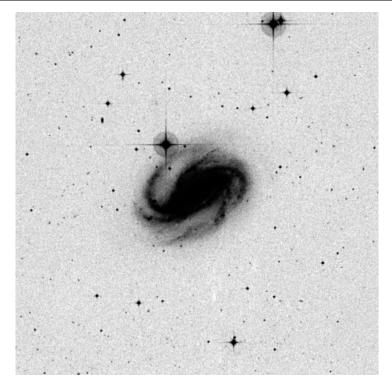


Galaxy in Sculptor

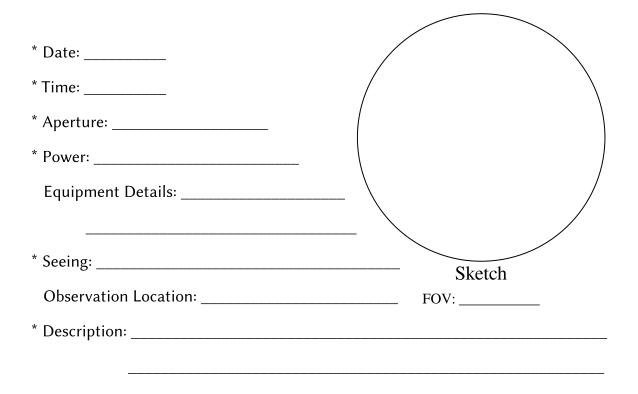
Right Ascension (current)	$01^{\rm h}34^{\rm m}54^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$-29^{\circ} 21' 16''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$01^{\rm h}34^{\rm m}18^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-29^{\circ} 25' 07''$
Size	$5.5' \times 4.2'$	Position Angle	-30°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: vB;vL;vmE118;sbM;* nf SAC: H I 281





DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

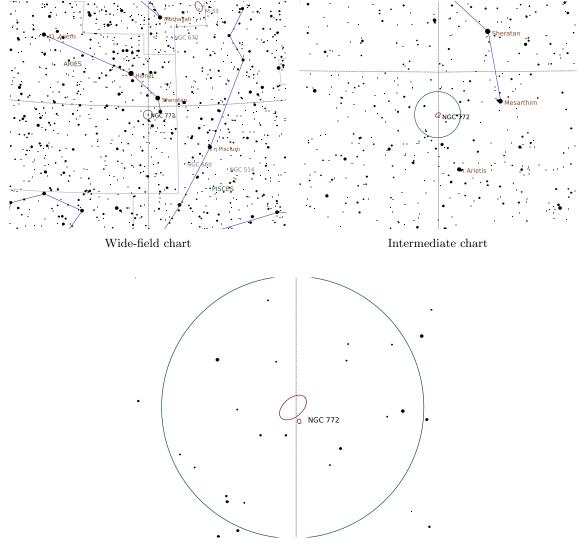


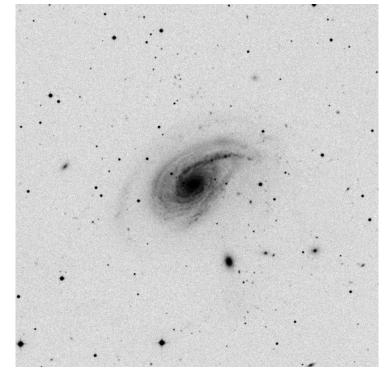
Galaxy	in	Aries

Right Ascension (current)	$02^{\rm h}00^{\rm m}03^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$19^{\circ}04'17''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$01^{\rm h}59^{\rm m}19^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$19^{\circ}00'27''$
Size	$7.2' \times 4.3'$	Position Angle	-40°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	_

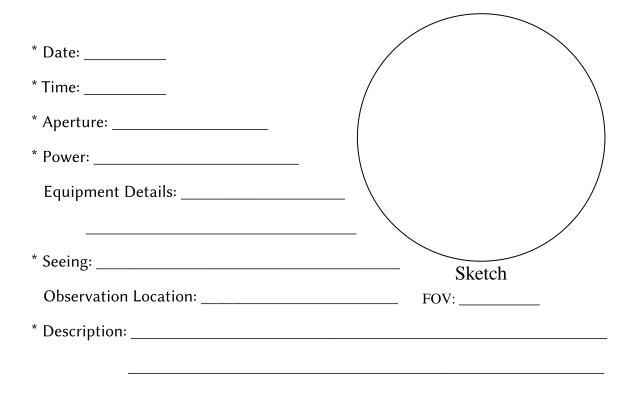
Description: Dreyer: B;cL;R;gbM;r

SAC: H I 112; Several tightly coiled arms br on NW side; UGC 1466





DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

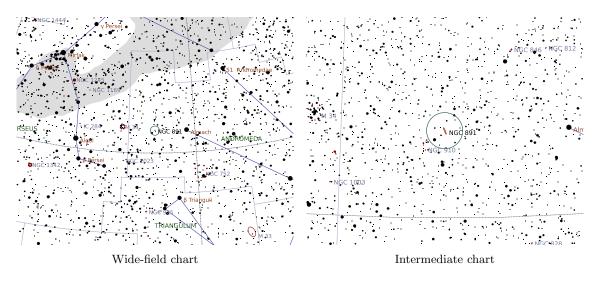


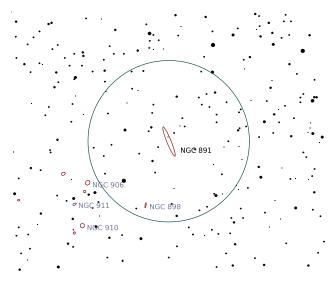
Galaxy in Andromeda

Right Ascension (current)	$02^{\rm h}23^{\rm m}23^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$42^{\circ} 24' 32''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$02^{\rm h} 22^{\rm m} 33^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$42^{\circ} 20' 50''$
Size	$11.7' \times 1.6'$	Position Angle	68°
Magnitude	9.9	Other Designation	_

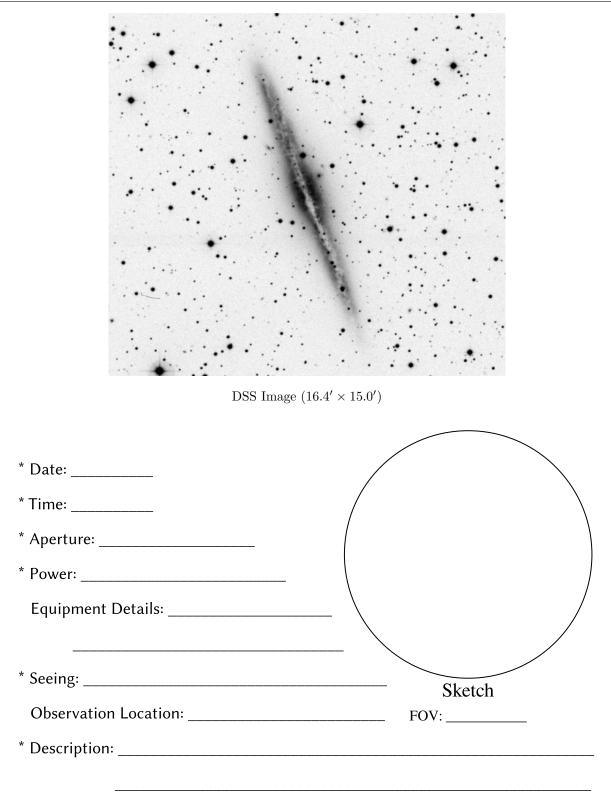
Description: Dreyer: B;vL;vmE22

 $\mathbf{SAC:}\ \texttt{H}\ \texttt{V}$ 19;NGC 1023 group;Lord Rosse drawing shows dark lane





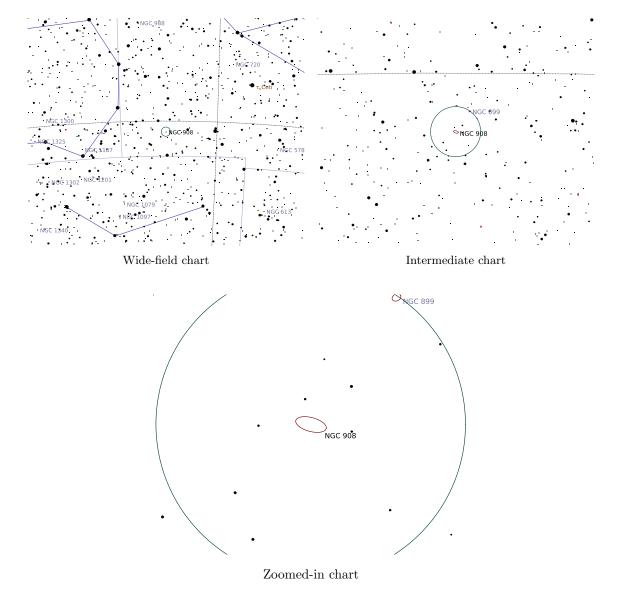
Zoomed-in chart

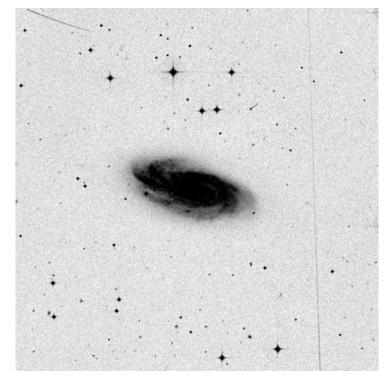


Galaxy	in	Cetus
--------	----	-------

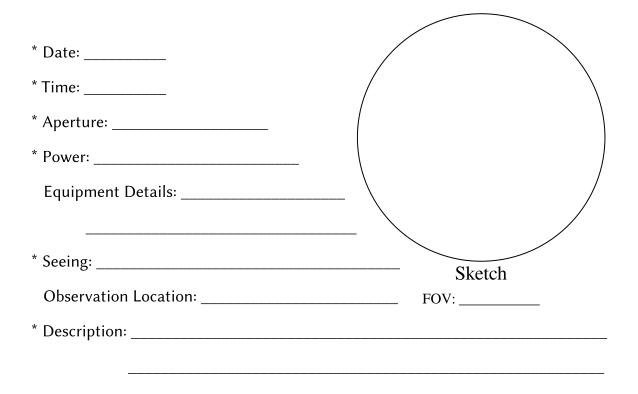
Right Ascension (current)	$02^{\rm h} 23^{\rm m} 40^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$-21^{\circ} 10' 37''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$02^{\rm h}23^{\rm m}04^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-21^{\circ} 14' 00''$
Size	$6.1' \times 2.7'$	Position Angle	15°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	_

Description: Dreyer: cB;vL;E SAC: H I 153





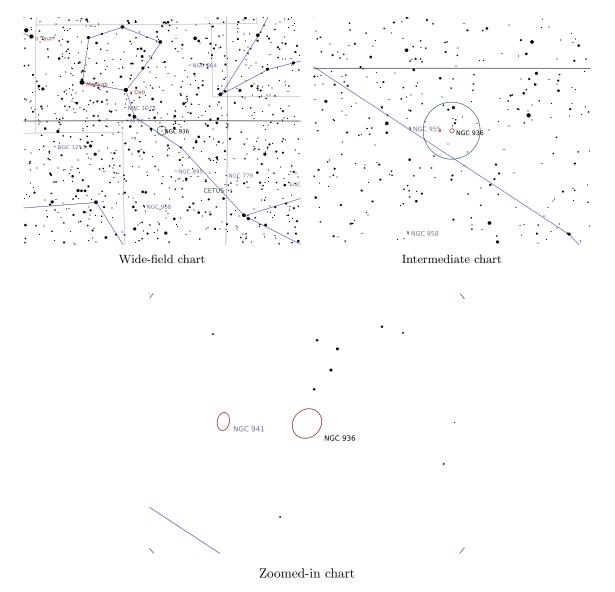
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

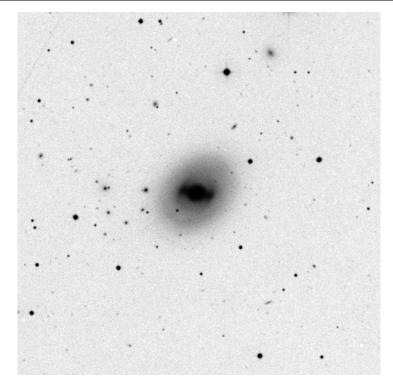


Galaxy	in	Cetus

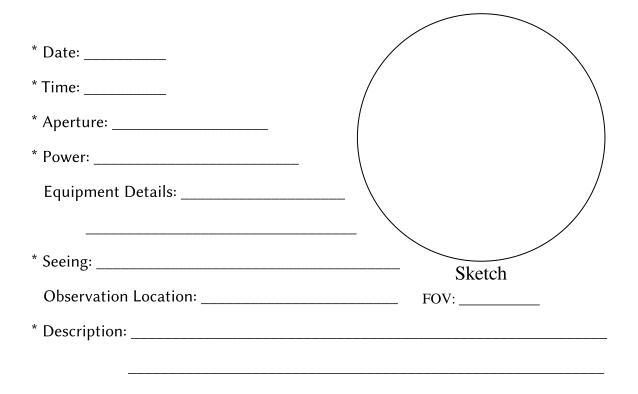
Right Ascension (current)		Declination (current)	$-1^{\circ} 05' 58''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$02^{\rm h}27^{\rm m}37^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-1^{\circ} 09' 23''$
Size	$4.7' \times 4.1'$	Position Angle	-45°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: vB;vL;R;mbMN;p of 2 SAC: H IV 23;Thick central bar;P w NGC 941 12' foll





DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

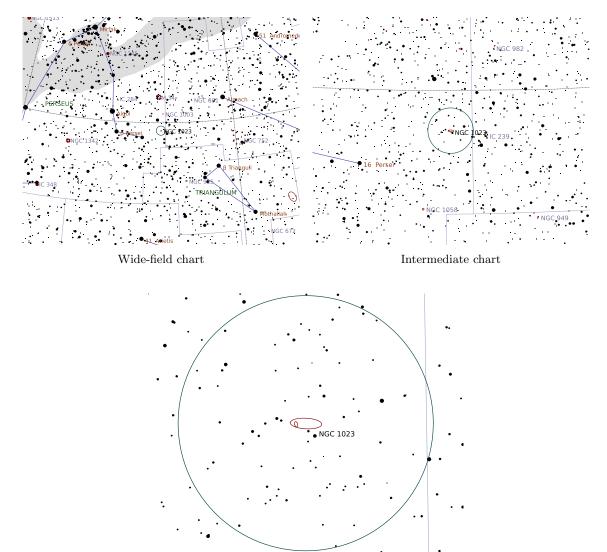


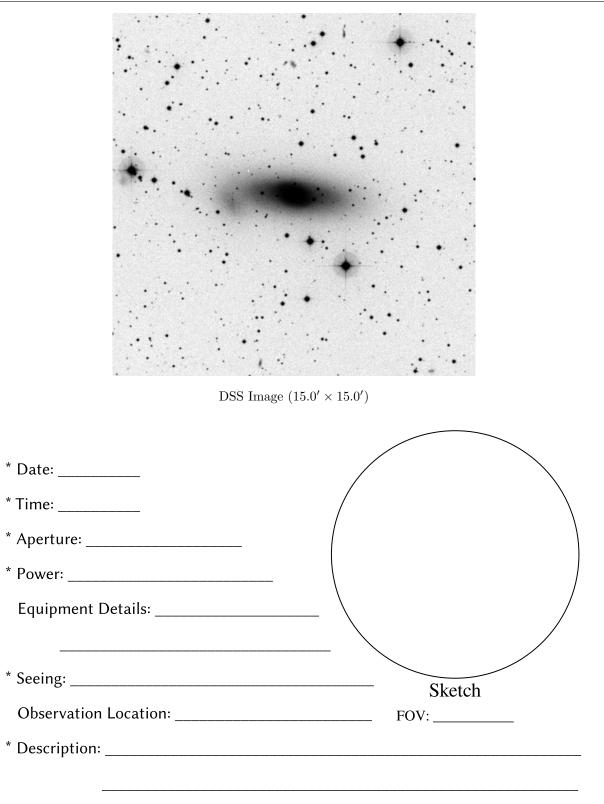
Galaxy i	n Perseus
----------	-----------

Right Ascension (current)	$02^{h} 41^{m} 14^{s}$	Declination (current)	$39^{\circ} 07' 16''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$02^{\rm h} 40^{\rm m} 24^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$39^{\circ}03'48''$
Size	$7.4' \times 2.5'$	Position Angle	3°
Magnitude	9.4	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: vB;vL;vmE;vvmbM

SAC: H I 156; brtst in grp; more neb 10' E; lens shp F tuft on E tip

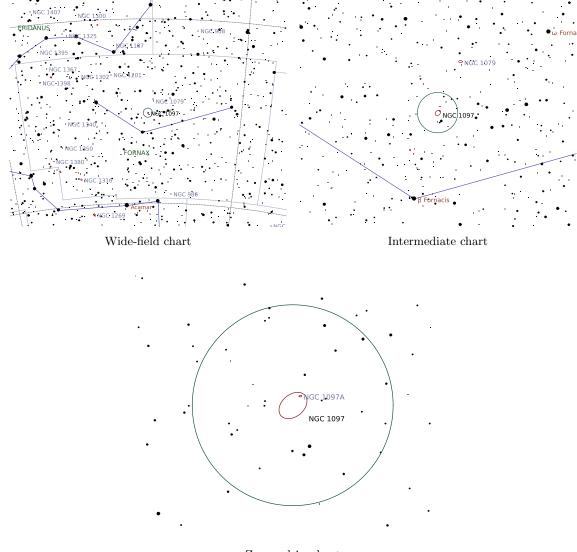


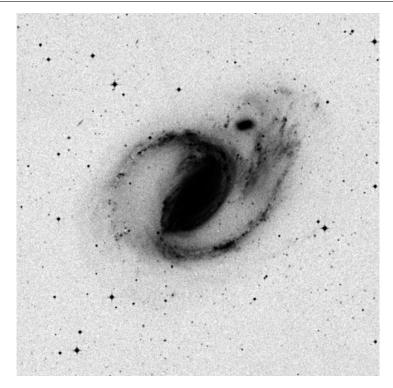


Galaxy	in	Fornax
--------	----	--------

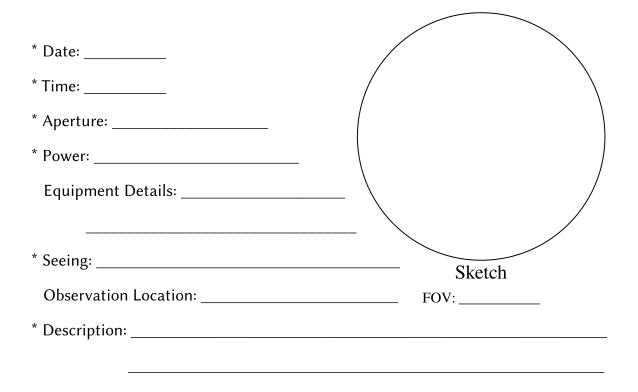
Right Ascension (current)	$02^{\rm h} 46^{\rm m} 52^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$-30^{\circ} 13' 29''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$02^{\rm h}46^{\rm m}19^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-30^{\circ} 16' 32''$
Size	$9.4' \times 6.6'$	Position Angle	-40°
Magnitude	9.5	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: vB;L;vmE151;vbMN SAC: H V 48





DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

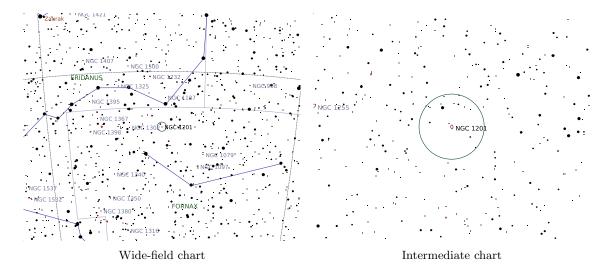


|--|

Right Ascension (current)	$03^{\rm h} 04^{\rm m} 41^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$-26^{\circ}01'19''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$03^{\rm h} 04^{\rm m} 07^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-26^{\circ} 04' 08''$
Size	$3.6' \times 2.1'$	Position Angle	83°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	-

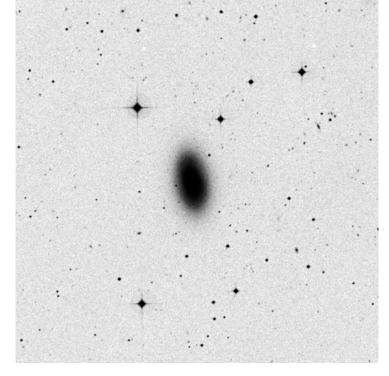
Description: Dreyer: cB;pS;vlE;r;S* nr SAC: H I 109

.

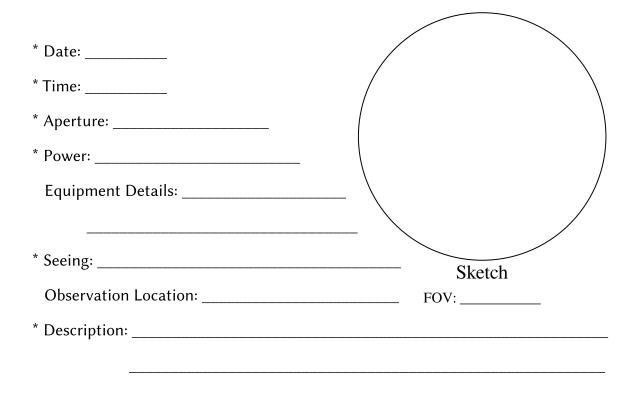


NGC 1201

٠



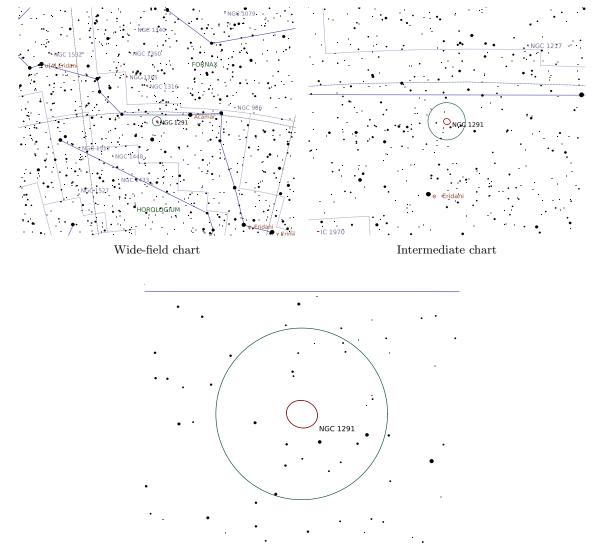
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

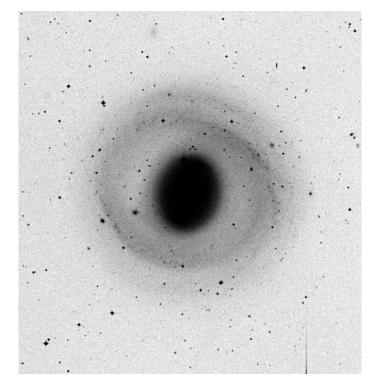


Galaxy :	in Eridanus	,
----------	-------------	---

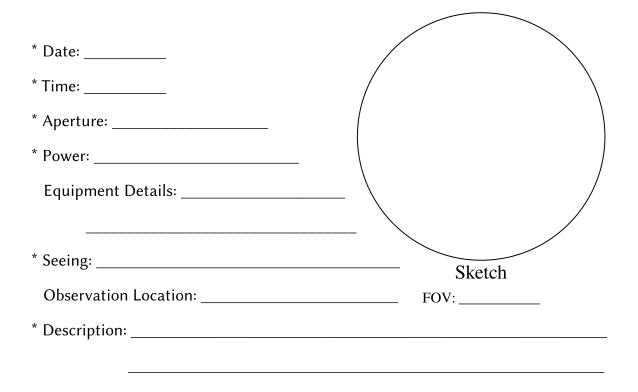
Right Ascension (current)	$03^{\rm h}17^{\rm m}47^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$-41^{\circ}03'52''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$03^{\rm h}17^{\rm m}18^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-41^{\circ}06'26''$
Size	$11' \times 9.5'$	Position Angle	18°
Magnitude	8.5	Other Designation	-

Description: (Also known as NGC 1269) **Dreyer:** vB;pL;R;mbM;er **SAC:** comp 2;2';PA138;UGC 2666





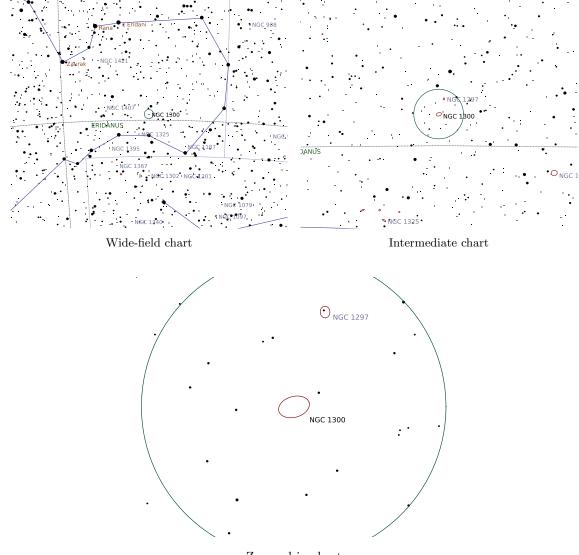
DSS Image $(17.4' \times 18.4')$

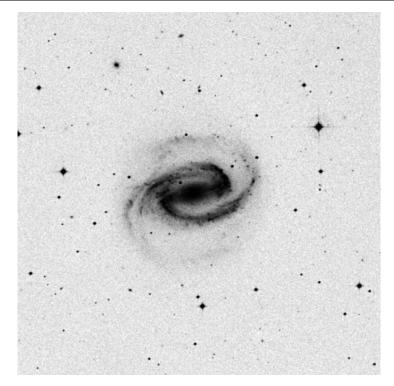


Galaxy	in	Eridanus
--------	----	----------

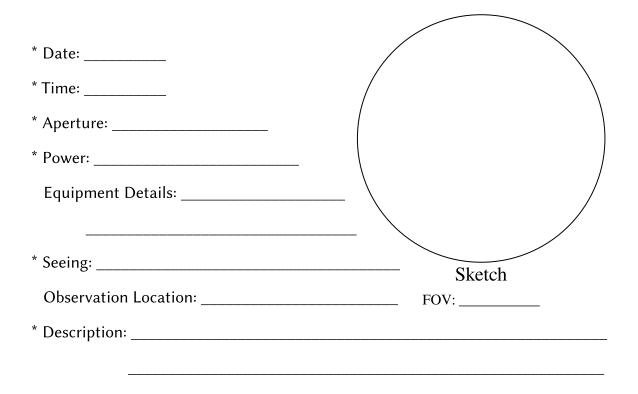
Right Ascension (current)	$03^{\rm h}20^{\rm m}16^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$-19^{\circ} 22' 04''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$03^{\rm h}19^{\rm m}40^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-19^{\circ} 24' 41''$
Size	$6.2' \times 4.1'$	Position Angle	-16°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	_

Description: Dreyer: cB;vL;vmE;psvmbM





DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

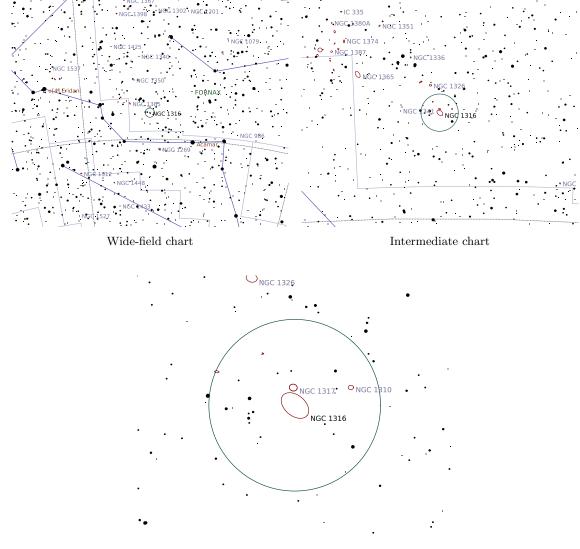


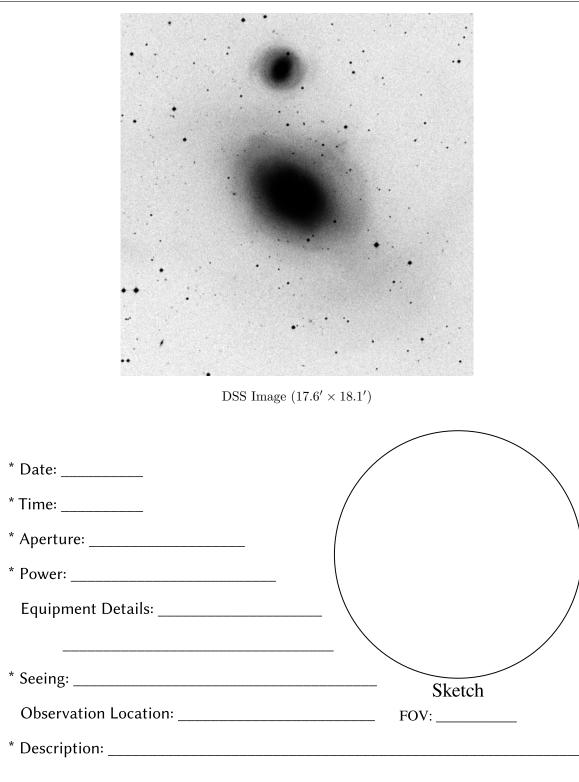
NGC 1316 (Fornax A)

Right Ascension (current)		Declination (current)	$-37^{\circ} 09' 58''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$03^{\rm h} 22^{\rm m} 41^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-37^{\circ}12'28''$
Size	$11' \times 7.2'$	Position Angle	40°
Magnitude	8.5	Other Designation	—

Galaxy in Fornax

Description: Dreyer: vB;cL;vlE;vsvmbMN SAC: Fornax Galaxy Cluster member

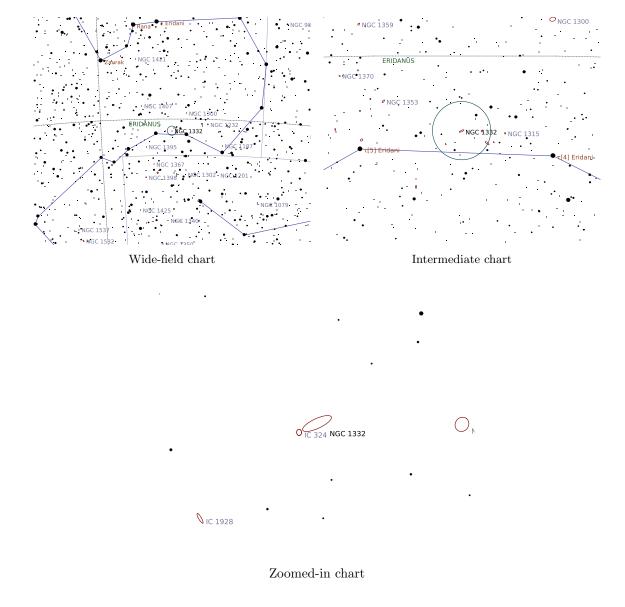




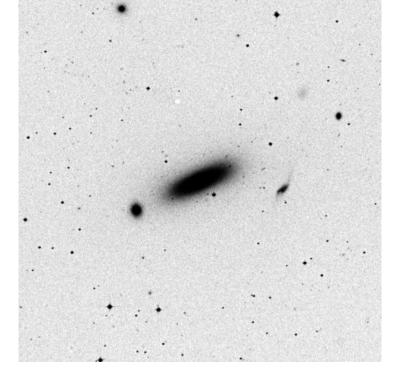
Galaxy in Eridanus

Right Ascension (current)	$03^{\rm h} 26^{\rm m} 52^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$-21^{\circ} 17' 34''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$03^{\rm h}26^{\rm m}17^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-21^{\circ} 20' 04''$
Size	$4.5' \times 1.4'$	Position Angle	-25°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	-

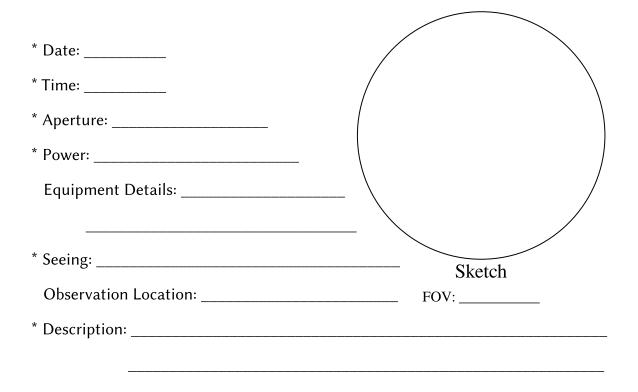
Description: Dreyer: vB;S;E114;smbMN SAC: H I 60



This content is protected by Copyrights. See the Legal chapter of this document for details. 58



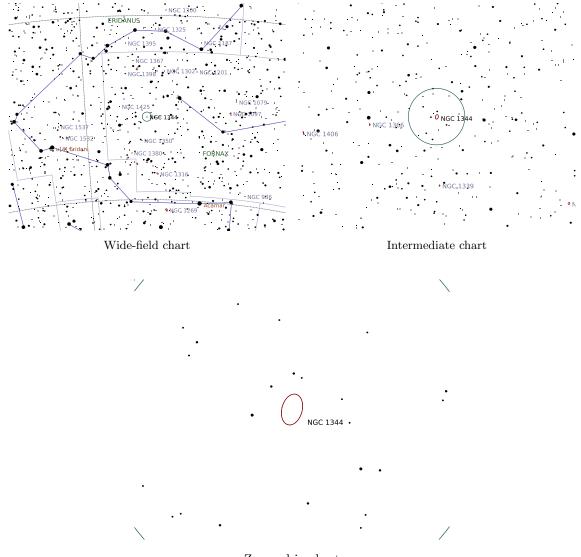
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

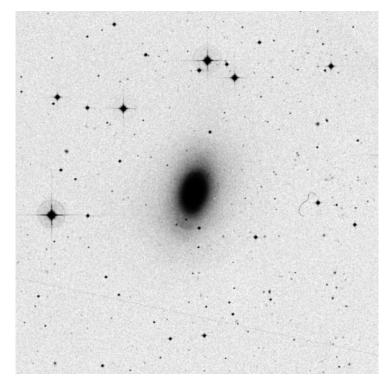


Galaxy	in	Fornax
--------	----	--------

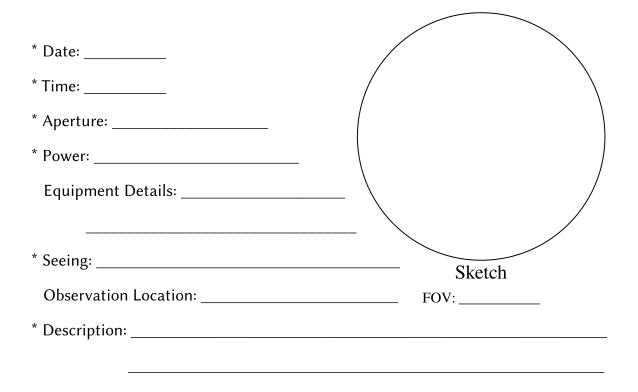
Right Ascension (current)	$03^{\rm h} 28^{\rm m} 51^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$-31^{\circ} 01' 39''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$03^{\rm h}28^{\rm m}19^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-31^{\circ}04^{\prime}05^{\prime\prime}$
Size	$4.8' \times 3.1'$	Position Angle	-75°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: cB;pL;iR;vgbM SAC: H I 257



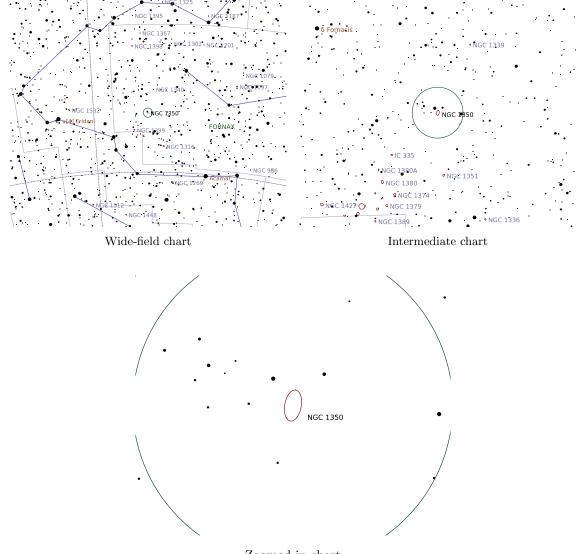


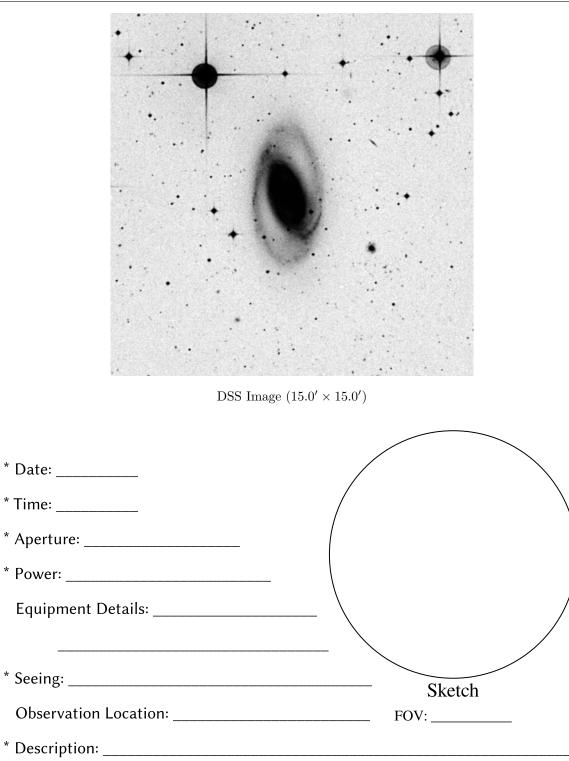
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$



Right Ascension (current)	$03^{\rm h} 31^{\rm m} 38^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$-33^{\circ}35'15''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$03^{ m h}31^{ m m}07^{ m s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-33^{\circ} 37' 38''$
Size	$5.9' \times 3.1'$	Position Angle	-80°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: B;L;mE;vmbMRN SAC: Fornax Galaxy Cluster member



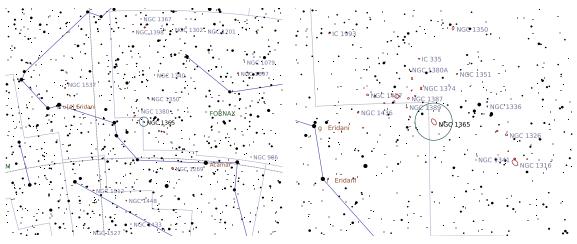


Galaxy in	n Fornax
-----------	----------

Right Ascension (current)	$03^{\rm h} 34^{\rm m} 06^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$-36^{\circ}06'07''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$03^{ m h}33^{ m m}36^{ m s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-36^{\circ}08'27''$
Size	$11' \times 6.2'$	Position Angle	58°
Magnitude	9.6	Other Designation	_

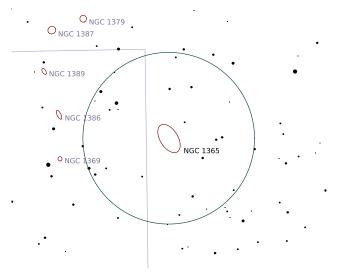
Description: Dreyer: !!;vB;vL;mE;BN

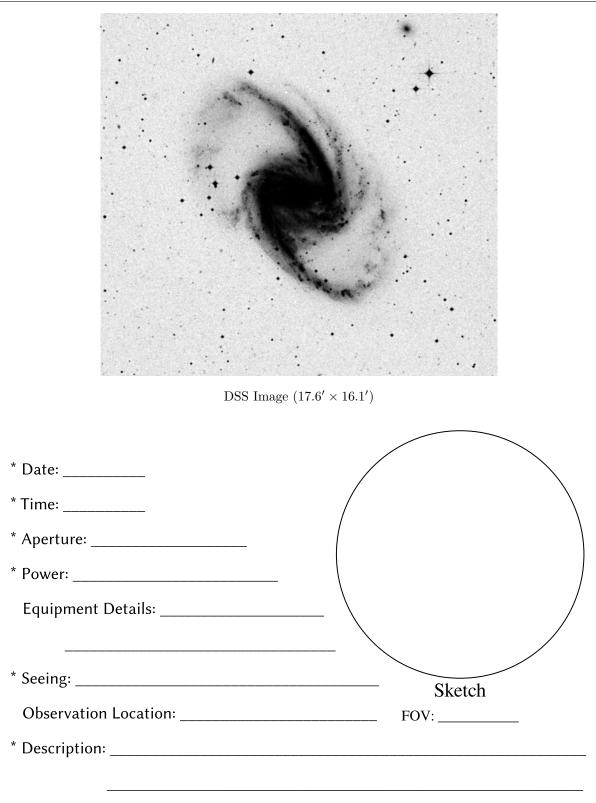
 $\mathbf{SAC:}$ Best example of barred spiral;Fornax Galaxy Cluster member



Wide-field chart

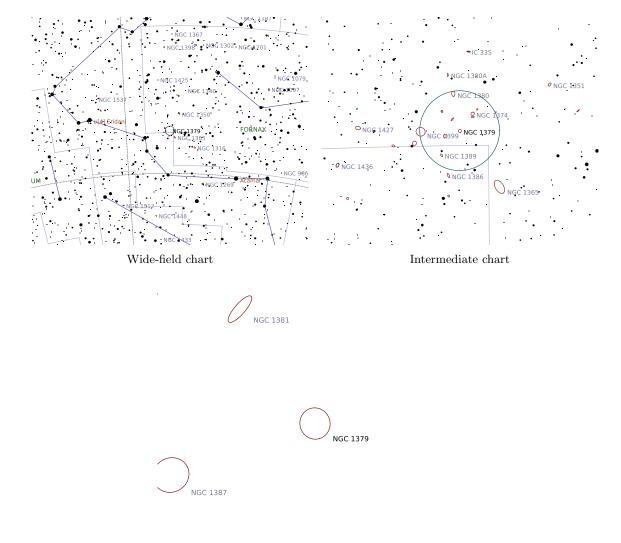
Intermediate chart

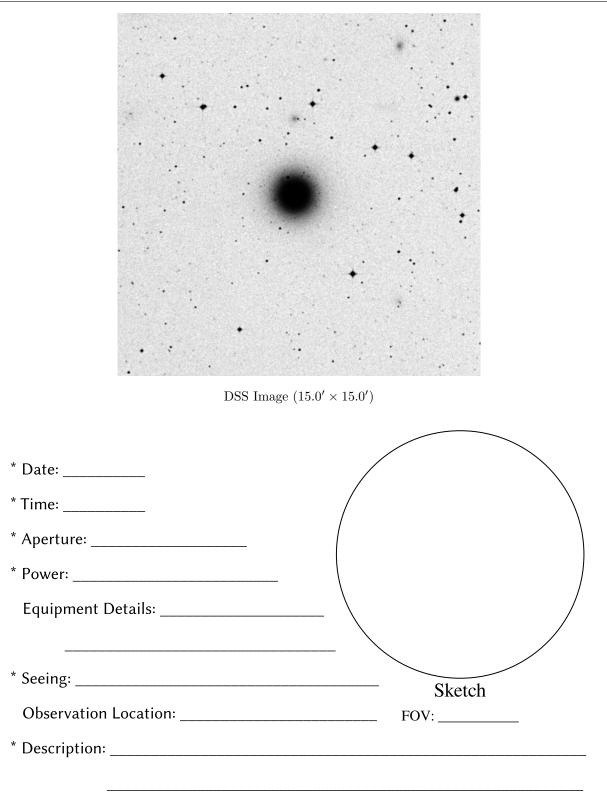




Right Ascension (current)		Declination (current)	$-35^{\circ} 24' 09''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$03^{\rm h} 36^{\rm m} 03^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-35^{\circ}26'27''$
Size	$2.4' \times 2.3'$	Position Angle	73°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: B;pL;R;gpmbM SAC: Fornax Galaxy Cluster member

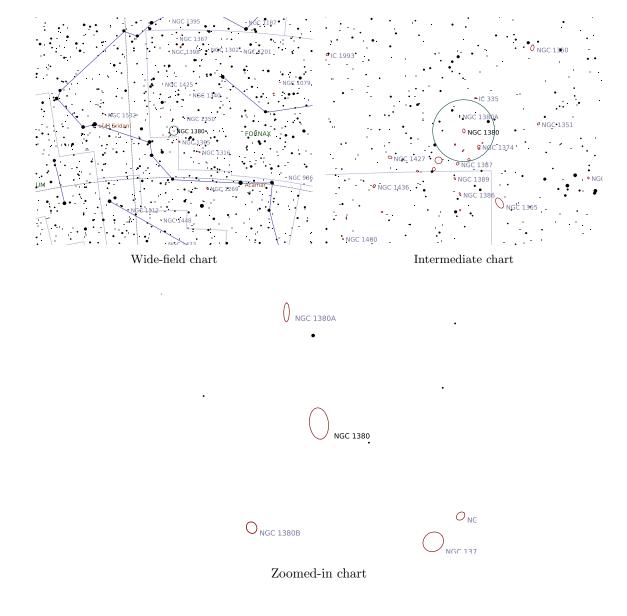


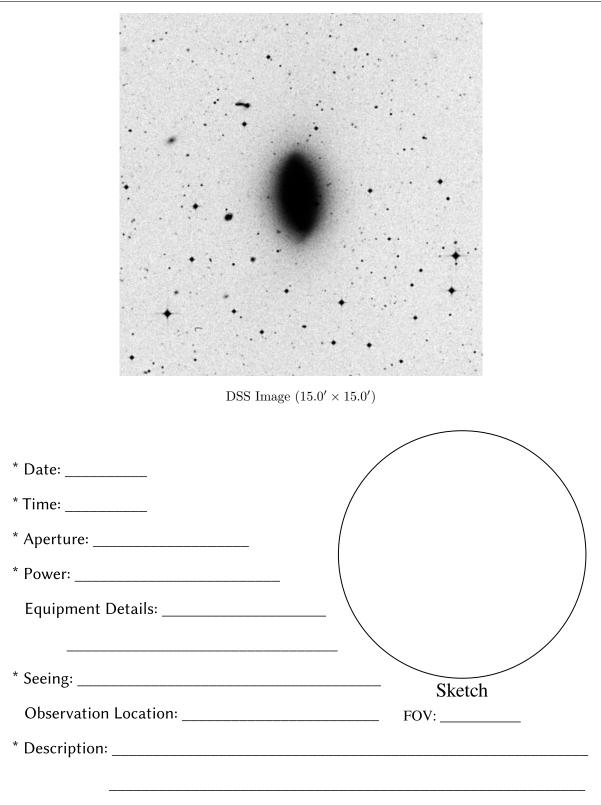


Galaxy	in	Fornax
--------	----	--------

Right Ascension (current)	$03^{\rm h} 36^{\rm m} 58^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$-34^{\circ}56'14''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$03^{\rm h} 36^{\rm m} 27^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-34^{\circ}58'31''$
Size	$4' \times 2.4'$	Position Angle	83°
Magnitude	9.9	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: vB;L;R;psbM SAC: Fornax Galaxy Cluster member

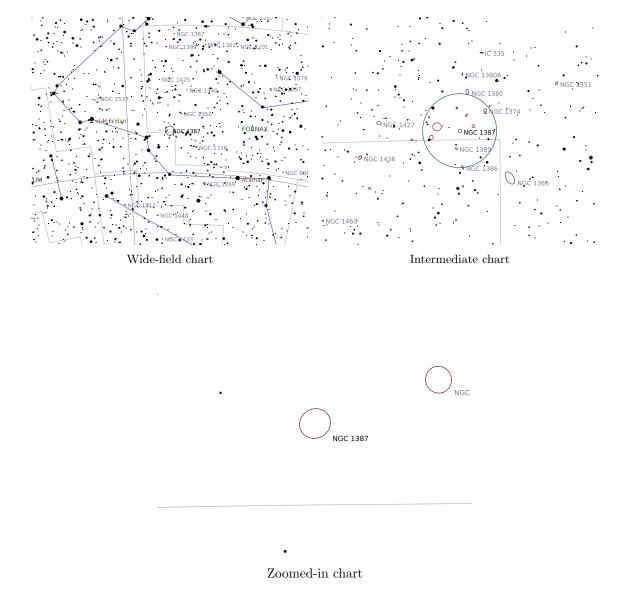


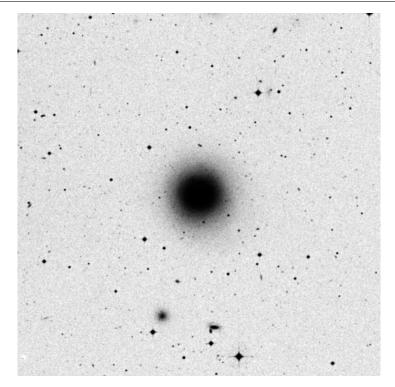


Galaxy in Fornax

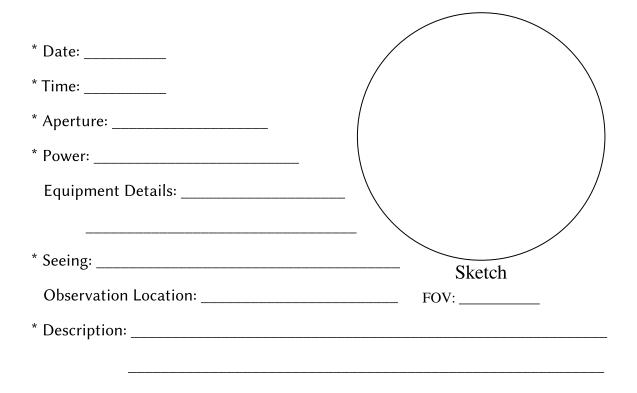
Right Ascension (current)	$03^{\rm h} 37^{\rm m} 27^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$-35^{\circ} 28' 04''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$03^{\rm h} 36^{\rm m} 57^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-35^{\circ} 30' 21''$
Size	$2.8' \times 2.6'$	Position Angle	-29°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: vB;pL;R;gmbM SAC: Fornax Galaxy Cluster member





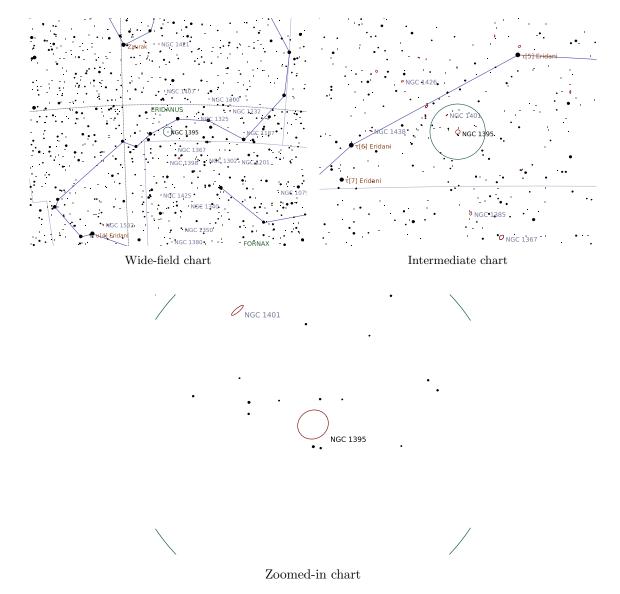
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

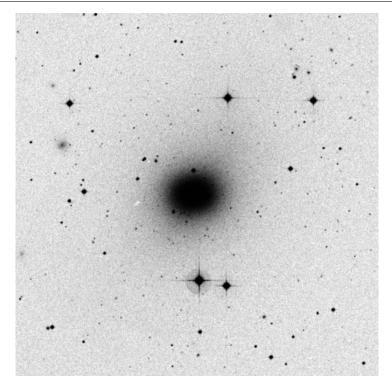


Galaxy in Eridanus

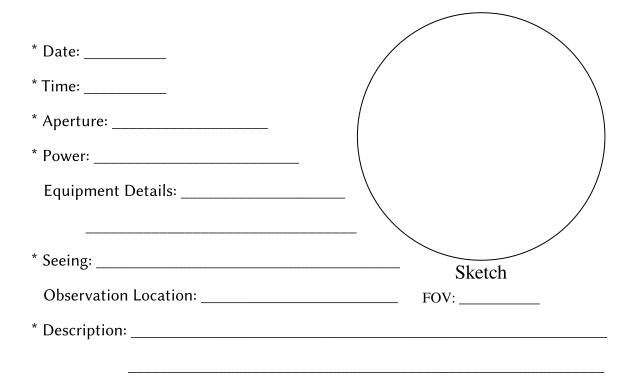
Right Ascension (current)	$03^{\rm h} 39^{\rm m} 04^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$-22^{\circ}59'20''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$03^{\rm h}38^{\rm m}29^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-23^{\circ} 01' 38''$
Size	$5' \times 4.5'$	Position Angle	-30°
Magnitude	9.6	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: B;pS;E;psmbM SAC: H I 58





DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

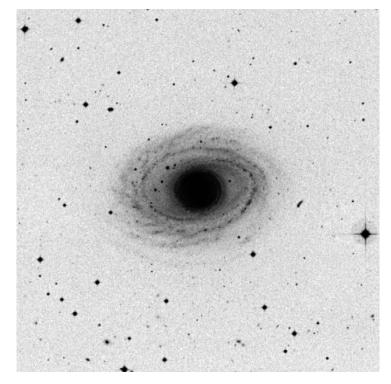


Galaxy	in	Fornax
--------	----	--------

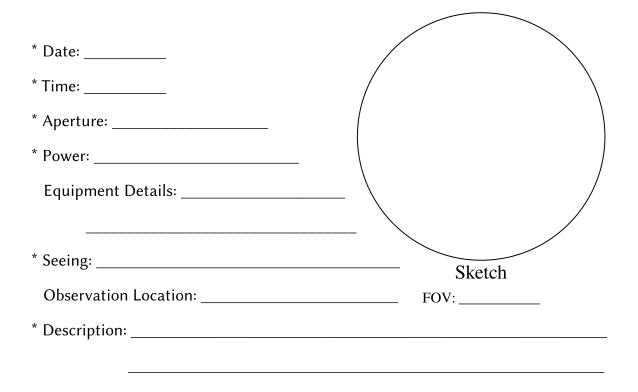
Right Ascension (current)	$03^{\rm h} 39^{\rm m} 26^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$-26^{\circ} 17' 57''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$03^{\rm h} 38^{\rm m} 52^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-26^{\circ} 20' 14''$
Size	$7.2' \times 5.2'$	Position Angle	-10°
Magnitude	9.7	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: cB;cL;R;vmbM



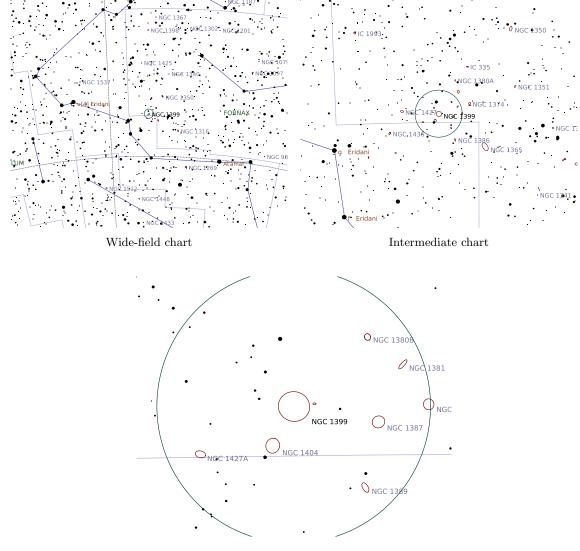


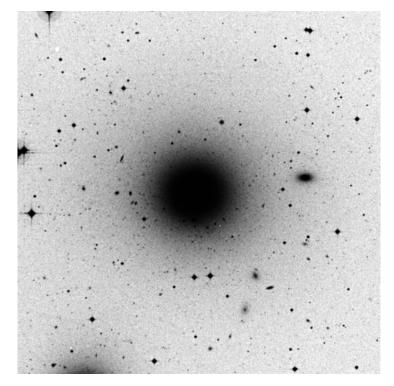
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$



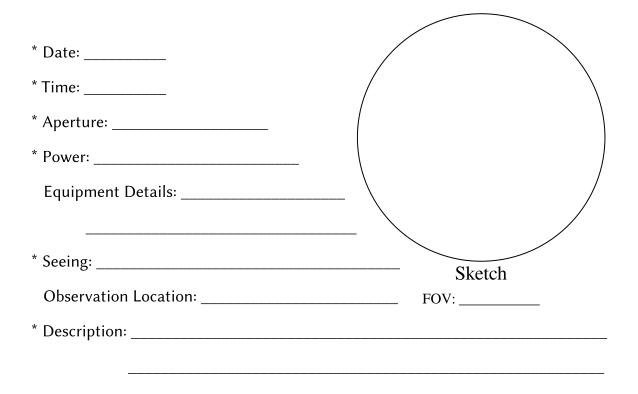
Right Ascension (current)	$03^{ m h}38^{ m m}58^{ m s}$	Declination (current)	$-35^{\circ}24'44''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$03^{\rm h} 38^{\rm m} 28^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-35^{\circ}26'59''$
Size	6.9' imes 6.5'	Position Angle	14°
Magnitude	9.6	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: vB;pL;psbM;rr SAC: Fornax Galaxy Cluster member





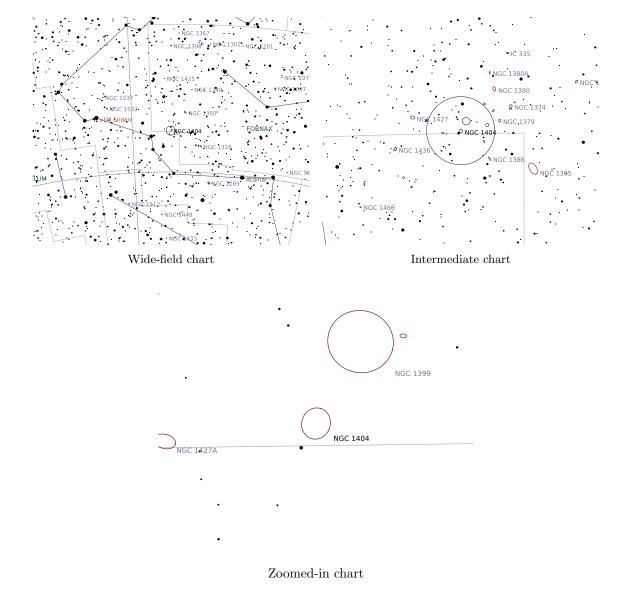
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

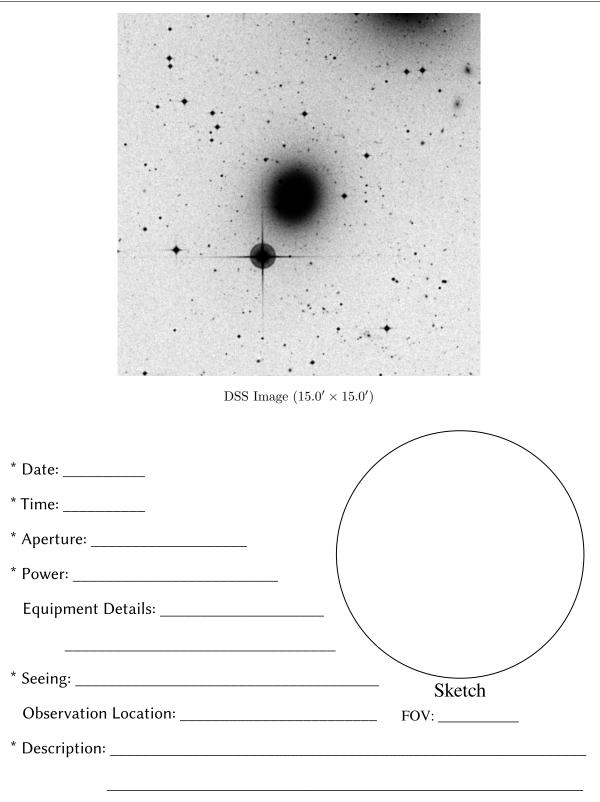


Galaxy	in	Fornax
--------	----	--------

Right Ascension (current)	$03^{\rm h} 39^{\rm m} 21^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$-35^{\circ} 33' 19''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$03^{\rm h}38^{\rm m}51^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-35^{\circ} 35' 34''$
Size	$3.3' \times 3'$	Position Angle	-73°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: vB;pL;R;psmbM SAC: Fornax Galaxy Cluster member

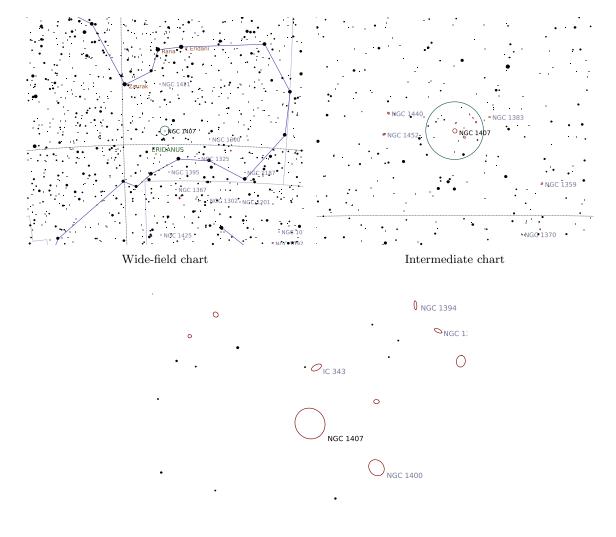


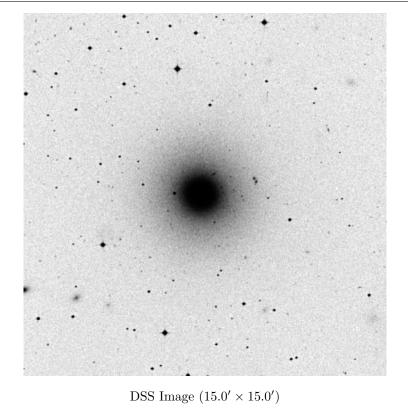


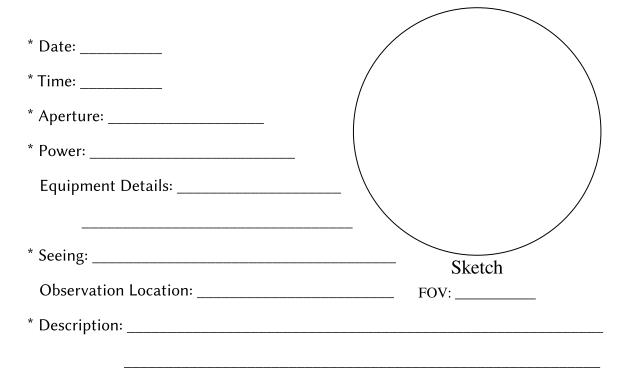
Galaxy in Eridanus

Right Ascension (current)	$03^{\rm h} 40^{\rm m} 47^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$-18^{\circ} 32' 31''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$03^{\rm h}40^{\rm m}11^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-18^{\circ} 34' 49''$
Size	$4.6' \times 4.3'$	Position Angle	55°
Magnitude	9.7	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: vB;L;R;svmbMN SAC: H I 107



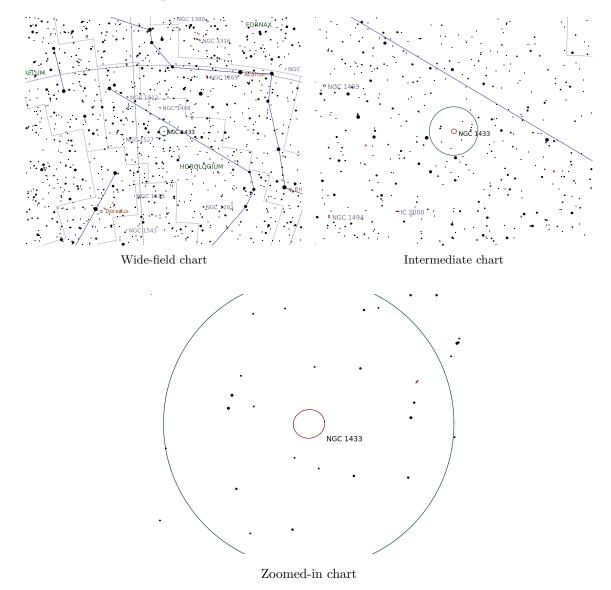


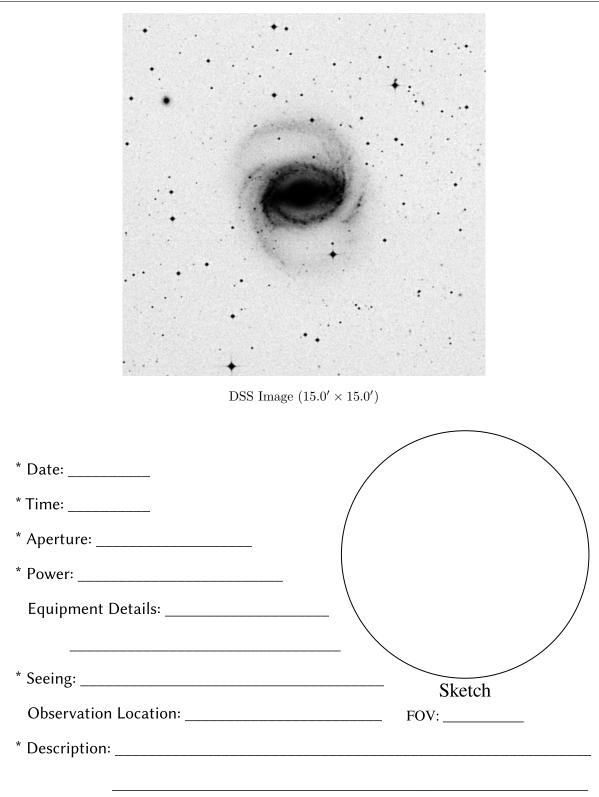


Galaxy in Horologium

Right Ascension (current)	$03^{\rm h} 42^{\rm m} 26^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$-47^{\circ} 11' 09''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$03^{\rm h} 42^{\rm m} 01^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-47^{\circ}13'19''$
Size	6.5' imes 5.9'	Position Angle	-9°
Magnitude	9.9	Other Designation	—

Description: Dreyer: vB;L;pmE;vsvmbM*10

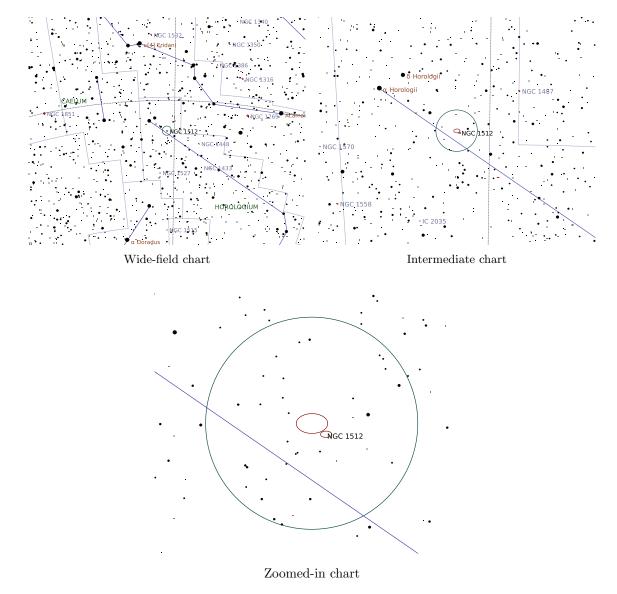


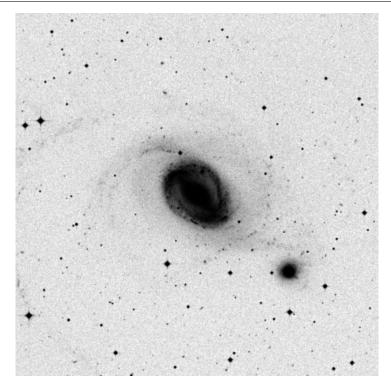


Galaxy in Horologium

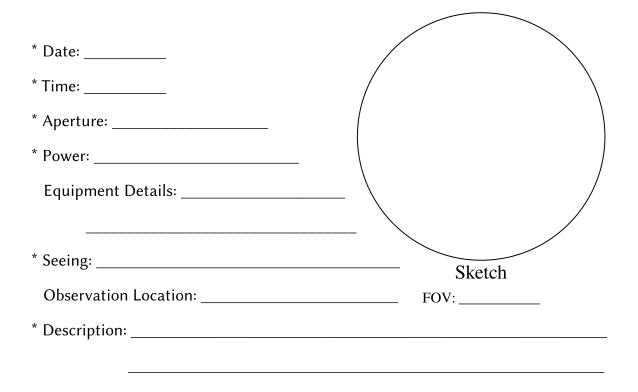
Right Ascension (current)	$04^{\rm h} 04^{\rm m} 20^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$-43^{\circ}19'08''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$04^{\rm h}03^{\rm m}54^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-43^{\circ} 20' 56''$
Size	$8.9' \times 5.6'$	Position Angle	0°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	_

Description: Dreyer: B;cL;R;bM SAC: lenticular





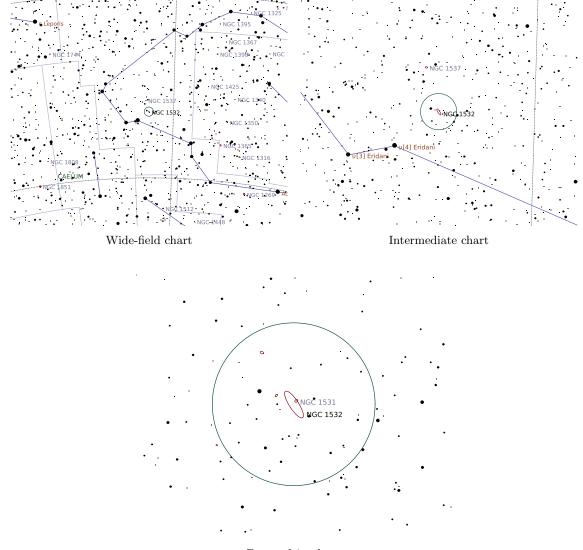
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

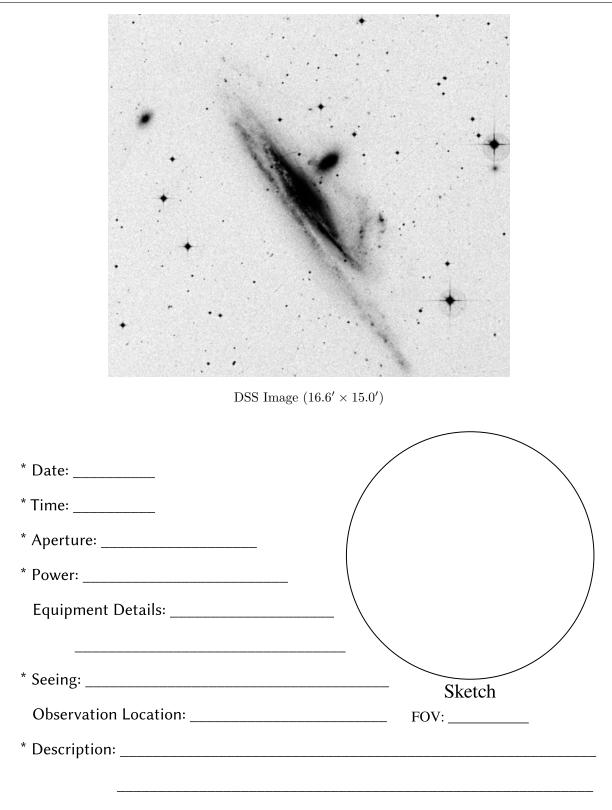


Galaxy in Eridanus

Right Ascension (current)	$04^{\rm h}12^{\rm m}34^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$-32^{\circ}50'41''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$04^{\rm h}12^{\rm m}03^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-32^{\circ}52'23''$
Size	$11.6' \times 3.4'$	Position Angle	57°
Magnitude	9.9	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: B;vL;vmE32;psmbM SAC: NGC 1531 np 2';Nearly edge-on

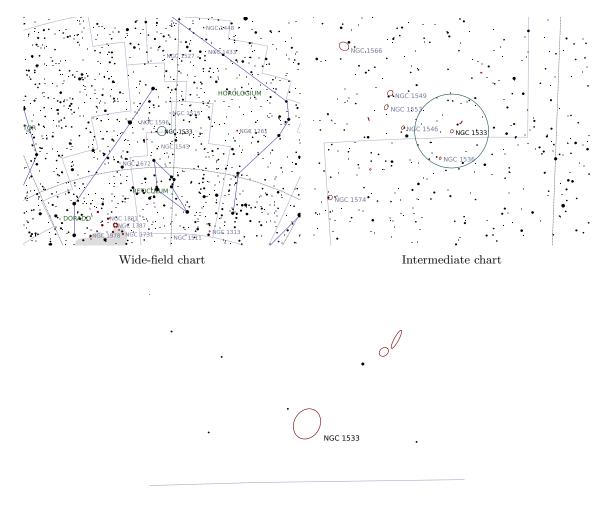


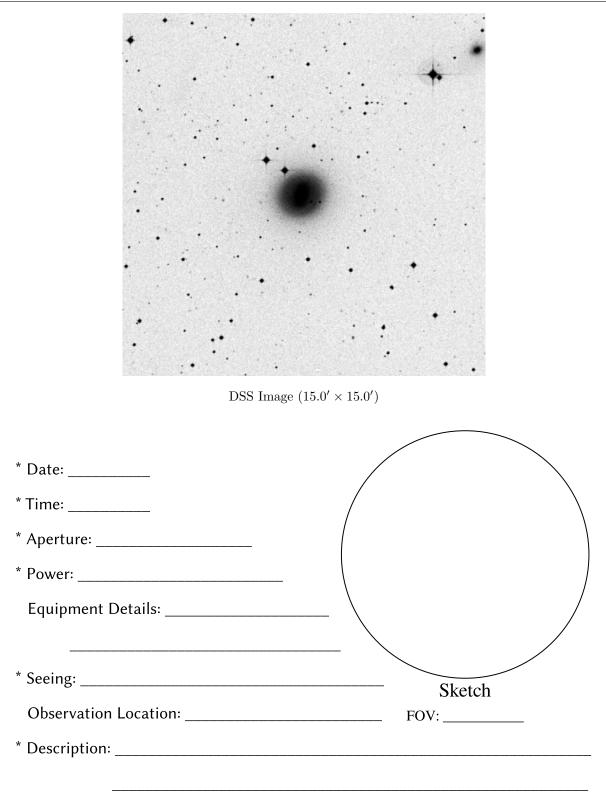


Galaxy	in	Dorado
--------	----	--------

Right Ascension (current)		Declination (current)	$-56^{\circ}05'23''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$04^{\rm h}09^{\rm m}51^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-56^{\circ}07^{\prime}04^{\prime\prime}$
Size	$2.8' \times 2.3'$	Position Angle	-61°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: vB;vL;R;smbM;2*10 nf

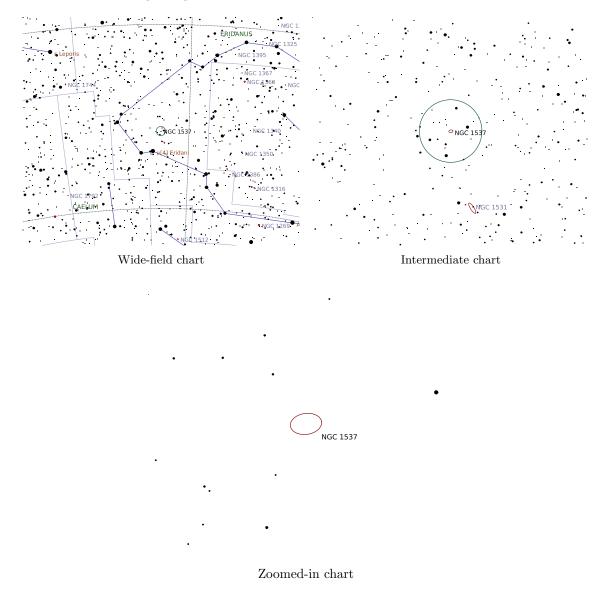


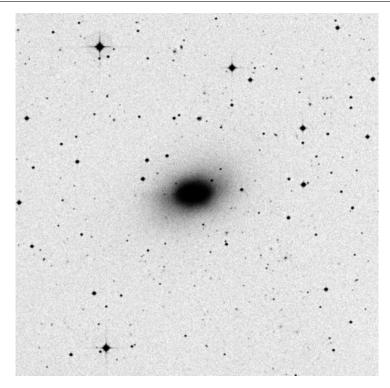


Galaxy in Eridanus

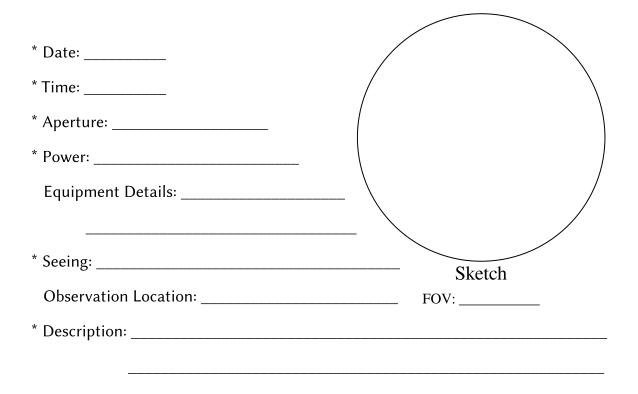
Right Ascension (current)	$04^{\rm h}14^{\rm m}11^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$-31^{\circ} 37' 04''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$04^{\rm h}13^{\rm m}40^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-31^{\circ} 38' 44''$
Size	$3.9' \times 2.6'$	Position Angle	-8°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	—

Description: Dreyer: vB;pS;lE;psvmbM





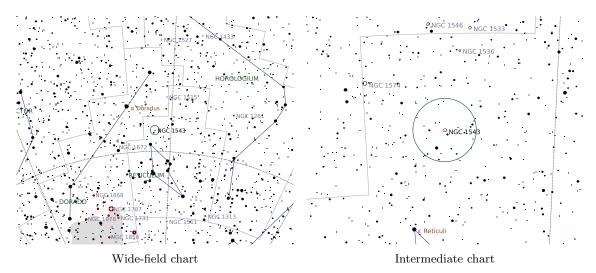
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$



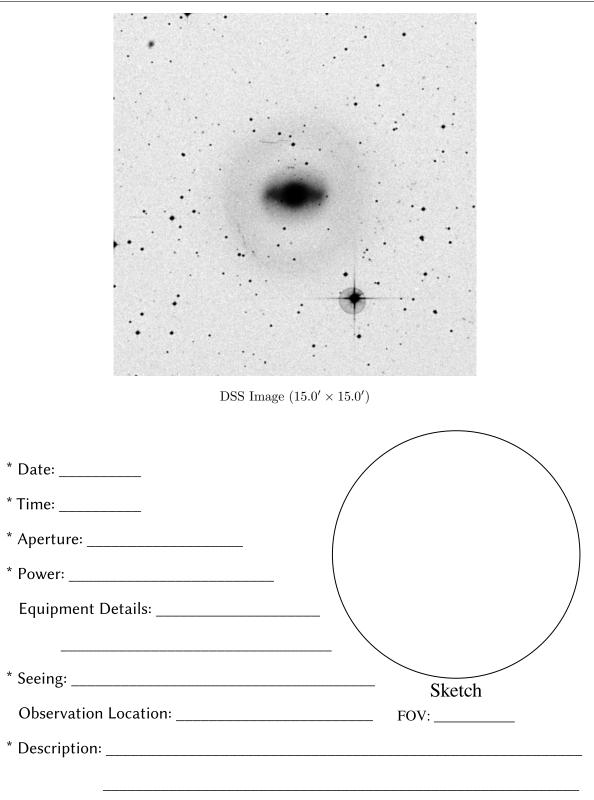
Galaxy in Reticulum

Right Ascension (current)Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$\begin{array}{c} 04^{\rm h}12^{\rm m}59^{\rm s} \\ 04^{\rm h}12^{\rm m}43^{\rm s} \end{array}$	Declination (current) Declination (J2000.0)	$\begin{array}{c} -57^{\circ} \ 42' \ 36'' \\ -57^{\circ} \ 44' \ 14'' \end{array}$
Size	$3.8' \times 2.8'$	Position Angle	-3°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: B;pL;E;smbMN=*11



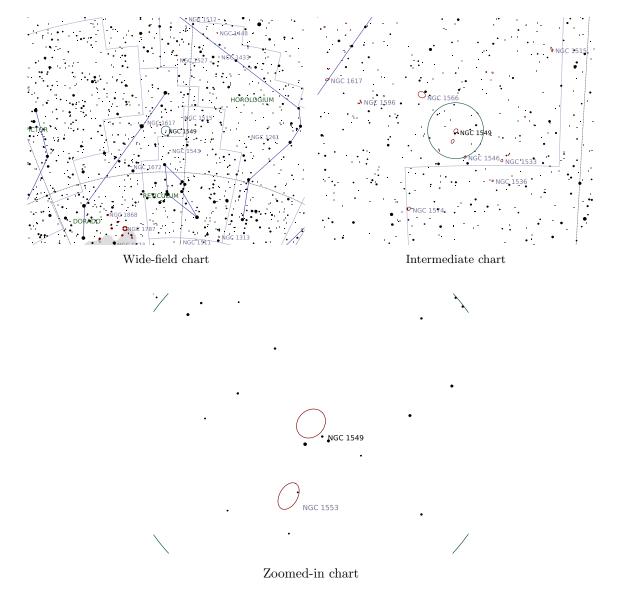


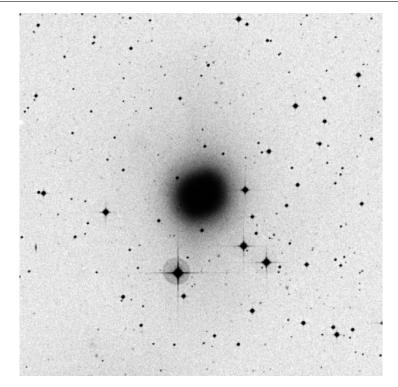


Galaxy in Dorado

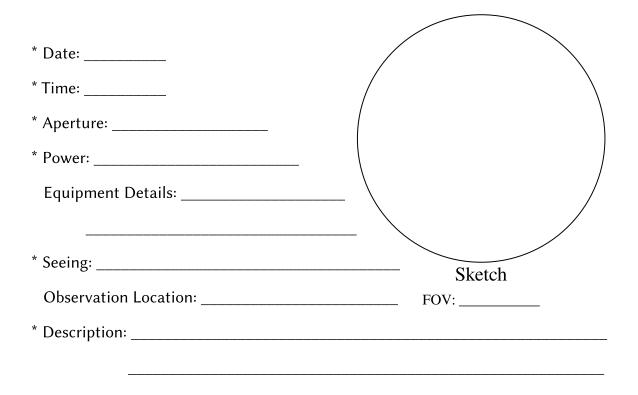
Right Ascension (current)	$04^{\rm h}16^{\rm m}03^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$-55^{\circ} 33' 54''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$04^{\rm h}15^{\rm m}45^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-55^{\circ} 35' 29''$
Size	$4.9' \times 4.1'$	Position Angle	-45°
Magnitude	9.8	Other Designation	_

Description: Dreyer: B;pS;R SAC: P w NGC 1553





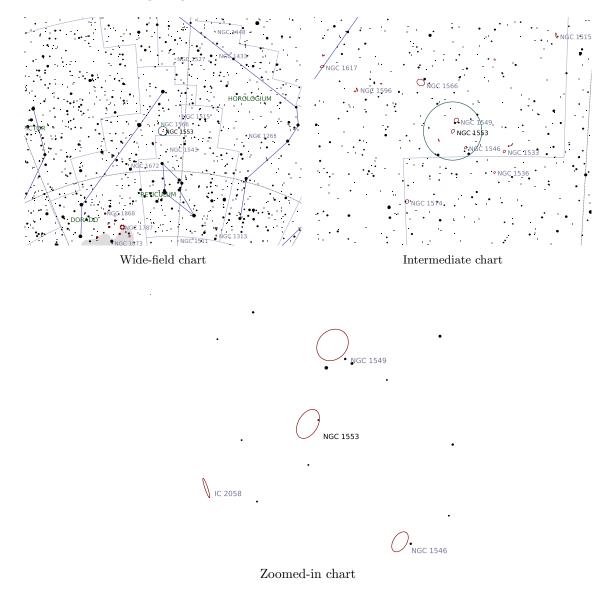
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

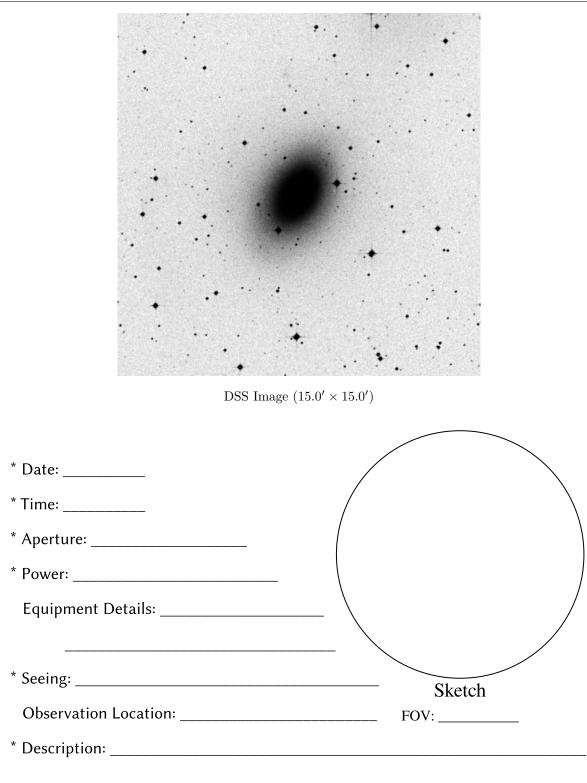


Galaxy in 1	Dorado
-------------	--------

Right Ascension (current)		Declination (current)	$-55^{\circ} 45' 12''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$04^{\rm h}16^{\rm m}10^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-55^{\circ} 46' 46''$
Size	$4.5' \times 2.8'$	Position Angle	-60°
Magnitude	9.4	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: vB;pS;R;gmbM;am 3*;a Dneb



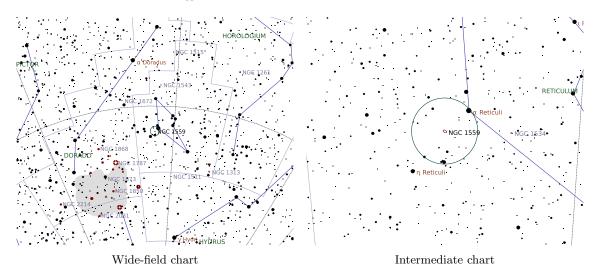


Galaxy in Reticulum

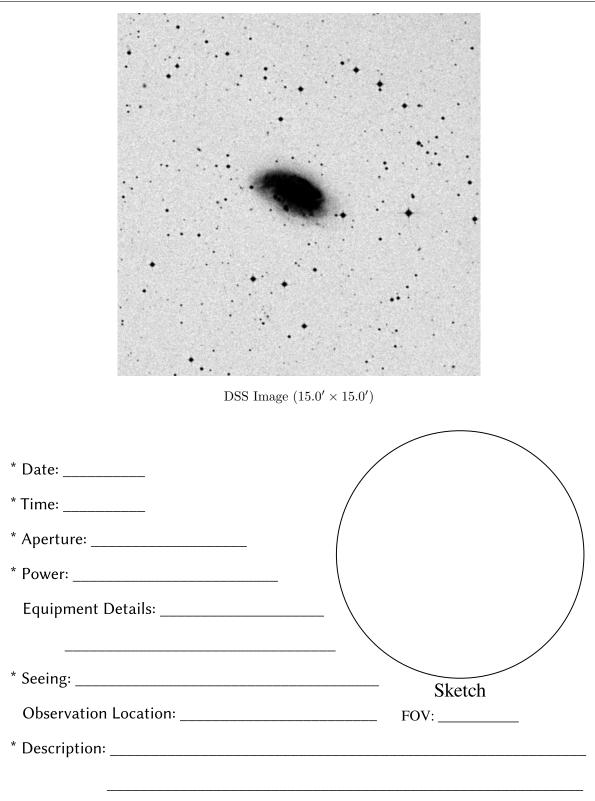
Right Ascension (current)	$04^{\rm h}17^{\rm m}46^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$-62^{\circ} 45' 30''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$04^{\rm h}17^{\rm m}36^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-62^{\circ} 47' 02''$
Size	$3.5' \times 2'$	Position Angle	26°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	—

Description: Dreyer: vB;vL;mE;vgpmbM;*14 att n

•



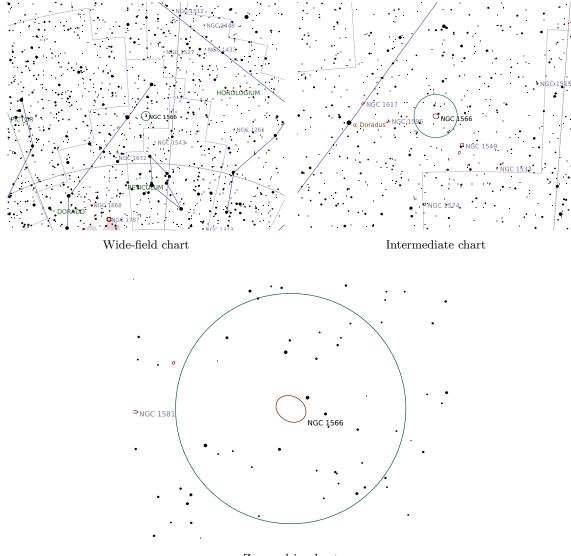


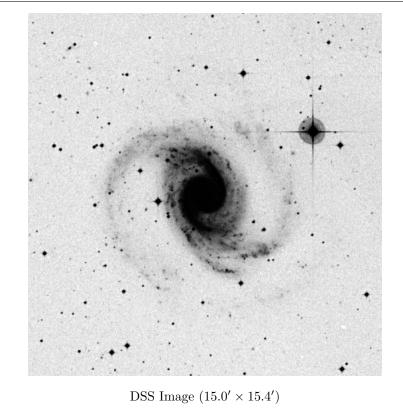


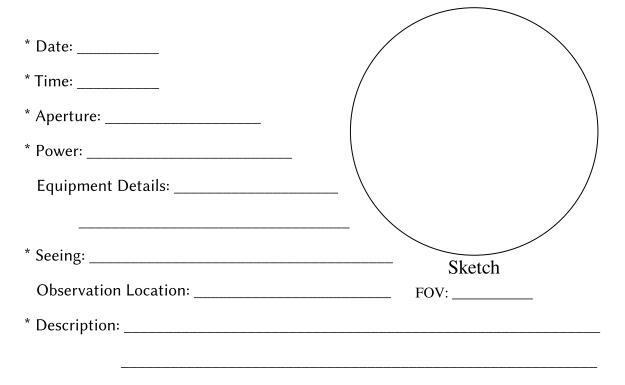
Galaxy in 1	Dorado
-------------	--------

Right Ascension (current)	$04^{\rm h} 20^{\rm m} 18^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$-54^{\circ}54'44''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$04^{\rm h}20^{\rm m}00^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-54^{\circ}56'14''$
Size	$8.2' \times 6.5'$	Position Angle	30°
Magnitude	9.7	Other Designation	_

Description: Dreyer: B;vL;vg;svmbM;15d in RA



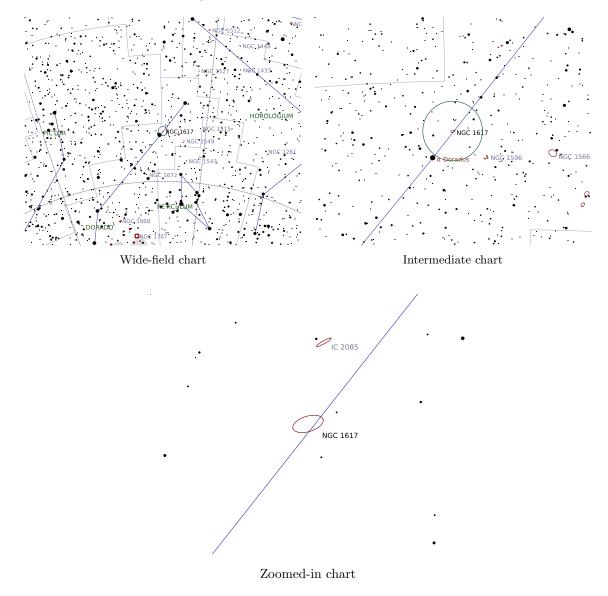


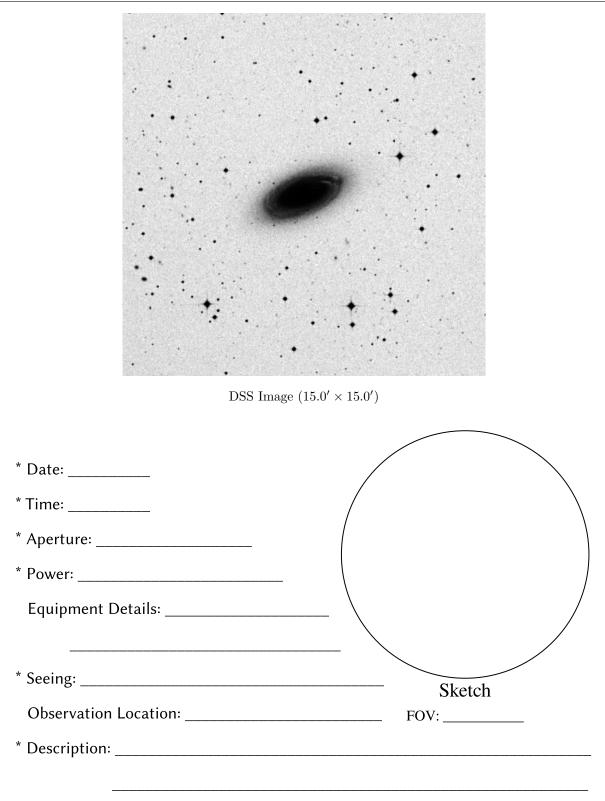


Galaxy	in	Dorado
--------	----	--------

Right Ascension (current)	$04^{\rm h} 31^{\rm m} 57^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$-54^{\circ} 34' 49''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$04^{\rm h}31^{\rm m}39^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-54^{\circ} 36' 07''$
Size	$4.3' \times 2.1'$	Position Angle	-17°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: B;L;mE106;vg;vsmbMN 5''

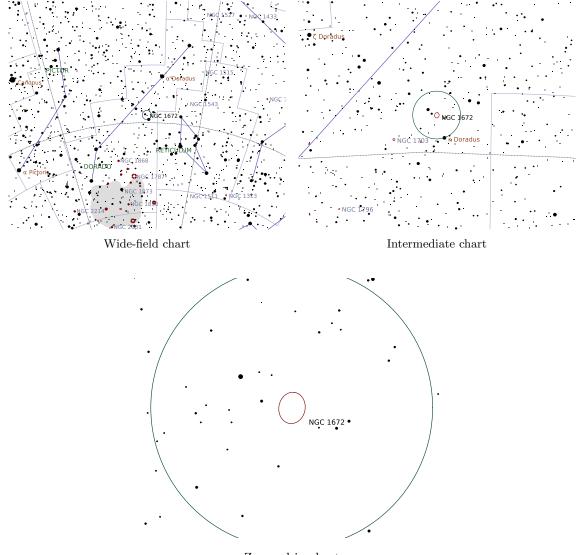


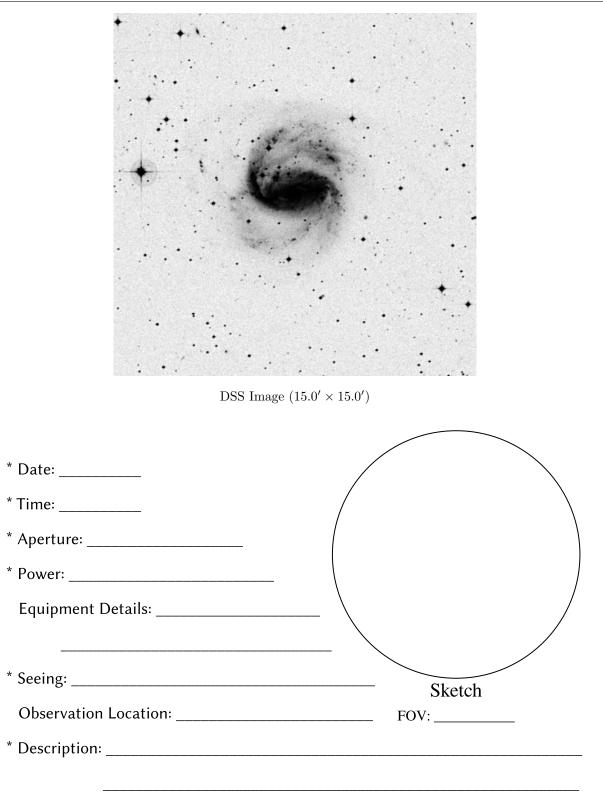


Galaxy in Dorado

Right Ascension (current)		Declination (current)	$-59^{\circ}13'50''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$04^{\rm h} 45^{\rm m} 42^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-59^{\circ} 14' 52''$
Size	$6.7' \times 5.6'$	Position Angle	-80°
Magnitude	9.7	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: B;L;smbMN

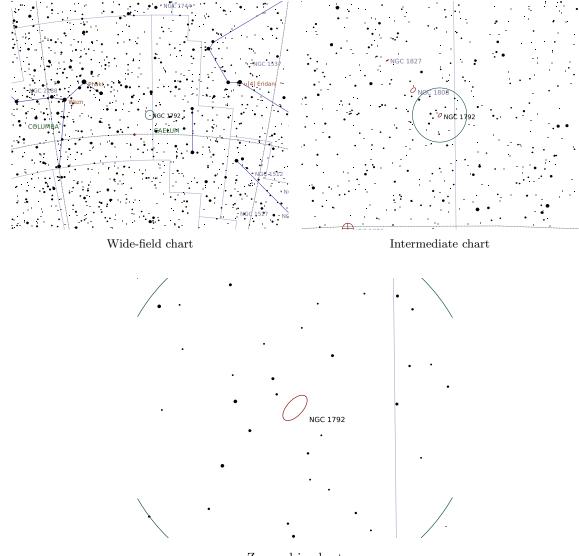


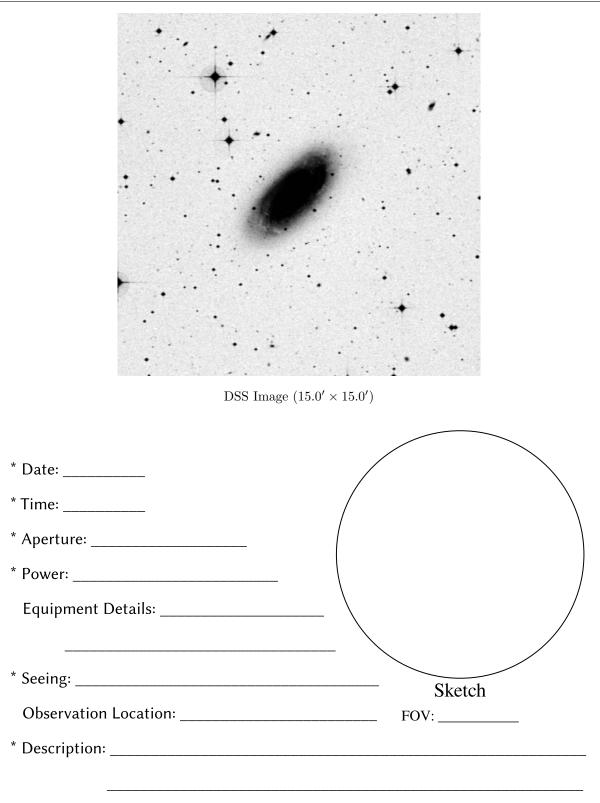


Galaxy	in	Columba
--------	----	---------

Right Ascension (current)	$05^{\rm h}05^{\rm m}41^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$-37^{\circ}58'04''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$05^{ m h}05^{ m m}13^{ m s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-37^{\circ}58'47''$
Size	$5.2' \times 2.6'$	Position Angle	-47°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	_

Description: Dreyer: vB;vL;mE314;glbM;rr

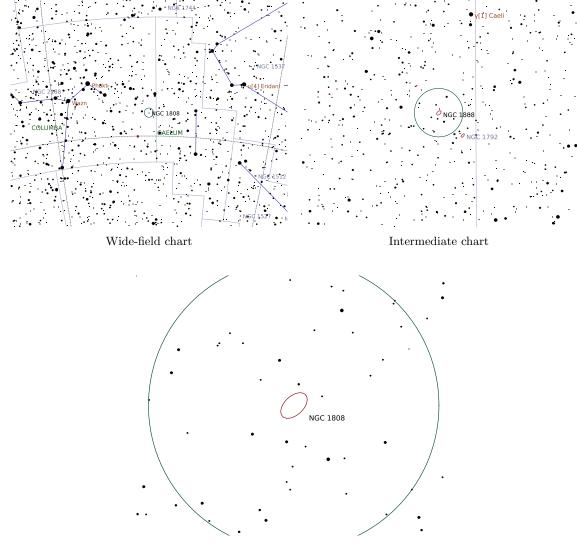


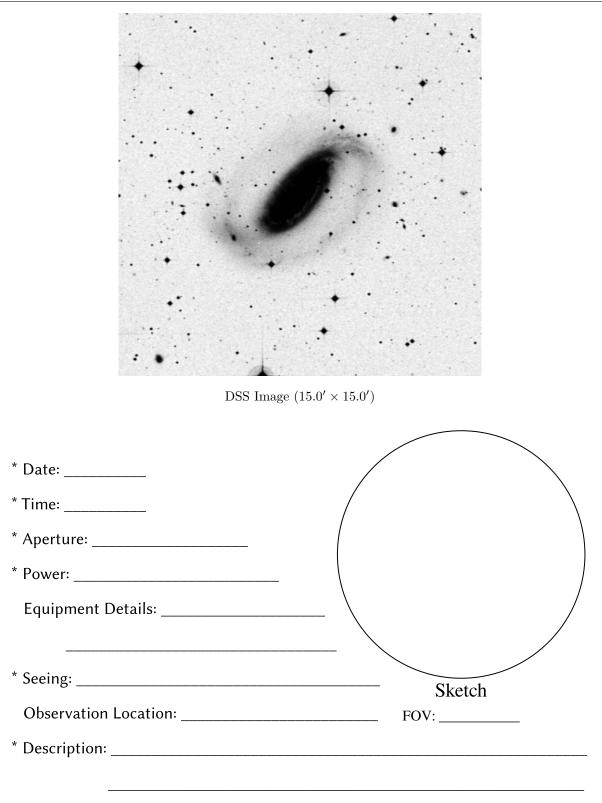


Galaxy	in	Columba
--------	----	---------

Right Ascension (current)	$05^{\rm h} 08^{\rm m} 10^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$-37^{\circ} 30' 08''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$05^{\rm h} 07^{\rm m} 42^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-37^{\circ} 30' 48''$
Size	6.5' imes 3.9'	Position Angle	-43°
Magnitude	9.9	Other Designation	_

Description: Dreyer: B;L;E;psbM SAC: F outer arms

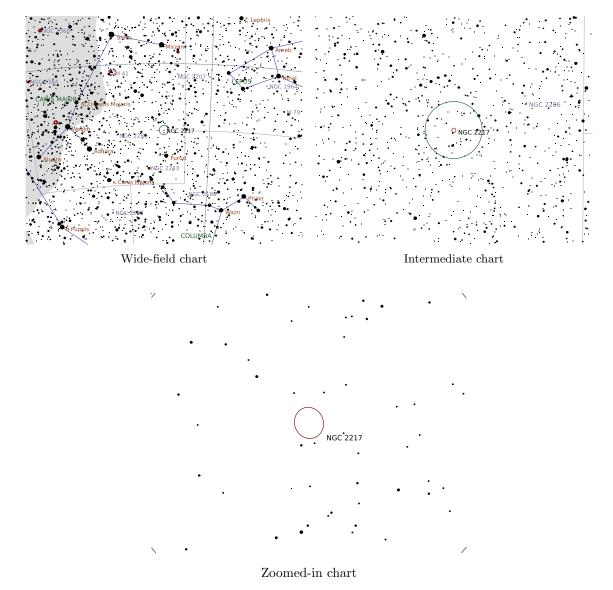


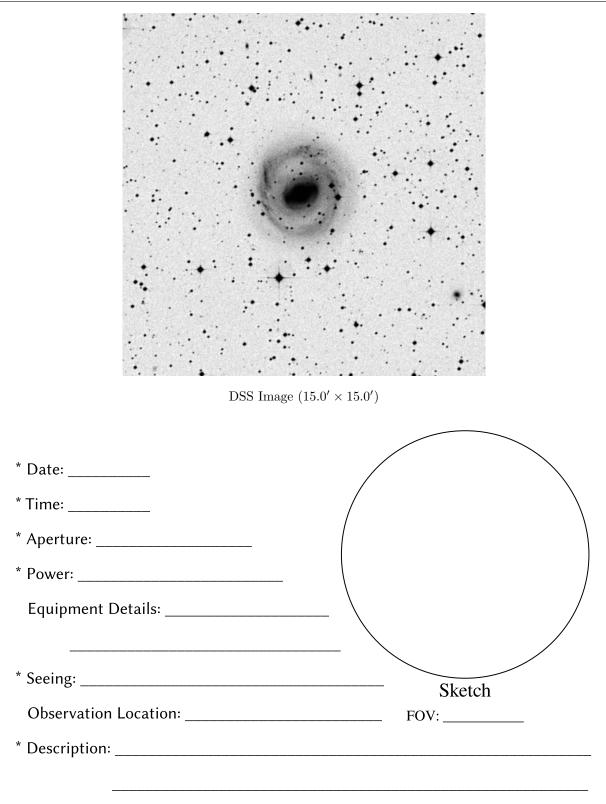


Galaxy in Canis Major

Right Ascension (current) Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$\begin{array}{c} 06^{\rm h}22^{\rm m}12^{\rm s} \\ 06^{\rm h}21^{\rm m}39^{\rm s} \end{array}$	Declination (current) Declination (J2000.0)	$\begin{array}{r} -27^{\circ} 14' 45'' \\ -27^{\circ} 14' 03'' \end{array}$
Size	$4.7' \times 4.3'$	Position Angle	69°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	—

Description: Dreyer: vB;S;R;psmbM;r

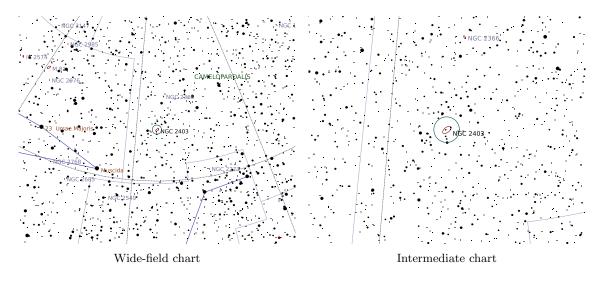


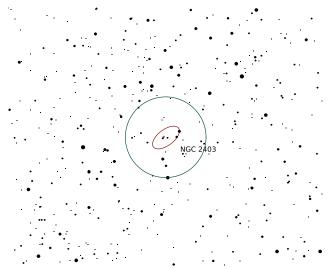


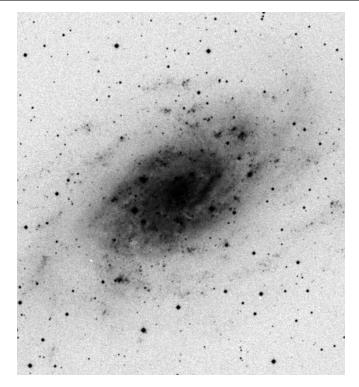
Galaxy	in	Camelopa	rdalis
0.001001-5		e control o p c	

Right Ascension (current)	$07^{\rm h}_{\rm h}38^{\rm m}09^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$65^{\circ} 34' 14''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$07^{\rm h}36^{\rm m}50^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$65^{\circ} 36' 06''$
Size	$23.4' \times 11.8'$	Position Angle	-37°
Magnitude	8.5	Other Designation	_

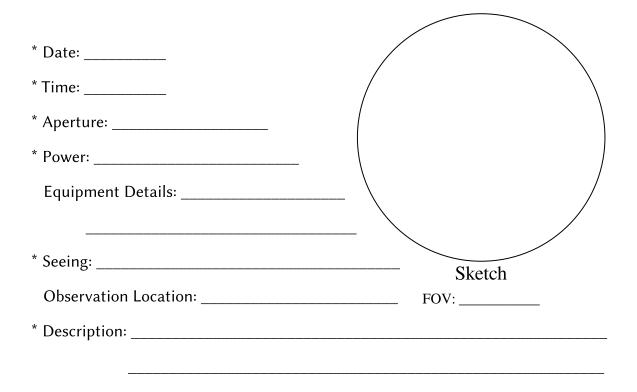
Description: Dreyer: !! cB;eL;vmE;vgmbMN SAC: H V 44;in M81 group;many well res irreg arms;broad bar







DSS Image $(15.0' \times 16.6')$

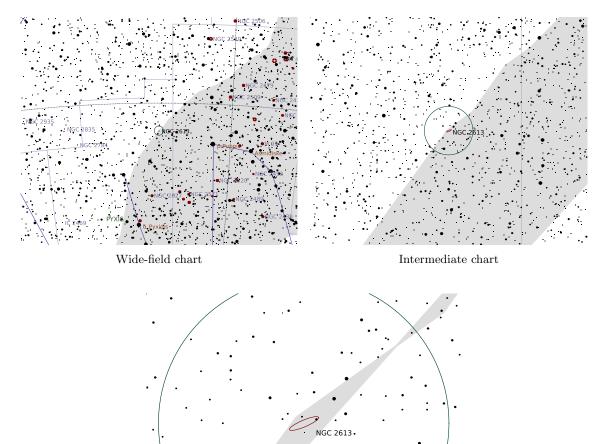


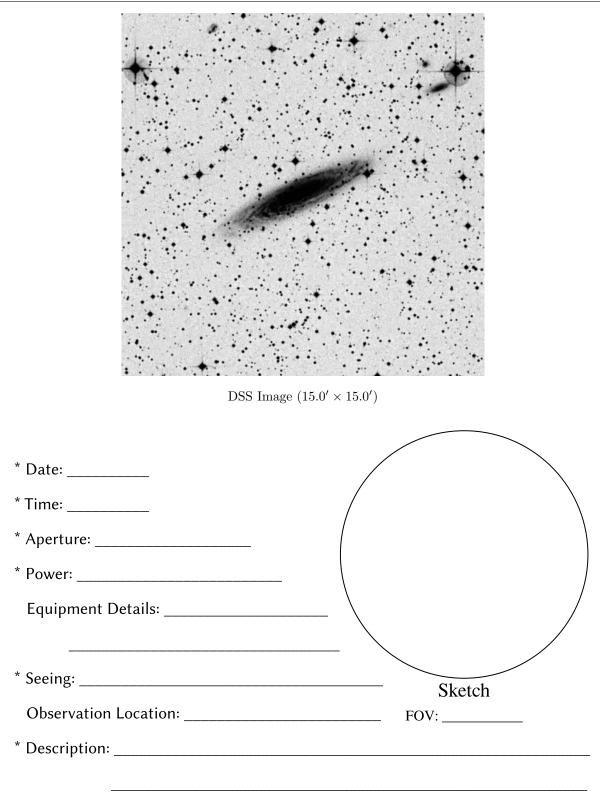
α 1		•	D	•
(axy	1n	Pv	VIC
Uai	ar y	111	т у	лю
			•	

Right Ascension (current)	$08^{\rm h} 33^{\rm m} 58^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$-23^{\circ}01'20''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$08^{\rm h}33^{\rm m}22^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-22^{\circ}58'22''$
Size	$6.5' \times 1.4'$	Position Angle	-23°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: cB;L;vmE 110 deg

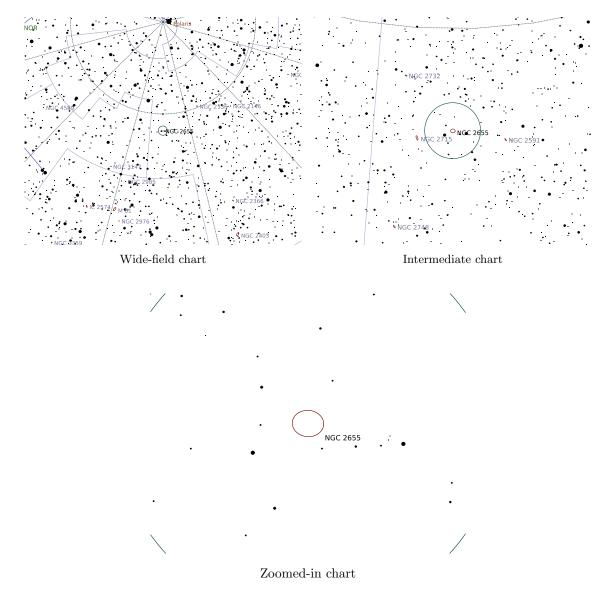
SAC: H II 266;1.2 deg W from D* Burnham 208;Nearly edge-on

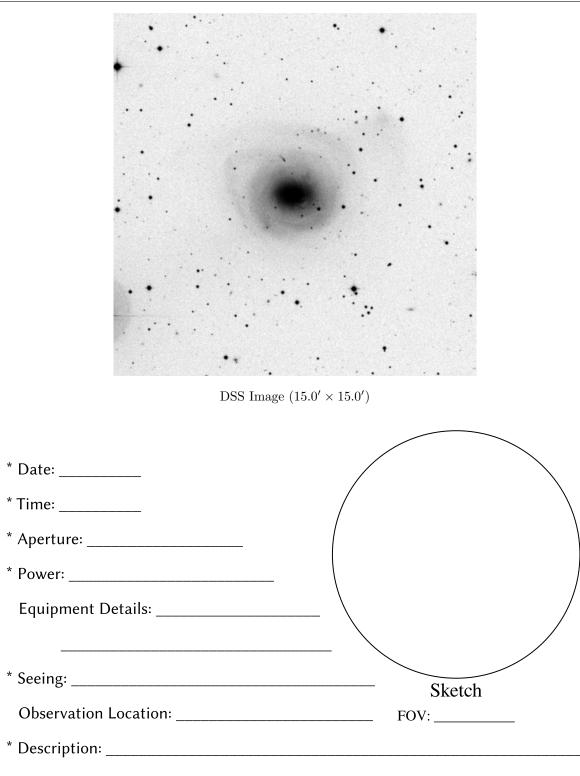




Right Ascension (current)		Declination (current)	$78^{\circ}10'14''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$08^{\rm h}55^{\rm m}37^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$78^{\circ}13'25''$
Size	$4.9' \times 4.1'$	Position Angle	5°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: vB;cL;lE 90;gsvmbM;diff SAC: H I 288;large nucleus w asym dk matter in lens;faint outer whirls

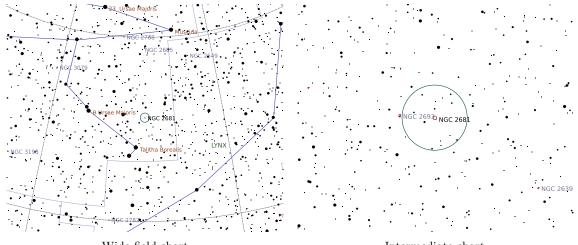




Galaxy in	Ursa Major
-----------	------------

Right Ascension (current)		Declination (current)	$51^{\circ}15'35''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$08^{\rm h}53^{\rm m}32^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$51^{\circ} 18' 47''$
Size	3.6' imes 3.3'	Position Angle	54°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	_

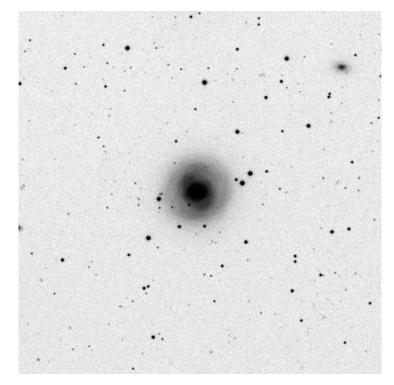
Description: Dreyer: vB;vL;vg;vsmbM *10 SAC: H I 242;Compact center and distinct spiral arms



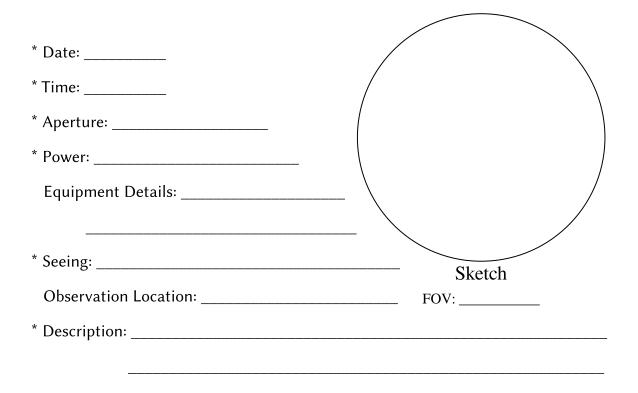
Wide-field chart

Intermediate chart





DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

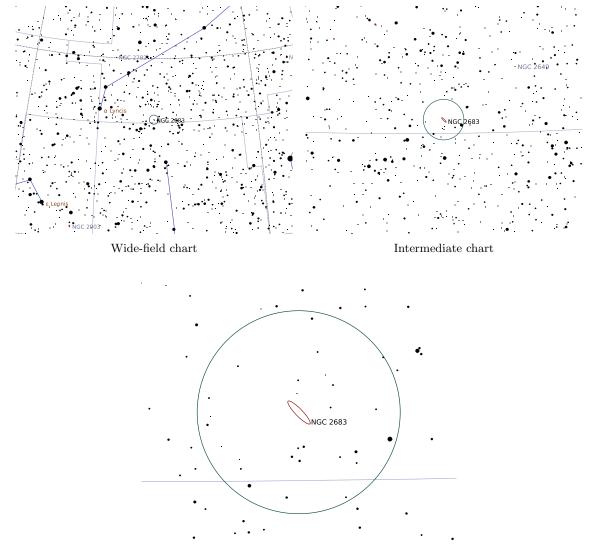


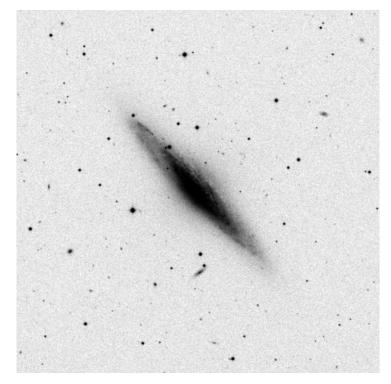
α 1	•	т
Galaxy	1n	Lvnx
Galany	111	L J III

Right Ascension (current) Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$\begin{array}{c} 08^{\rm h}53^{\rm m}32^{\rm s} \\ 08^{\rm h}52^{\rm m}41^{\rm s} \end{array}$	Declination (current) Declination (J2000.0)	33° 21′ 59″ 33° 25′ 12″
Size	$9.3' \times 2.1'$	Position Angle	46°
Magnitude	9.8	Other Designation	_

Description: Dreyer: vB;vL;vmE39;gmbM

SAC: H I 200; peanut-shaped bulge; many filam; arm w dk lanes 1 side





DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

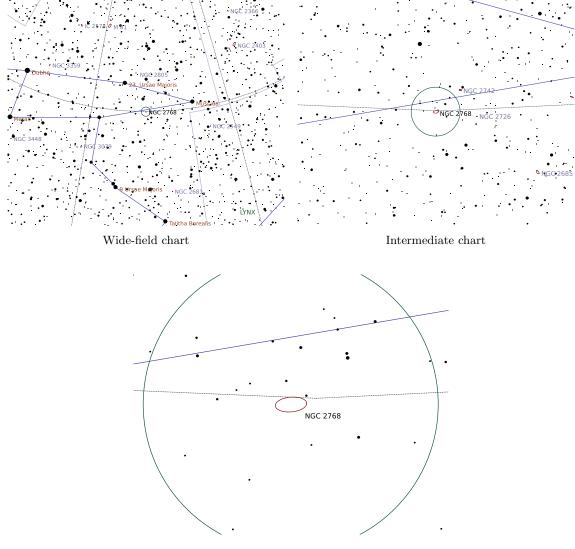


Galaxy in	Ursa Major
-----------	------------

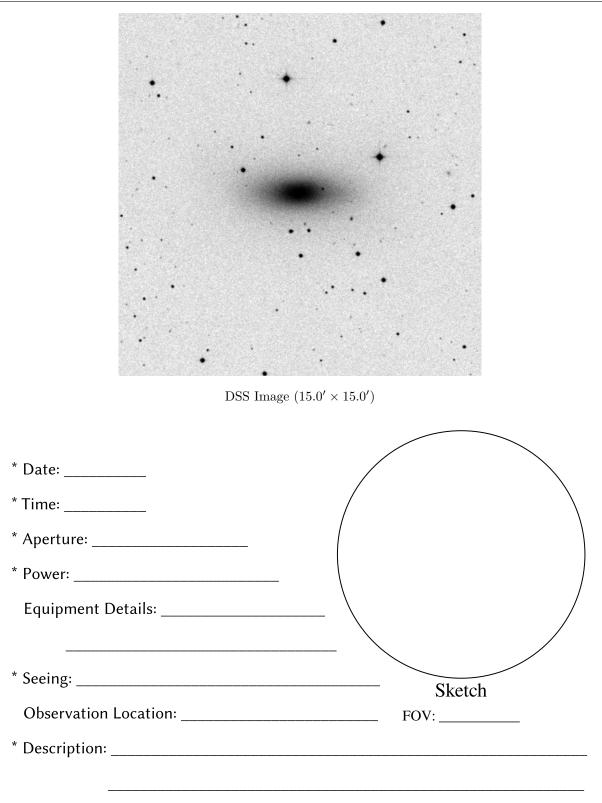
Right Ascension (current)	$09^{\rm h}12^{\rm m}41^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$59^{\circ}58'44''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$09^{\rm h}11^{\rm m}37^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$60^{\circ} 02' 11''$
Size	$6.4' \times 3'$	Position Angle	-5°
Magnitude	9.9	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: cB;cL;lE;psbM;LBN

SAC: H I 250;vsvB center; smooth neb in lens and external envelope



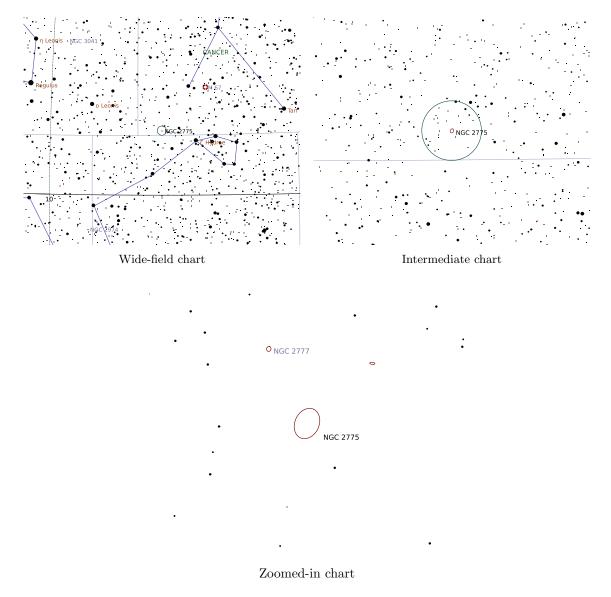
Zoomed-in chart

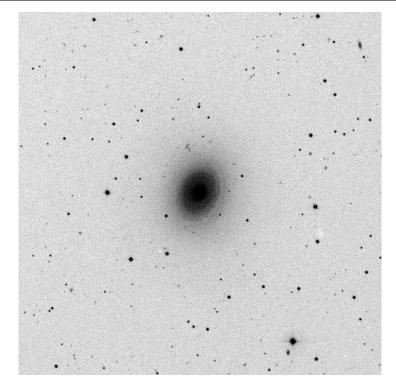


Galaxy	in	Cancer
--------	----	--------

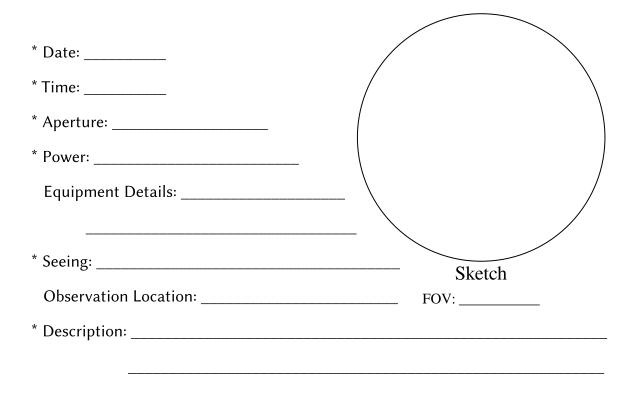
Right Ascension (current)	$09^{\rm h}11^{\rm m}03^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$6^{\circ} 58' 45''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$09^{\rm h}10^{\rm m}20^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$7^{\circ} 02' 14''$
Size	$4.3' \times 3.3'$	Position Angle	-65°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	_

Description: Dreyer: cB;cL;R;vgvsmbM;r SAC: H I 2;N in B smooth lens;many knotty arms form dk lane





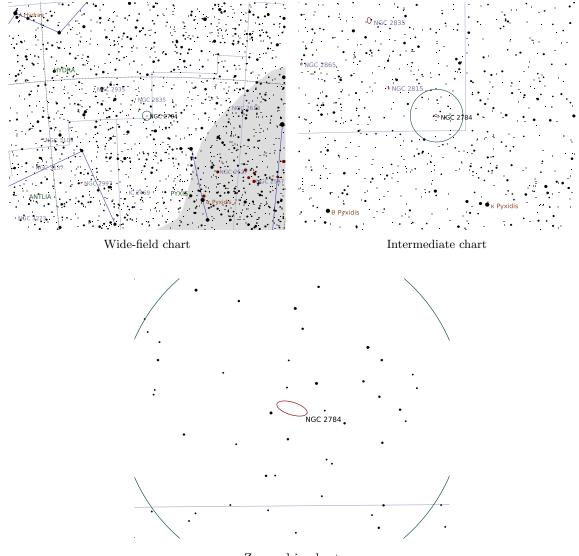
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

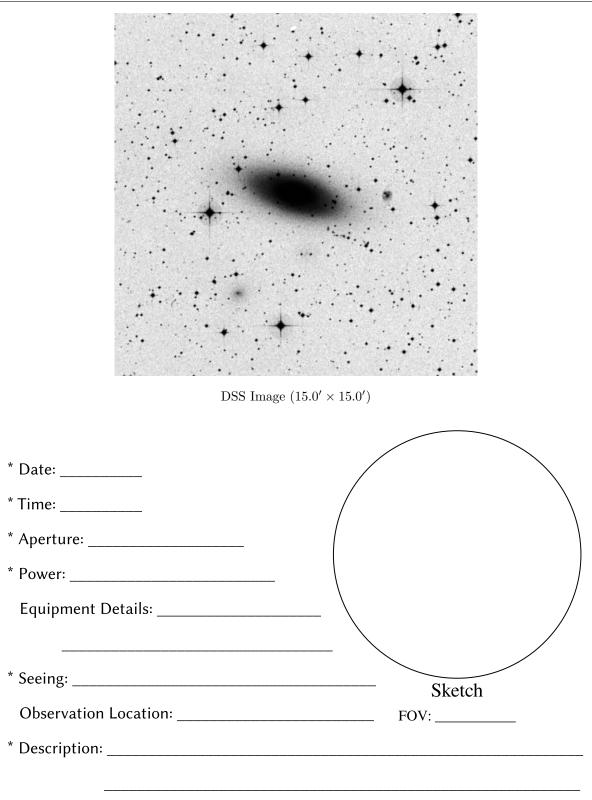


α 1	•	TT 1
('olovy	110	Hudro
Galaxy	111	nvura
<u> </u>		

Right Ascension (current)	$09^{\rm h}12^{\rm m}56^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$-24^{\circ} 13' 50''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$09^{\rm h}12^{\rm m}19^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-24^{\circ} \ 10' \ 21''$
Size	$5.5' \times 2.2'$	Position Angle	17°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	-

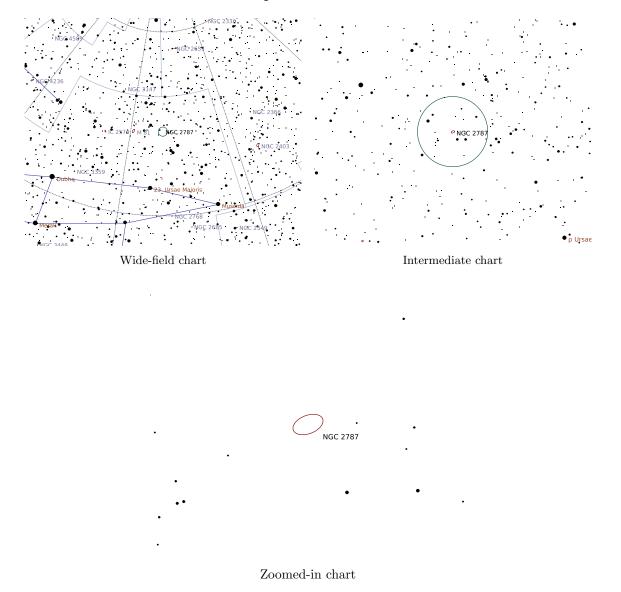
Description: Dreyer: B;L;mE 64 deg;gmbM SAC: H I 59

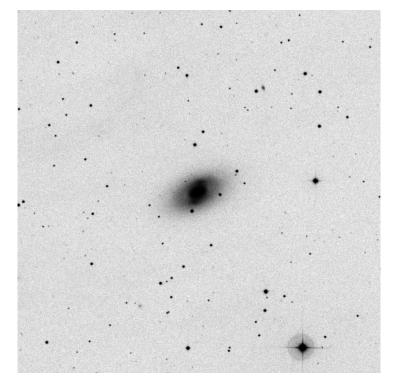




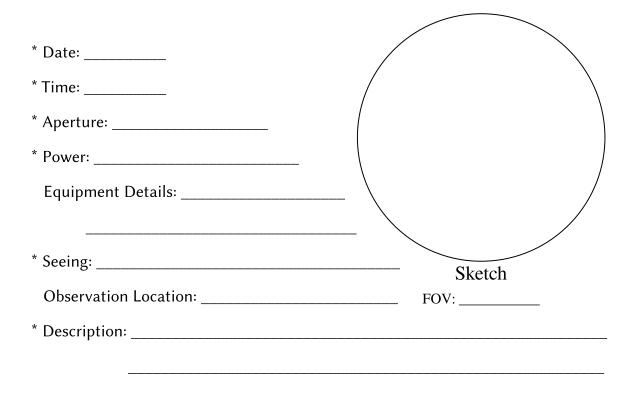
Right Ascension (current)Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$\begin{array}{c} 09^{\rm h}20^{\rm m}32^{\rm s} \\ 09^{\rm h}19^{\rm m}18^{\rm s} \end{array}$	Declination (current) Declination (J2000.0)	$\begin{array}{c} 69^{\circ} 08' 40'' \\ 69^{\circ} 12' 13'' \end{array}$
Size	$3.1' \times 1.8'$	Position Angle	-21°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: B;pL;lE 90 deg;mbM;r;vS* sf inv SAC: H I 216;B nucl in B inner lens;strong narrow bar w blobs





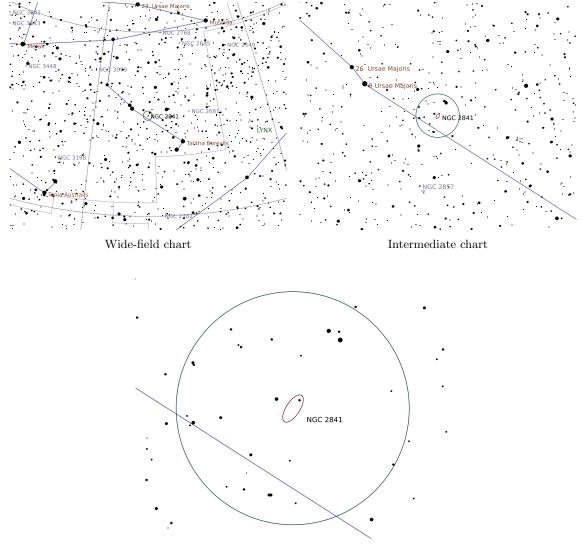
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

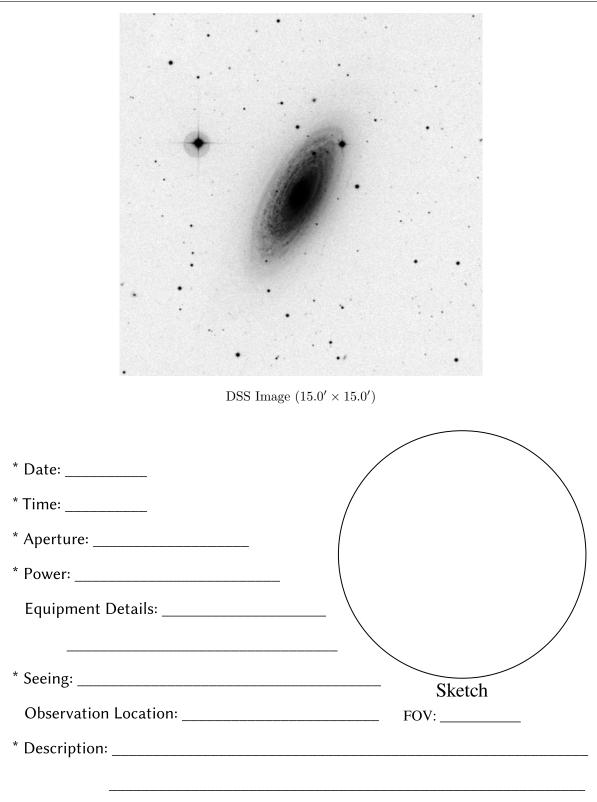


Galaxy i	n	Ursa	Major
----------	---	------	-------

Right Ascension (current) Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$\begin{array}{c} 09^{\rm h}22^{\rm m}58^{\rm s} \\ 09^{\rm h}22^{\rm m}02^{\rm s} \end{array}$	Declination (current) Declination (J2000.0)	50° 54′ 59″ 50° 58′ 35″
Size	$8.1' \times 3.5'$	Position Angle	-57°
Magnitude	9.2	Other Designation	_

Description: Dreyer: vB;L;vmE151;vsmbM = *10 SAC: H I 205;fine spiral w symmetrical whorls

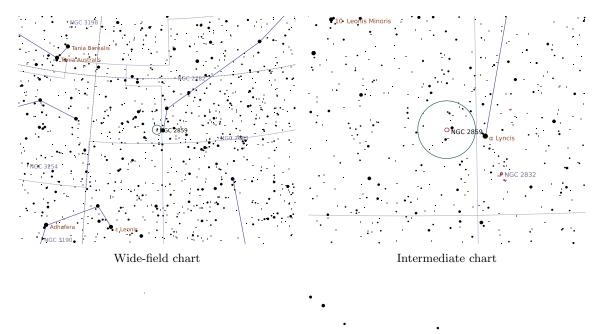




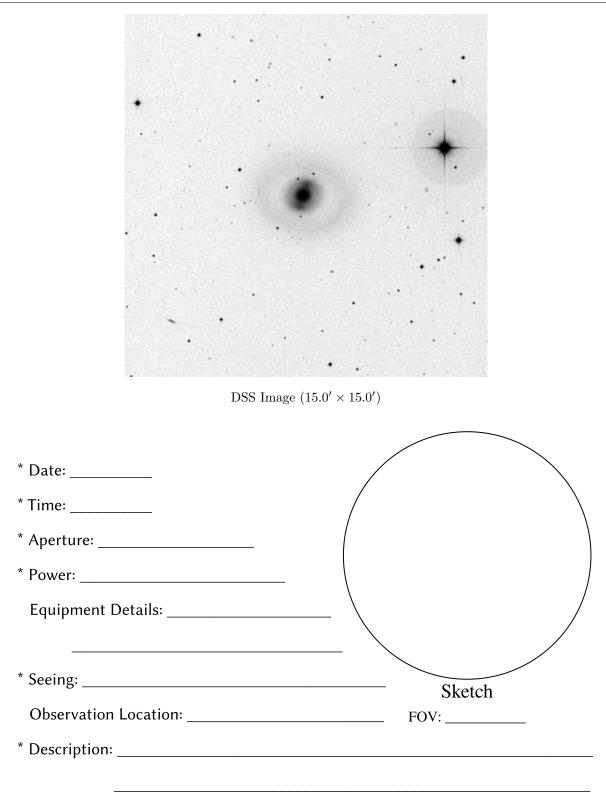
Galaxy in Leo Minor

Right Ascension (current) Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$\begin{array}{c} 09^{\rm h}25^{\rm m}08^{\rm s} \\ 09^{\rm h}24^{\rm m}18^{\rm s} \end{array}$	Declination (current) Declination (J2000.0)	$\frac{34^{\circ}27'09''}{34^{\circ}30'48''}$
Size	$4.6' \times 4.1'$	Position Angle	5°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	_

Description: Dreyer: vB;pL;R;smbM SAC: H I 137;bright nucleus in diff. bar w diff. blobs



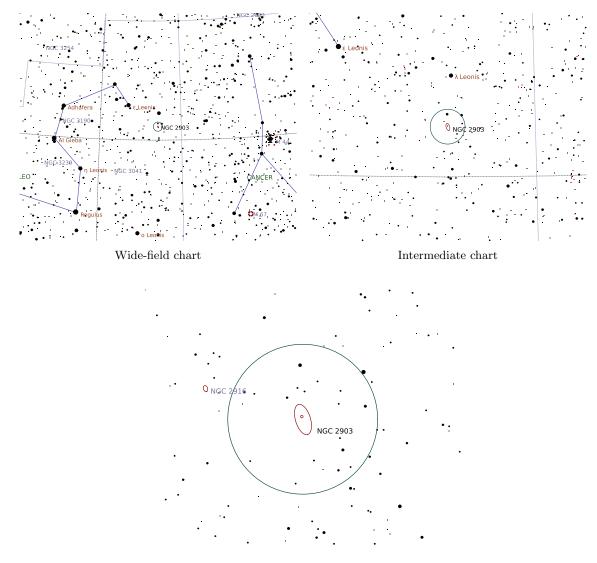


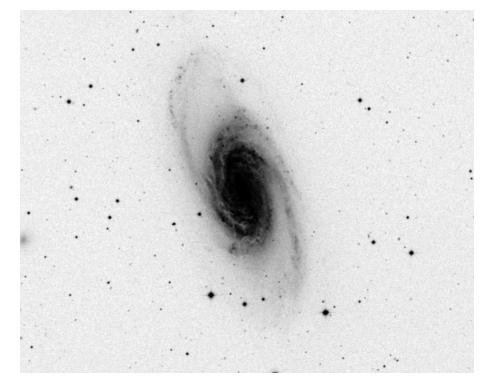


α		•	т
(+a)	laxy	1n	Leo
U CU	LOUXLY	TTT	100
	•		

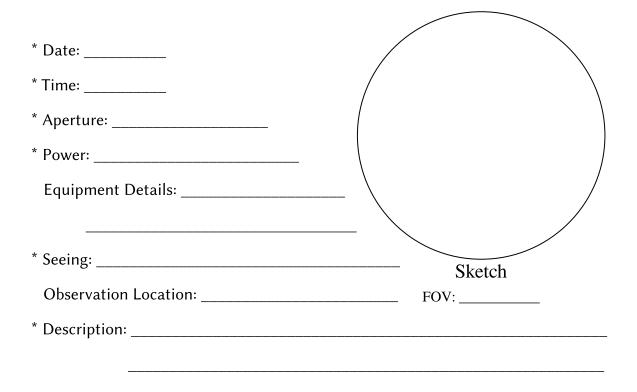
Right Ascension (current)		Declination (current)	$21^{\circ} 26' 12''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$09^{\rm h} 32^{\rm m} 09^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$21^{\circ}29'57''$
Size	$12.6' \times 6'$	Position Angle	73°
Magnitude	9	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: cB;vL;E;gmbM;r;sp of 2 SAC: H I 56;short B nucleus bar;fine multi arm spiral





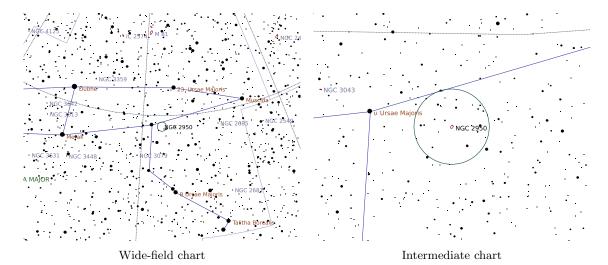
DSS Image $(18.8' \times 15.0')$



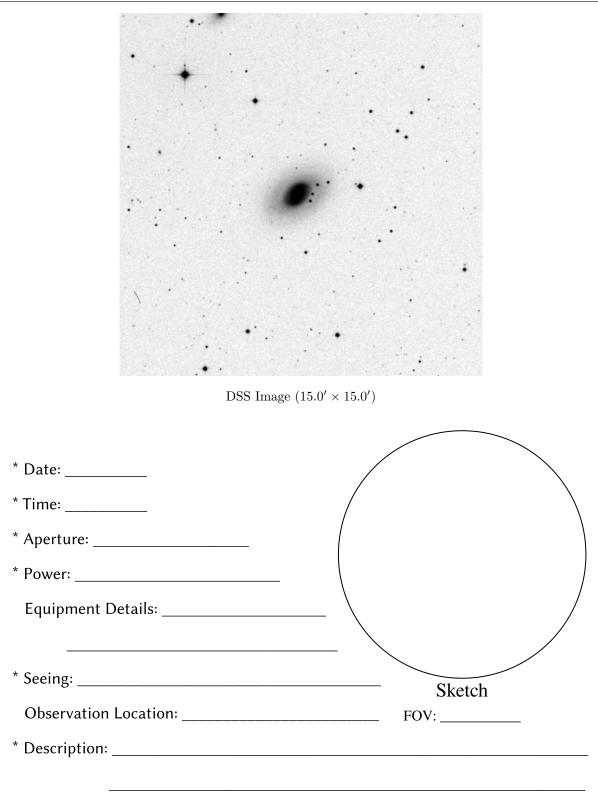
Galaxy in Ursa Major

Right Ascension (current)		Declination (current)	$58^{\circ} 47' 14''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$09^{\rm h}42^{\rm m}34^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$58^{\circ}51'05''$
Size	$2.7' \times 1.8'$	Position Angle	-55°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: B;pS;R;vgvmbMN SAC: H IV 68



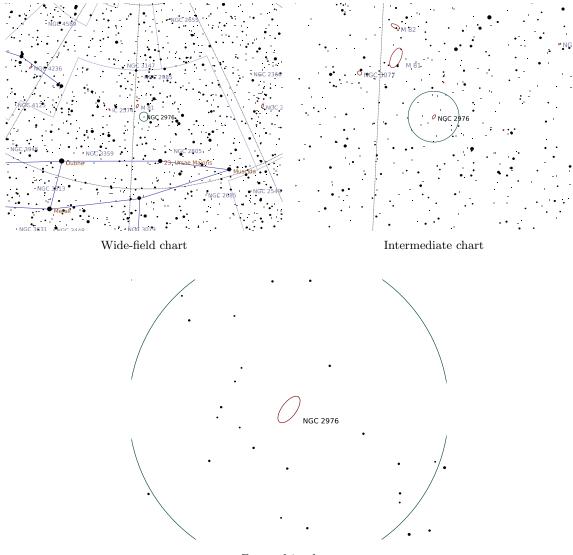
O NGC 2950

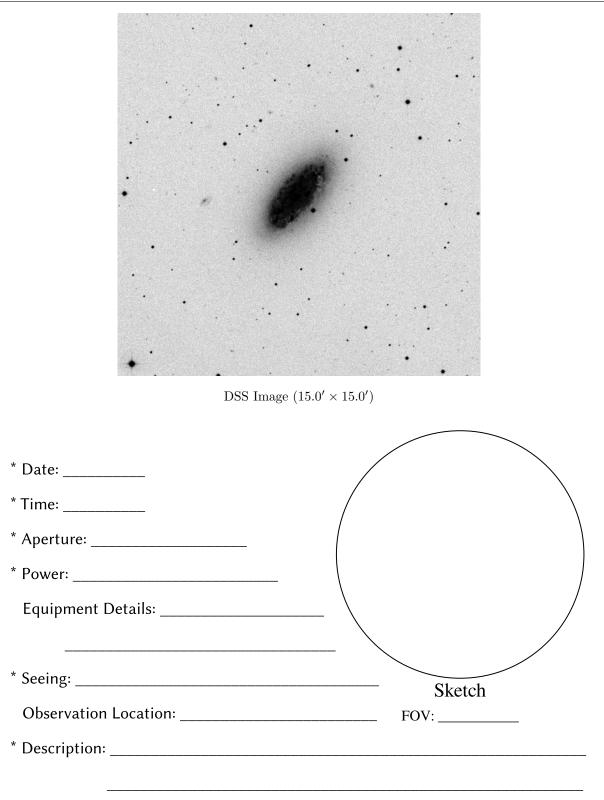


Galaxy in	Ursa Major
-----------	------------

Right Ascension (current)			$67^{\circ} 51' 09''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$09^{\rm h}47^{\rm m}14^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$67^{\circ}55'03''$
Size	$5.9' \times 2.7'$	Position Angle	-53°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: B;vL;mE152;st inv SAC: H I 285;B main body;chaotic inner w many dk lane;F outer disc

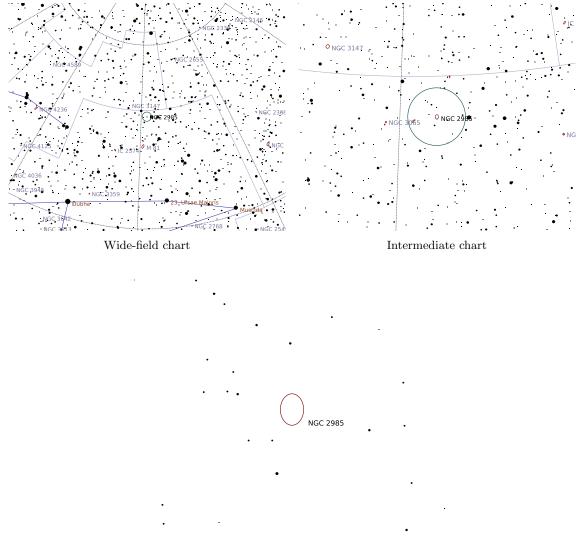


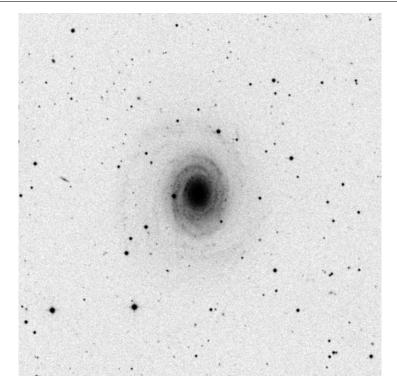


Galaxy in	Ursa Major
-----------	------------

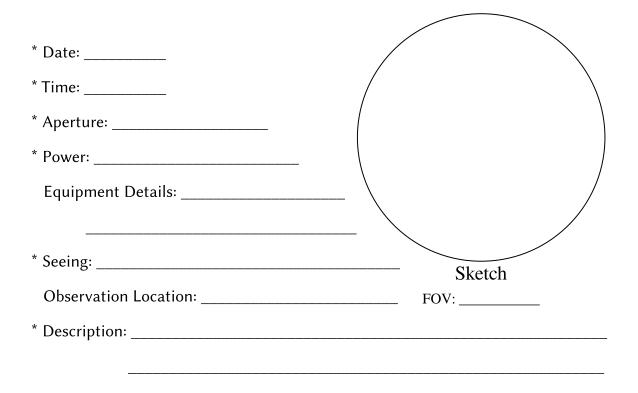
Right Ascension (current)	$09^{\rm h}51^{\rm m}35^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$72^{\circ} 12' 47''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$09^{\rm h}50^{\rm m}21^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$72^{\circ} 16' 43''$
Size	$4.6' \times 3.4'$	Position Angle	90°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: vB;cL;R;psmbM;* inv f SAC: H I 78;diff BN;many poor res knotty arms; P w NGC 3027 at 25'





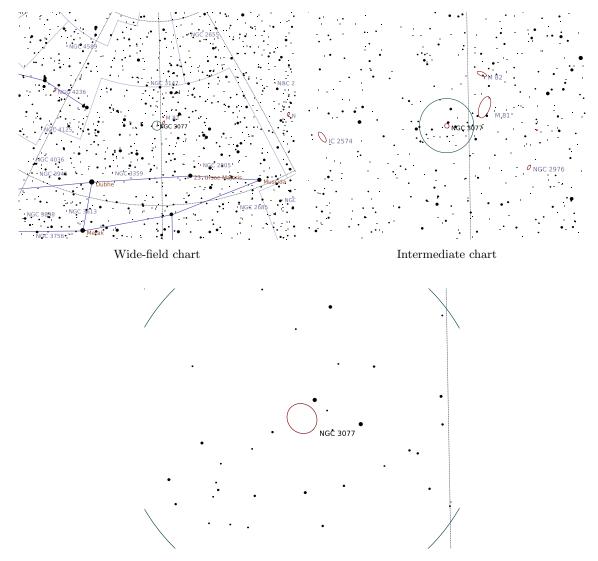
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

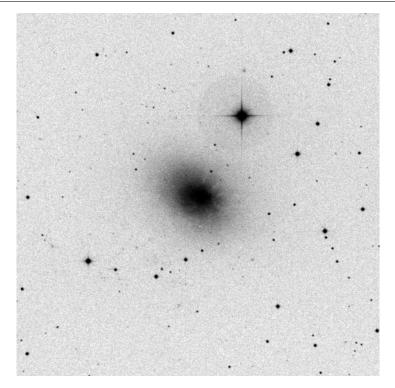


Galaxy in	Ursa Major
-----------	------------

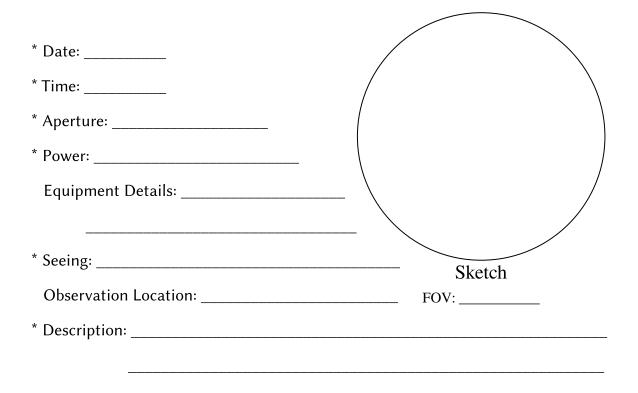
Right Ascension (current)	$10^{\rm h}04^{\rm m}26^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$68^{\circ} 40' 02''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$10^{\rm h}03^{\rm m}20^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$68^{\circ} 44' 06''$
Size	$5.2' \times 4.7'$	Position Angle	45°
Magnitude	9.9	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: cB;cL;mbM;R w ray SAC: H I 286;M81 group;dust streamers tending to radial direction





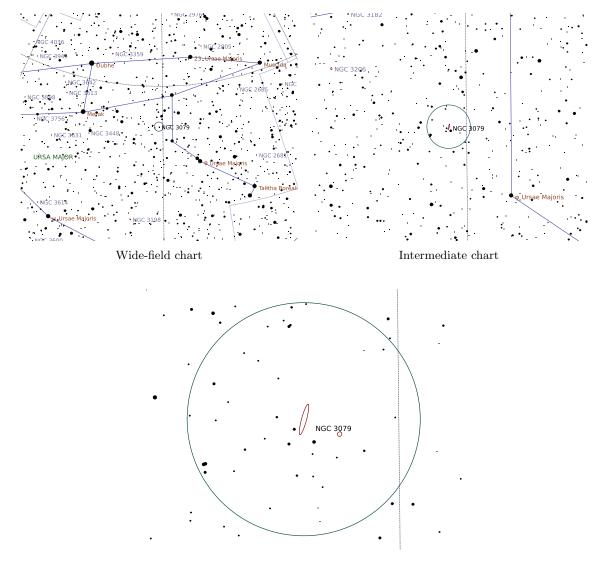
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$



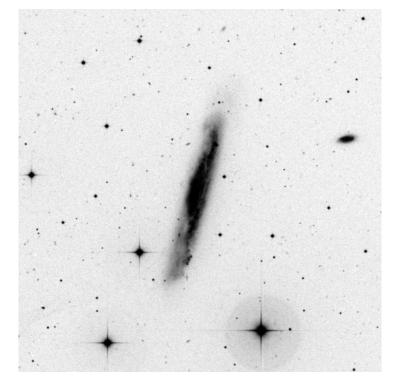
Galaxy in ¹	Ursa Major
------------------------	------------

Right Ascension (current)		Declination (current)	$55^{\circ} 36' 49''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$10^{\rm h}01^{\rm m}57^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$55^{\circ} 40' 53''$
Size	8.1' imes 1.3'	Position Angle	-75°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	_

Description: Dreyer: vB;L;mE 135;long streak SAC: H V 47;brightest of 3;comp 6.5 nf;0.9'X0.4';mag 14.6



Zoomed-in chart



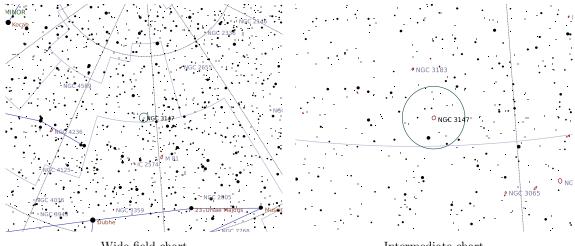
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$



Galaxy in	Draco
-----------	-------

Right Ascension (current)	$10^{\rm h} 18^{\rm m} 03^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	73° 19′ 49″
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$10^{\rm h}16^{\rm m}53^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$73^{\circ} 24' 01''$
Size	3.9' imes 3.5'	Position Angle	-65°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	—

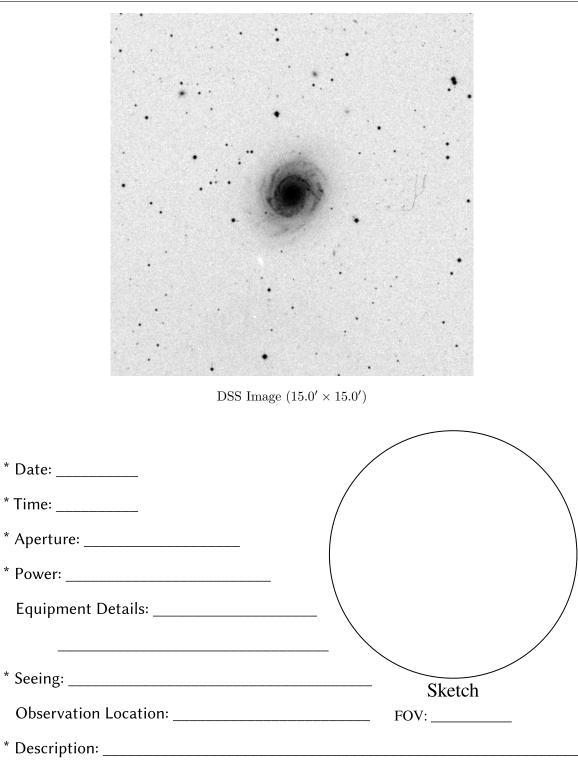
Description: Dreyer: vB;L;R;vgvsvmbM SAC: H I 79;vBN;many filam. narrow arms in lens



Wide-field chart

Intermediate chart

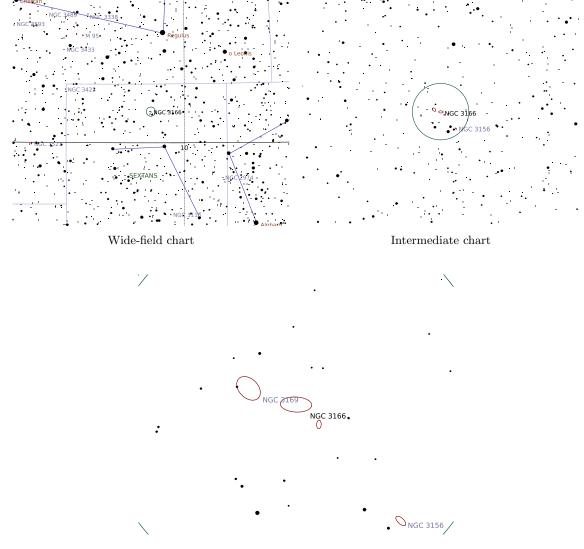


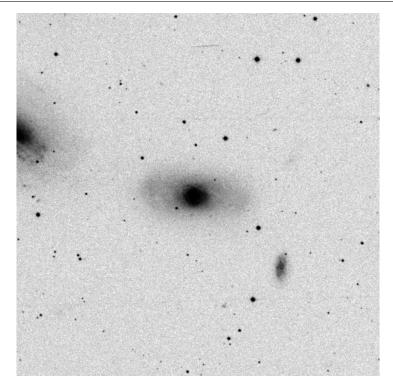


Galaxy	in	Sextans
--------	----	---------

Right Ascension (current)	$10^{\rm h}14^{\rm m}27^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$3^{\circ} 21' 23''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$10^{\rm h}13^{\rm m}45^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$3^{\circ} 25' 33''$
Size	$4.8' \times 2.3'$	Position Angle	3°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	_

Description: Dreyer: B;pS;R;psmbM;2nd of 3 SAC: H I 3;brightest in group





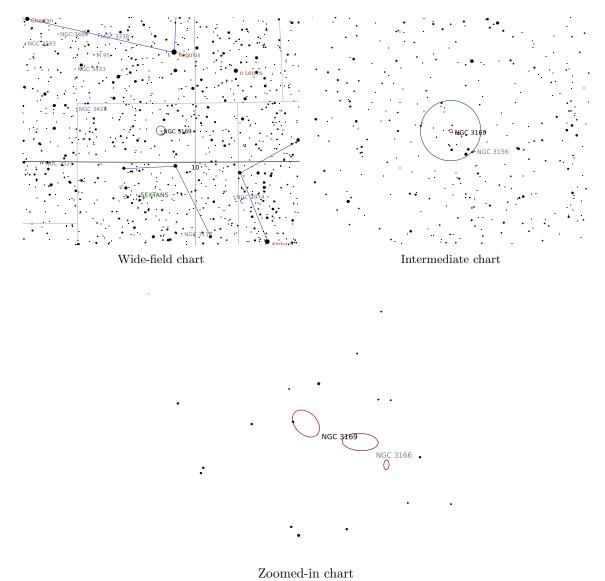
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

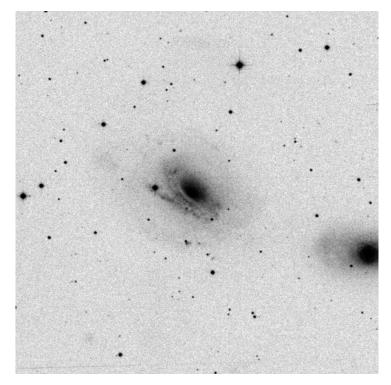


Galaxy	in	Sextans
--------	----	---------

Right Ascension (current) Right Ascension (J2000.0)	,	Declination (current) Declination (J2000.0)	$3^{\circ} 23' 51'' 3^{\circ} 28' 01''$
Size	$4.2' \times 2.9'$	Position Angle	45°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	—

Description: Dreyer: B;pL;vlE;pgmbM;*11;78;80'';3rd of 3 SAC: H I 4;eF corona vis to approx 8X6;P w NGC 3166





DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$



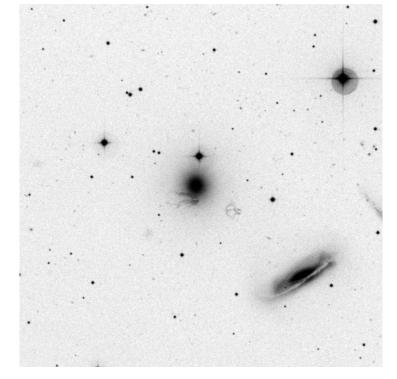
NGC 3193 (Hickson 44)

Right Ascension (current)	$10^{\rm h}19^{\rm m}09^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$21^{\circ} 49' 24''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$10^{\rm h}18^{\rm m}24^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$21^{\circ}53'38''$
Size	$2' \times 2'$	Position Angle	90°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	_

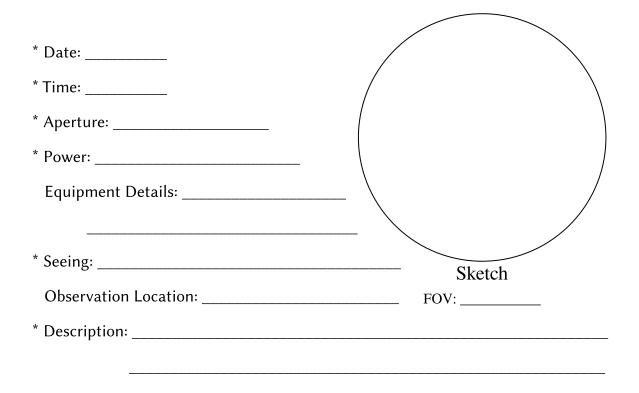
Galaxy in Leo

Description: Dreyer: B;S;vlE;pslbM;*9.5;354;80'' SAC: H II 45;NGC 3189-90 group;vB center in smooth nebula





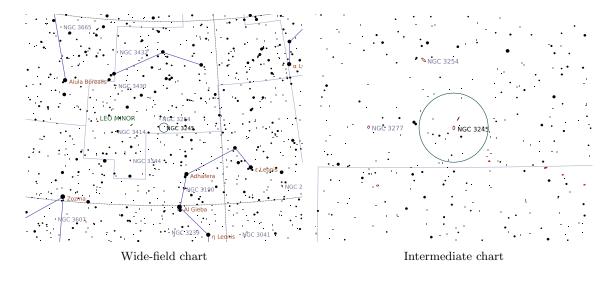
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$



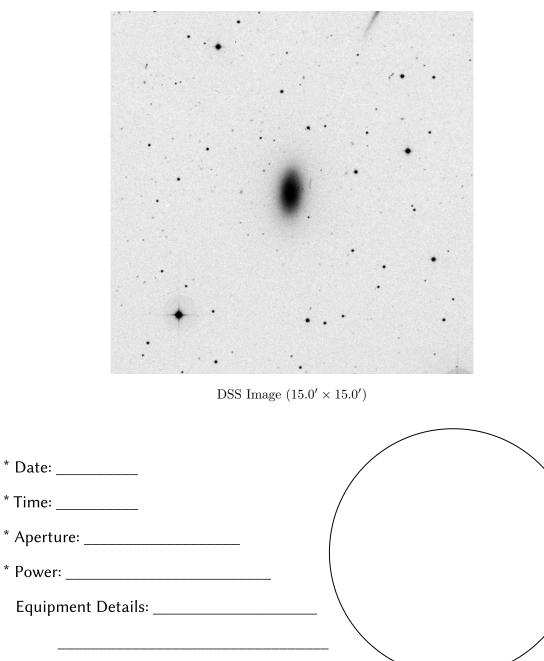
Galaxy in Leo Minor

Right Ascension (current) Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$\begin{array}{c} 10^{\rm h}28^{\rm m}04^{\rm s}\\ 10^{\rm h}27^{\rm m}18^{\rm s} \end{array}$	Declination (current) Declination (J2000.0)	$\frac{28^{\circ} 26' 10''}{28^{\circ} 30' 28''}$
Size	$3.2' \times 1.8'$	Position Angle	-87°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	_

Description: Dreyer: vB;pL;E 0;smbMEN SAC: H I 86





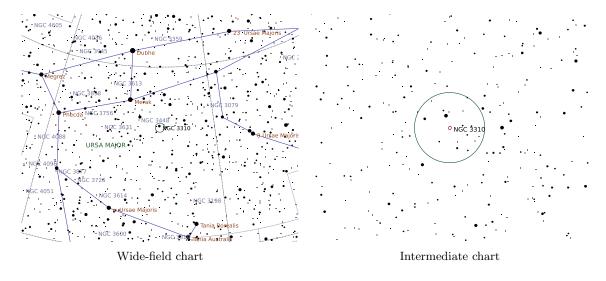


* Seeing: ______ Sketch
Observation Location: ______ FOV: _____
* Description: ______

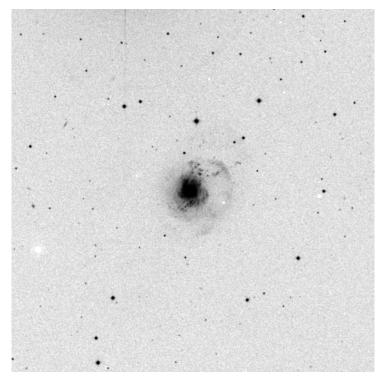
Galaxy in	Ursa Major
-----------	------------

Right Ascension (current)		Declination (current)	$53^{\circ}25'48''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$10^{\rm h}38^{\rm m}45^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$53^{\circ} 30' 12''$
Size	$3.1' \times 2.4'$	Position Angle	-66°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	-

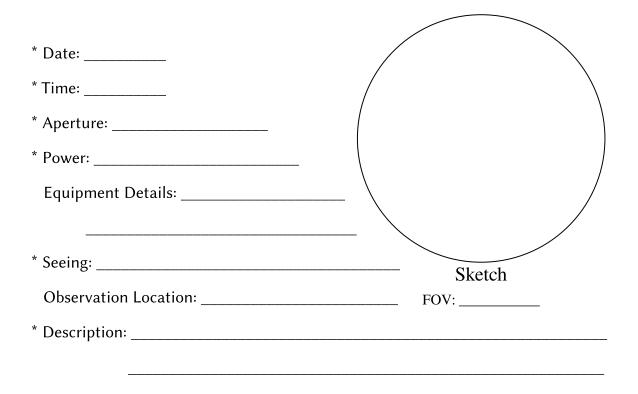
Description: Dreyer: cB;pL;R;vg;vsmbMN 15'' SAC: H IV 60;UGC 5786







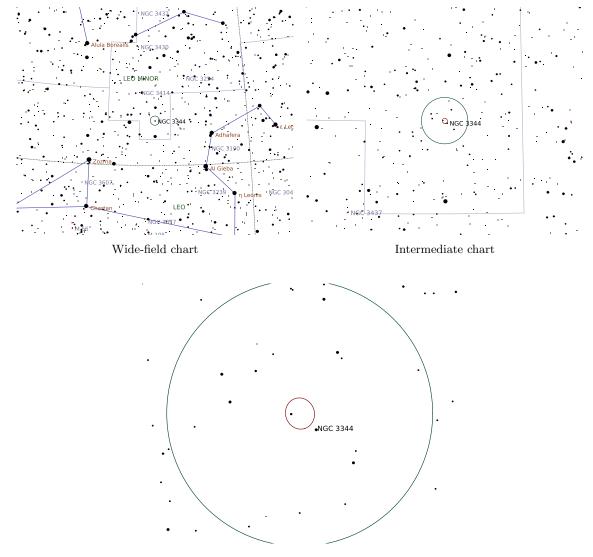
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

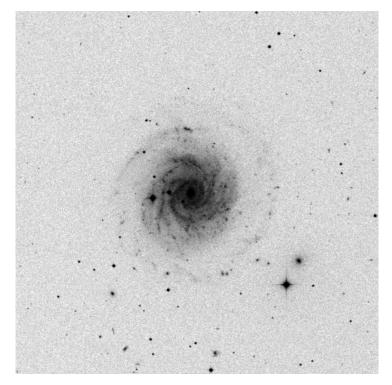


Galaxy in Leo Minor

Right Ascension (current)	$10^{\rm h}44^{\rm m}15^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$24^{\circ}50'57''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$10^{\rm h}43^{\rm m}30^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$24^{\circ}55'22''$
Size	7.1' imes 6.5'	Position Angle	72°
Magnitude	9.9	Other Designation	—

Description: Dreyer: cB;L;gbM;* inv;2 st f SAC: H I 81





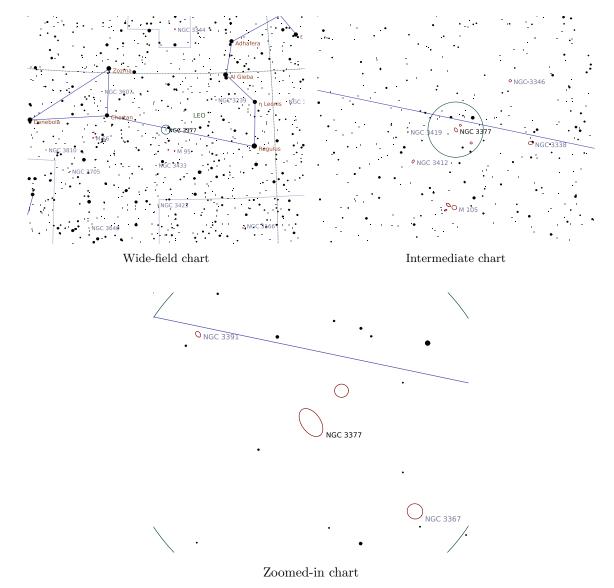
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

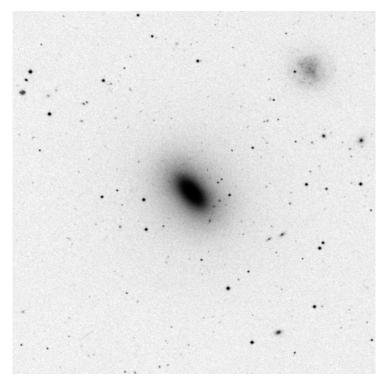


α 1		•	т
(_t a)	laxy	1n	Leo
0.00	icary.	***	100

Right Ascension (current)	$10^{\rm h} 48^{\rm m} 25^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$13^{\circ}54'43''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$10^{\rm h}47^{\rm m}42^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$13^{\circ}59'09''$
Size	$5' \times 3'$	Position Angle	55°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: vB;cL;lE;svmbMBN SAC: H II 99;Leo group





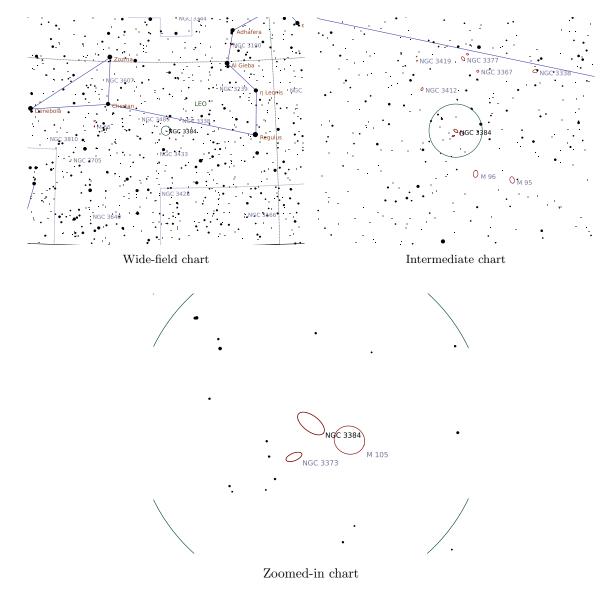
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

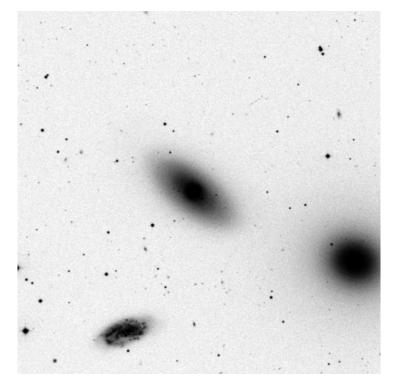


α		•	т
(_t a)	laxy	1n	Leo
0.00	icary.	***	100

Right Ascension (current)	$10^{\rm h} 48^{\rm m} 59^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$12^{\circ} 33' 17''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$10^{\rm h} 48^{\rm m} 16^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$12^{\circ} 37' 43''$
Size	$5.4' \times 2.7'$	Position Angle	37°
Magnitude	9.9	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: vB;L;R;psmbM;2nd of 3 SAC: H I 18;Leo group;in triple group w NGC 3379 and NGC 3389





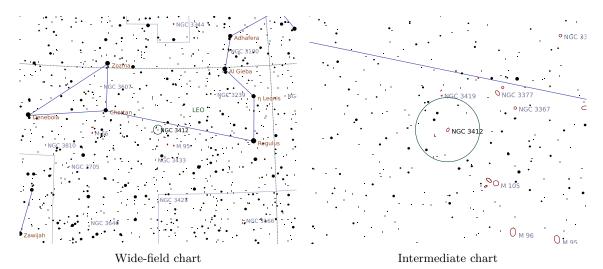
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

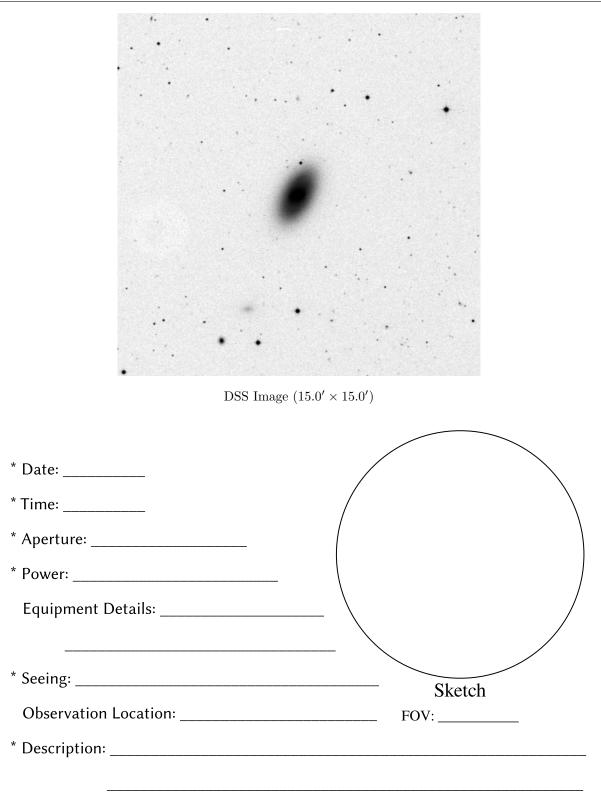


α 1	•	т
Galaxy	1n	Leo
Galaxy	TTT	L 00

Right Ascension (current) Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$\frac{10^{\rm h}51^{\rm m}36^{\rm s}}{10^{\rm h}50^{\rm m}53^{\rm s}}$	Declination (current) Declination (J2000.0)	13° 20′ 19″ 13° 24′ 46″
Size	$3.7' \times 2.2'$	Position Angle	-65°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	—

Description: Dreyer: B;S;lE 135;smbMN SAC: H I 27;Leo group

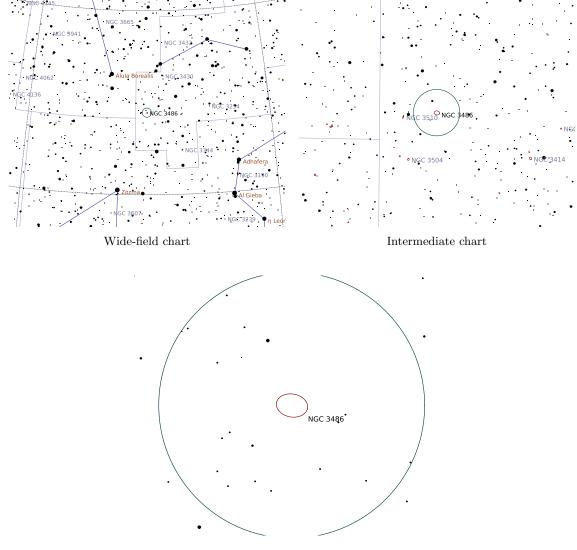


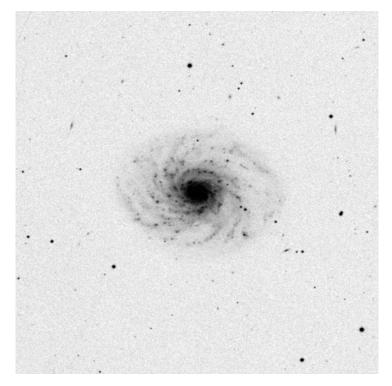


Galaxy in Leo Minor

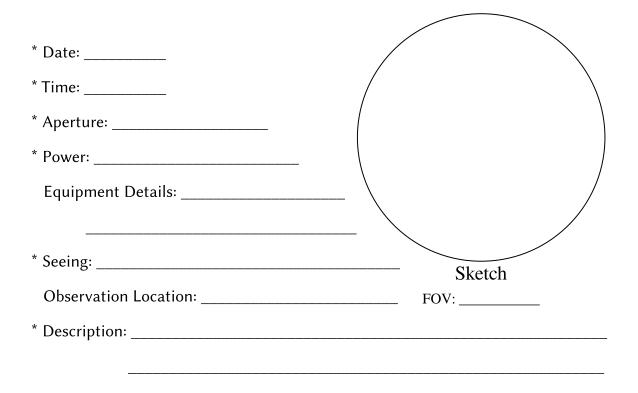
Right Ascension (current)	$11^{\rm h}01^{\rm m}08^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$28^{\circ}54'01''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$11^{\rm h}00^{\rm m}24^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$28^{\circ} 58' 32''$
Size	$7.1' \times 5.2'$	Position Angle	10°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	—

Description: Dreyer: cB;cL;R;gmbM SAC: H I 87





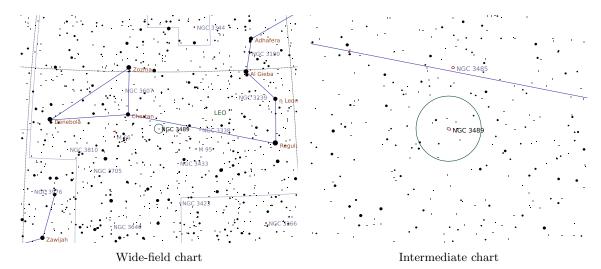
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$



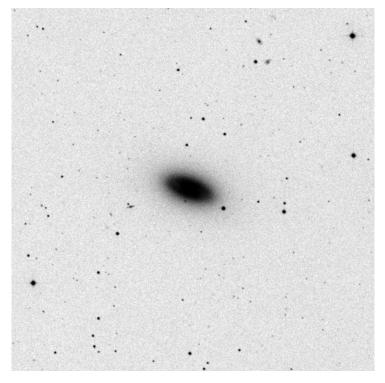
Galaxy in Leo

Right Ascension (current)Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$\frac{11^{\rm h}01^{\rm m}01^{\rm s}}{11^{\rm h}00^{\rm m}18^{\rm s}}$	Declination (current) Declination (J2000.0)	13° 49′ 33″ 13° 54′ 03″
Size	$3.6' \times 2.2'$	Position Angle	20°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: vB;pL;lE 80;smbMN SAC: H II 101;Leo group







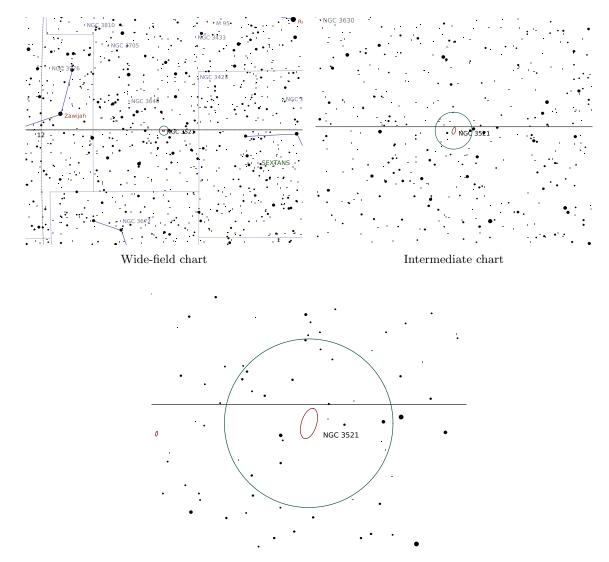
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

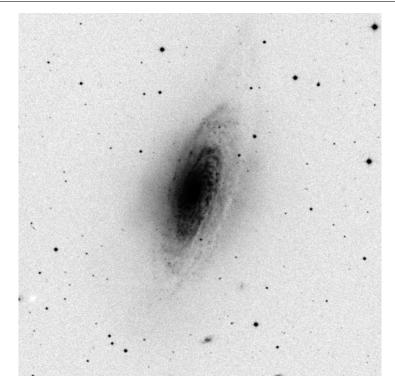


α		•	т
(÷a	laxy	1n	Leo
U au	lary	111	LUU

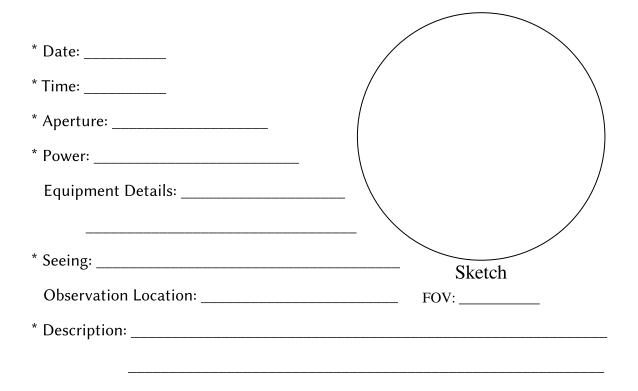
Right Ascension (current)	$11^{\rm h}06^{\rm m}30^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$-0^{\circ} 06' 42''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$11^{\rm h}05^{\rm m}48^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-0^{\circ} 02' 13''$
Size	$11.2' \times 5.4'$	Position Angle	-73°
Magnitude	9	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: cB;cL;mE 140;vsmbMN SAC: H I 13





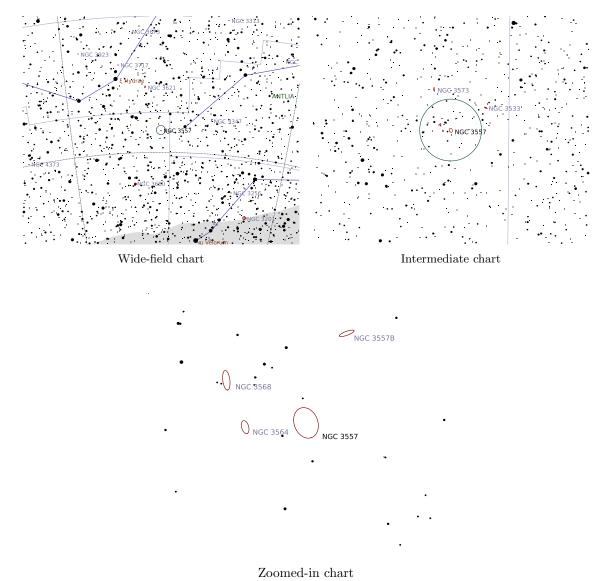
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

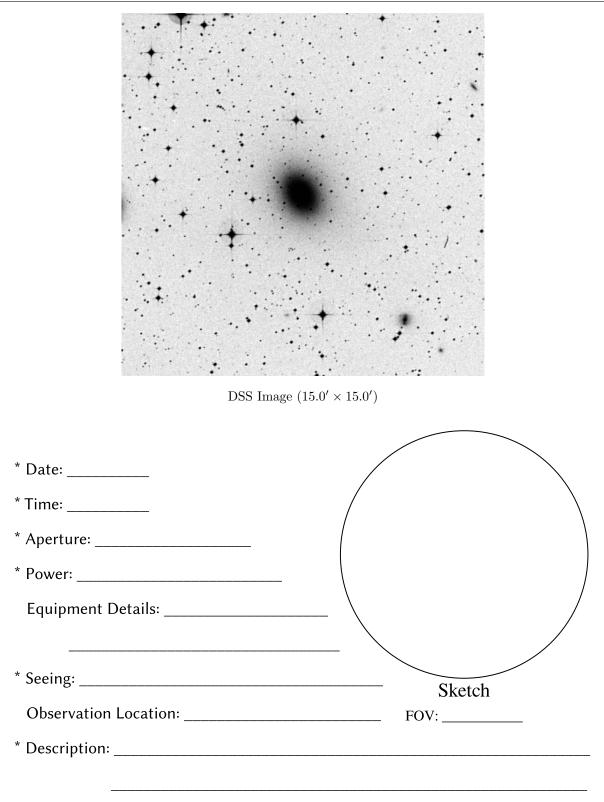


Galaxy in Centaurus

Right Ascension (current)	$11^{\rm h}_{\rm h}10^{\rm m}36^{\rm s}_{\rm h}$	Declination (current)	$-37^{\circ} 36' 45''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$11^{\rm h}09^{\rm m}57^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-37^{\circ} 32' 22''$
Size	$4' \times 3'$	Position Angle	69°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	—

Description: Dreyer: B;S;R;pgmbM;1st of 3

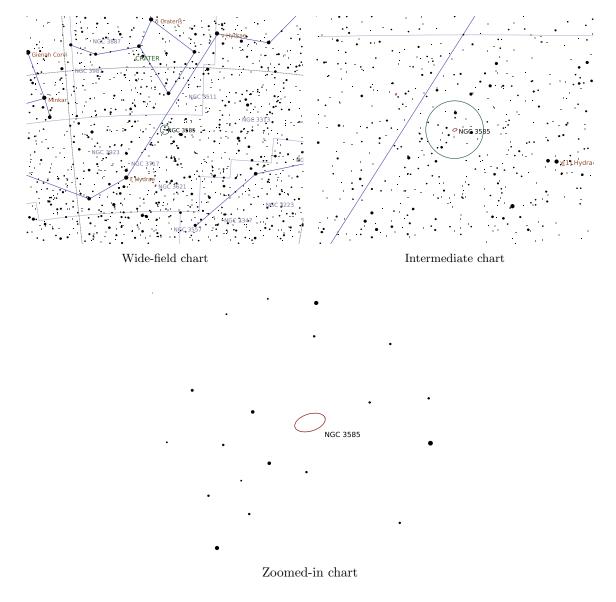


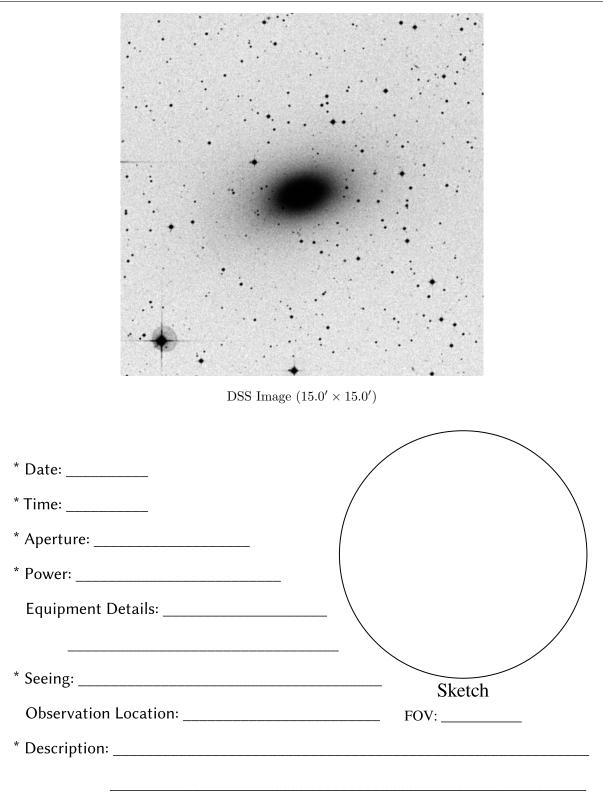


Galaxy in Hydra

Right Ascension (current)		Declination (current)	$-26^{\circ} 49' 43''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$11^{\rm h}13^{\rm m}17^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-26^{\circ} 45' 18''$
Size	$4.6' \times 2.5'$	Position Angle	-17°
Magnitude	9.9	Other Designation	_

Description: Dreyer: B;pL;E;vsmbMN;2 B st tri SAC: H II 269

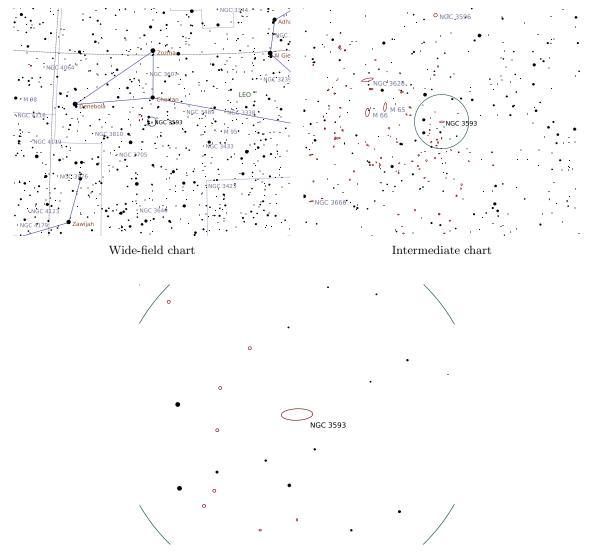


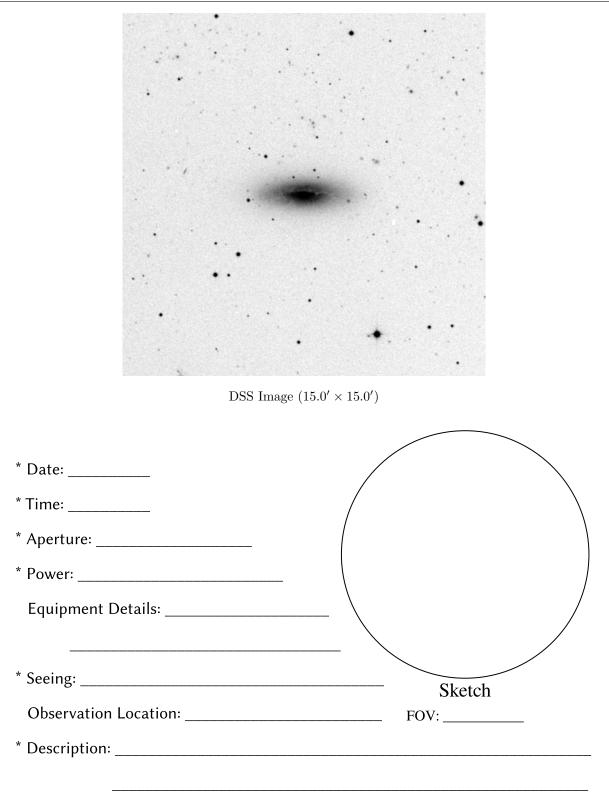


Gala	axy	in	Leo	
------	-----	----	-----	--

Right Ascension (current) Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$\frac{11^{\rm h}15^{\rm m}20^{\rm s}}{11^{\rm h}14^{\rm m}37^{\rm s}}$	Declination (current) Declination (J2000.0)	$12^{\circ} 44' 32''$ $12^{\circ} 49' 06''$
		()	
Size	$5.2' \times 1.9'$	Position Angle	-2°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: B;cL;E 90;psmbM SAC: H I 29;in NGC 3607 group;BN w L bulge and dk lane

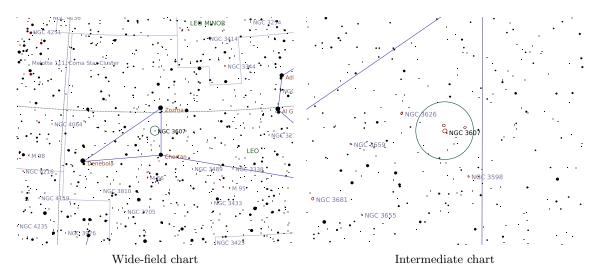




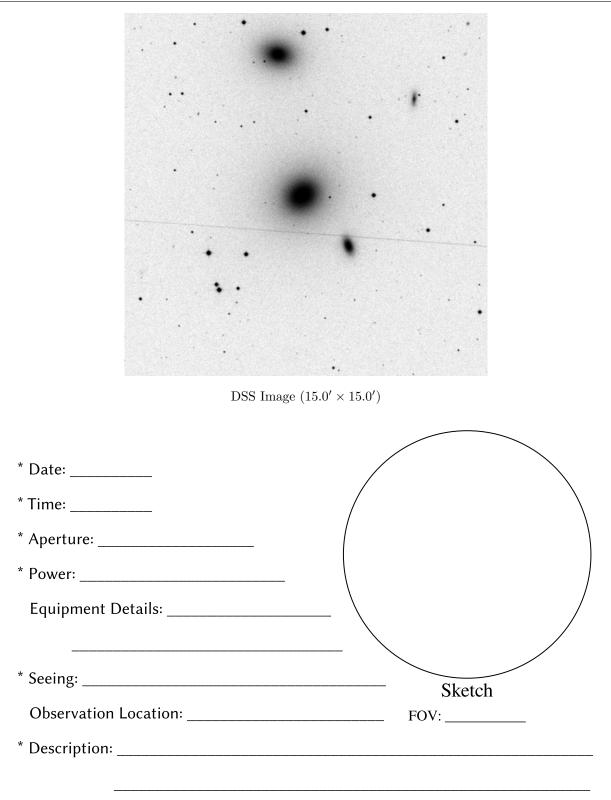
A 1 ·	т
Galaxy i	n Leo

Right Ascension (current)			$17^{\circ} 58' 33''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$11^{\rm h}16^{\rm m}54^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$18^{\circ}03'08''$
Size	$4.6' \times 4'$	Position Angle	-30°
Magnitude	9.9	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: vB;L;R;vmbM;2nd of 3 SAC: H II 50;brightest in group;P w NGC 3608 at 6.2';PA10



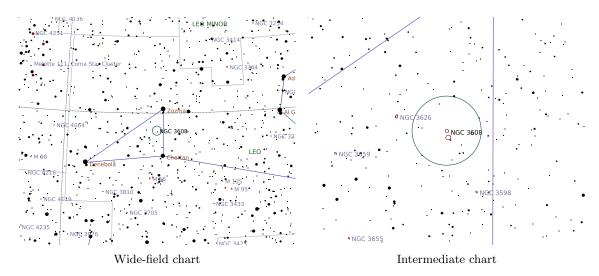




α 1		•	т
Ga	laxy	1n	Leo

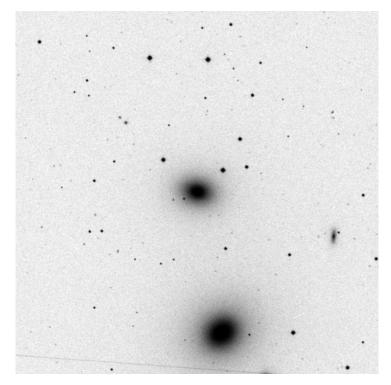
Right Ascension (current)		Declination (current)	$18^{\circ} 04' 18''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$11^{\rm h}16^{\rm m}59^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$18^{\circ} 08' 53''$
Size	$3.2' \times 2.6'$	Position Angle	15°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: B;pL;R;psbM;3rd of 3 SAC: H II 51;NGC 3607 group;comp 5.9';PA251;0.8'X0.3'





Zoomed-in chart

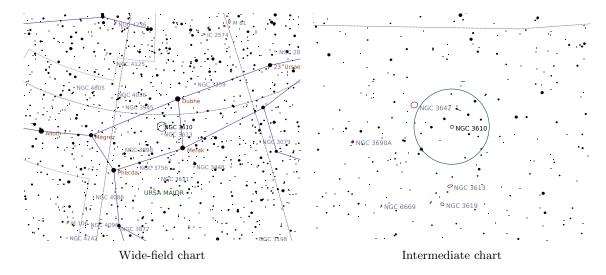


DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

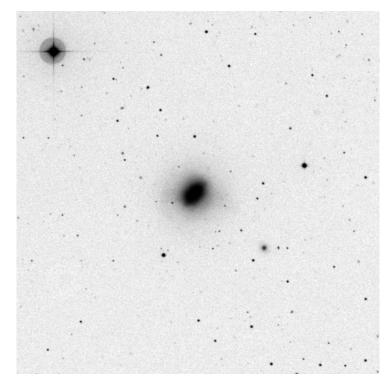


Right Ascension (current)	$11^{\rm h}19^{\rm m}12^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$58^{\circ} 42' 34''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$11^{\rm h}18^{\rm m}24^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$58^{\circ} 47' 12''$
Size	$2.7' \times 2.3'$	Position Angle	-54°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	-

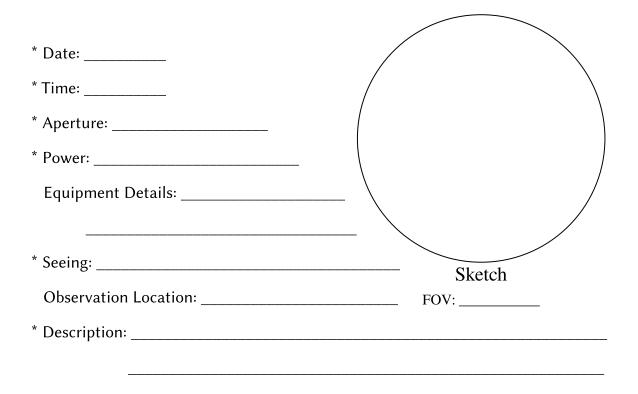
Description: Dreyer: vB;pS;lE 90;vsvmbMSN SAC: H I 270;comp 3.7';PA232;0.25'X0.25'







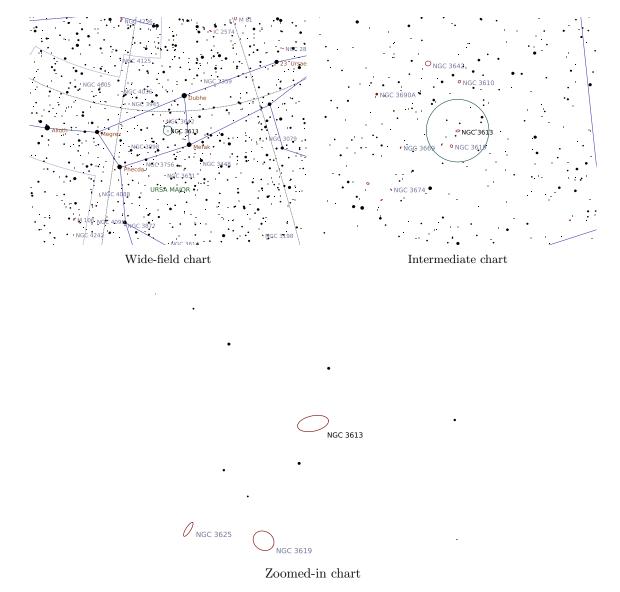
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

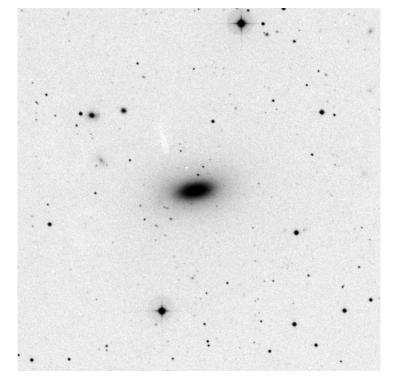


Galaxy in	Ursa Major
-----------	------------

Right Ascension (current)	$11^{\rm h}19^{\rm m}22^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$57^{\circ}55'24''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$11^{\rm h}18^{\rm m}35^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$58^{\circ}00'02''$
Size	$3.9' \times 1.9'$	Position Angle	-12°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: vB;cL;mE 305;smbMN SAC: H I 271;P w NGC 3619 at 15.7' PA158





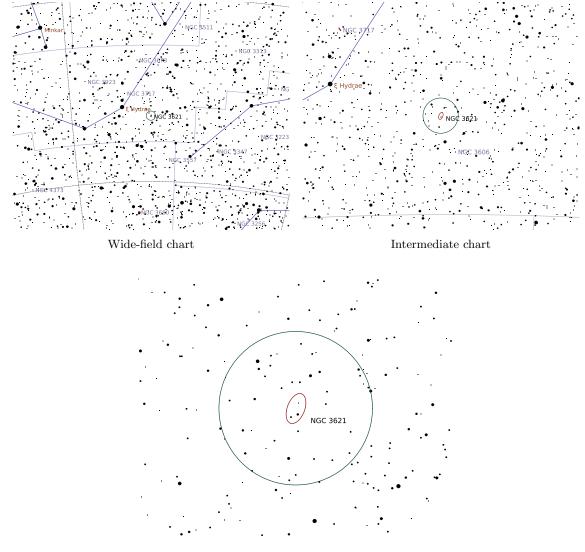
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$



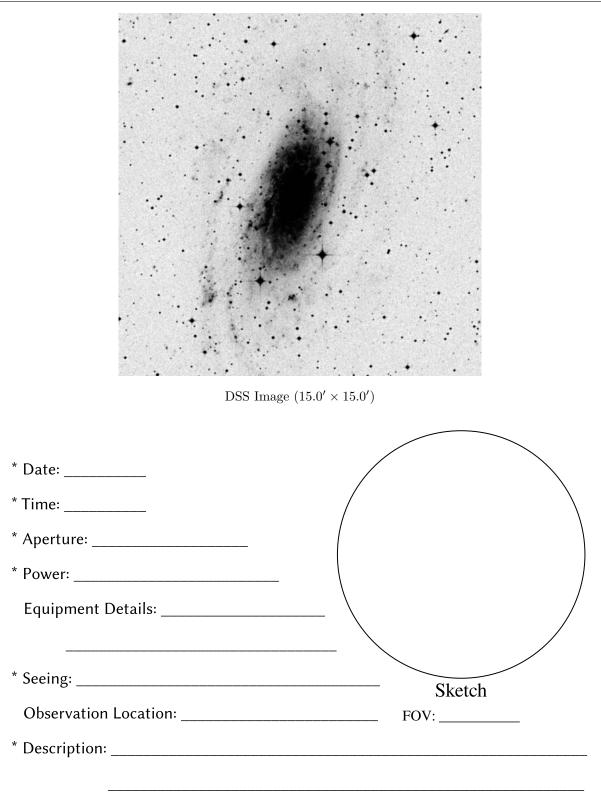
Galaxy in Hydra

Right Ascension (current)	$11^{\rm h} 18^{\rm m} 55^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$-32^{\circ}53'05''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$11^{\rm h}18^{\rm m}15^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-32^{\circ} 48' 40''$
Size	$12.3' \times 6.8'$	Position Angle	-69°
Magnitude	9.7	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: cB;vL;E 160;am 4 st SAC: H I 241



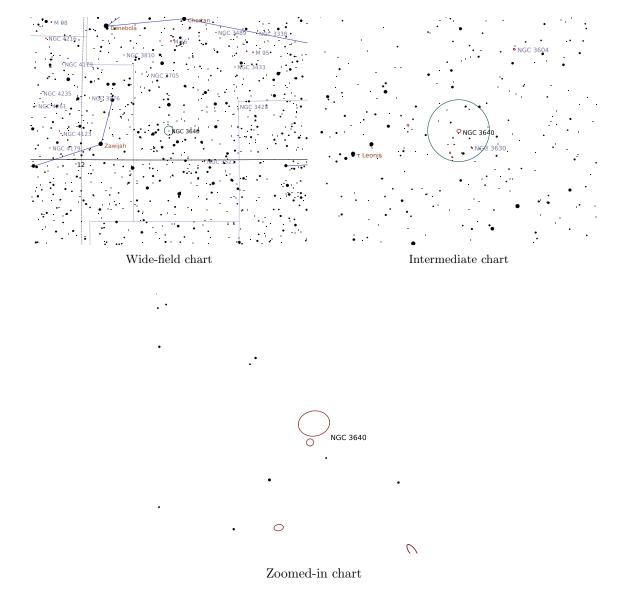
Zoomed-in chart

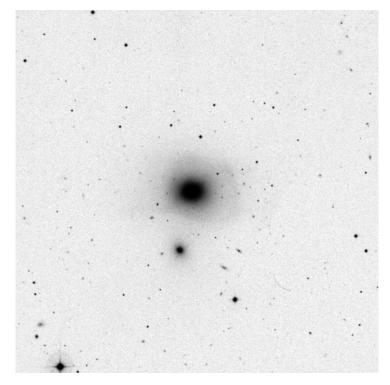


α 1	•	т
Galaxy	ın	Leo

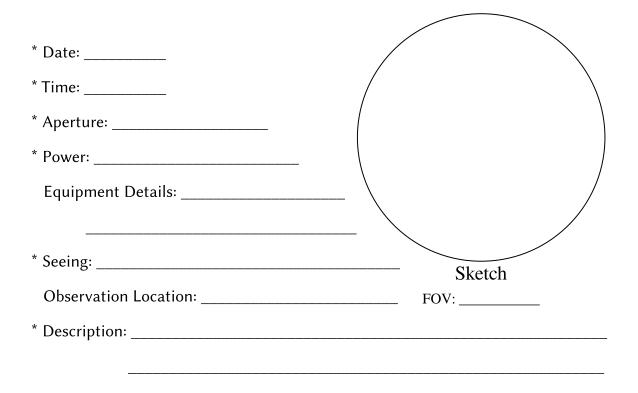
Right Ascension (current)	$11^{\rm h} 21^{\rm m} 48^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$3^{\circ} 09' 32''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$11^{\rm h}21^{\rm m}06^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$3^{\circ} 14' 05''$
Size	$4' \times 3.2'$	Position Angle	-10°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	—

Description: Dreyer: B;pL;R;psbM SAC: H II 33;P w NGC 3641 at 2.5';PA170





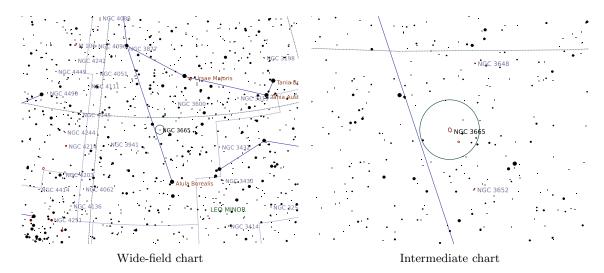
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$



Galaxy in Ursa Major

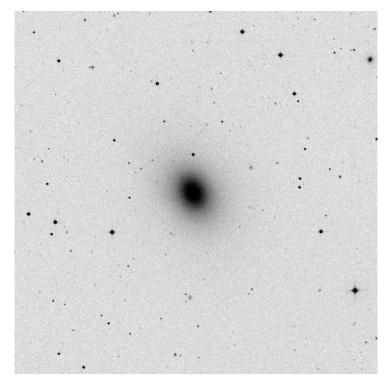
Right Ascension (current)	$11^{\rm h}25^{\rm m}27^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$38^{\circ} 41' 09''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$11^{\rm h}24^{\rm m}43^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$38^{\circ}45'47''$
Size	$4.3' \times 3.3'$	Position Angle	72°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	—

Description: Dreyer: cB;cL;iR;pgmbM SAC: H I 219;P w NGC 3658

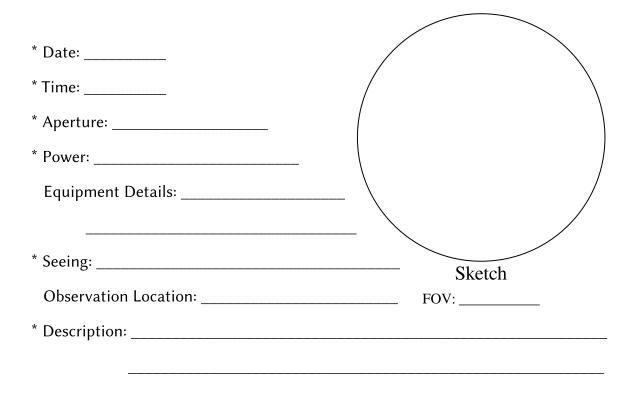




O_{NGC 3658}



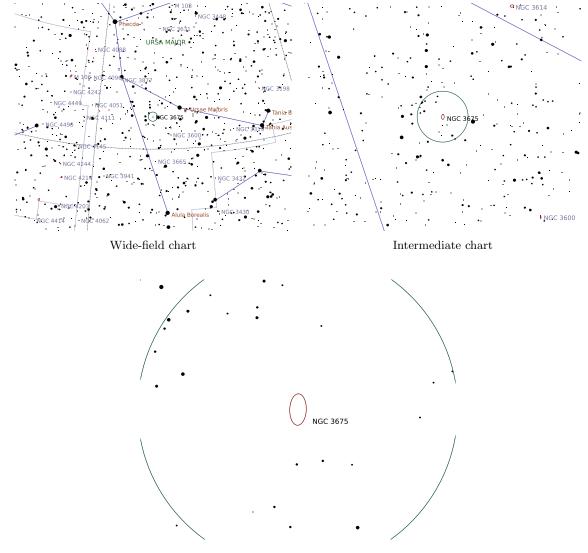
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$



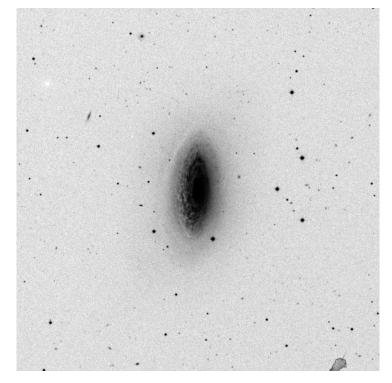
Galaxy in	Ursa Major
-----------	------------

Right Ascension (current)	$11^{\rm h}26^{\rm m}52^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$43^{\circ} 30' 32''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$11^{\rm h}26^{\rm m}08^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$43^{\circ}35'11''$
Size	5.9' imes 3.1'	Position Angle	-88°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	_

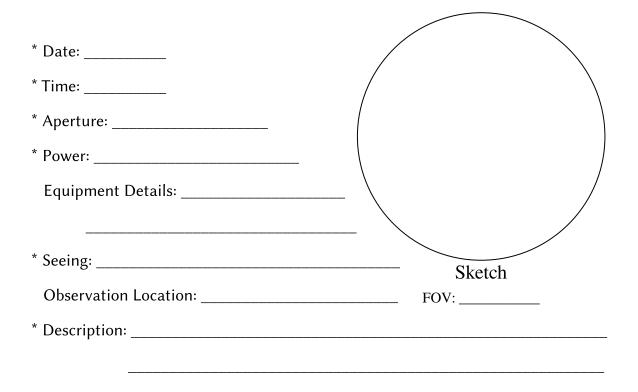
Description: Dreyer: vB;cL;vmE 0;vsmbMN;many st p SAC: H I 194;in field of 56 UMa



Zoomed-in chart



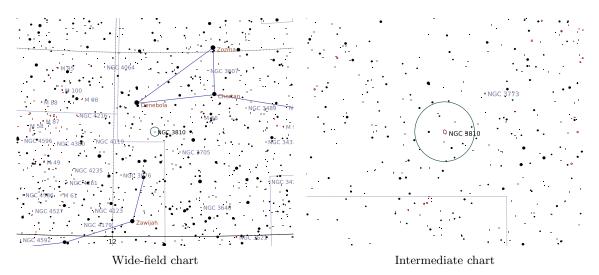
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$



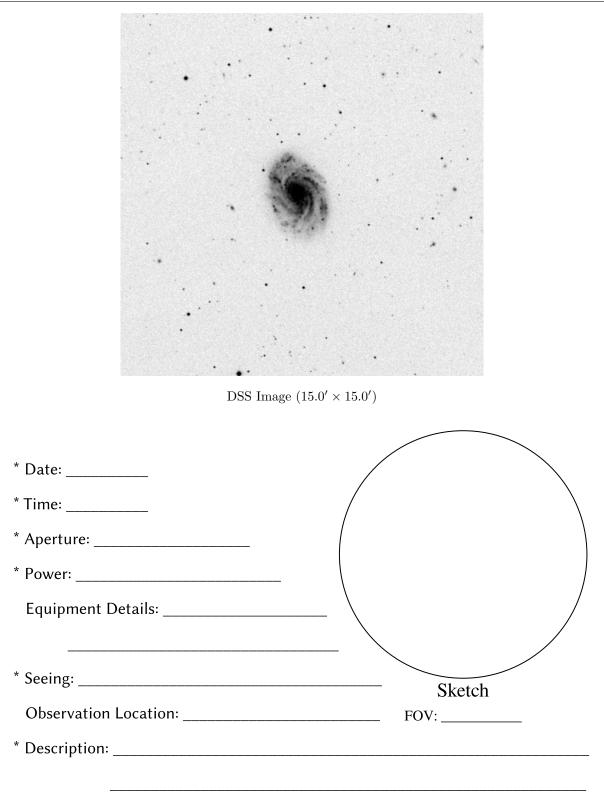
A 1 ·	т
Galaxy i	n Leo

Right Ascension (current)	$11^{\rm h} 41^{\rm m} 40^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$11^{\circ} 23' 36''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$11^{\rm h}40^{\rm m}58^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$11^{\circ} 28' 13''$
Size	$4.3' \times 3'$	Position Angle	75°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	—

Description: Dreyer: B;L;vlE SAC: H I 21



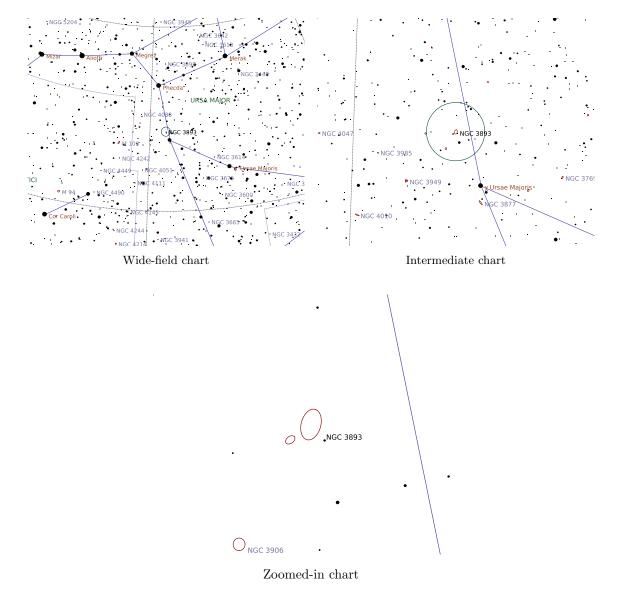


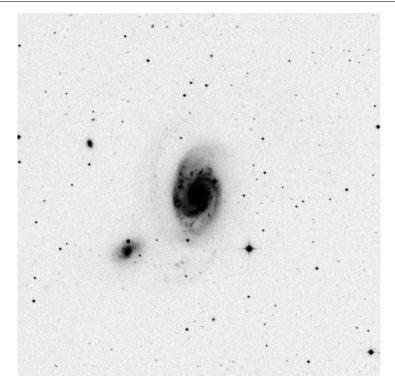


Galaxy in Ursa Major

Right Ascension (current)	$11^{\rm h} 49^{\rm m} 21^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$48^{\circ} 37' 59''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$11^{\rm h}48^{\rm m}38^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$48^{\circ} 42' 41''$
Size	$4.5' \times 2.8'$	Position Angle	-75°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: B;pL;R;mbM SAC: H II 738;P w NGC 3896 at 3.9';PA125





DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

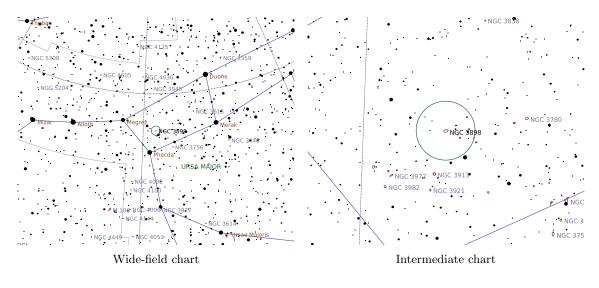


Galaxy in	Ursa Major
-----------	------------

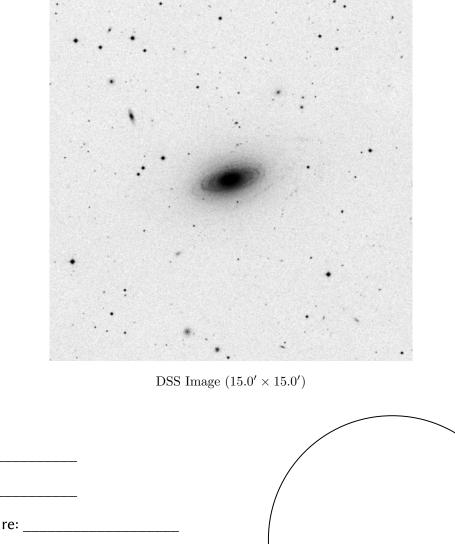
Right Ascension (current)	$11^{\rm h}49^{\rm m}58^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$56^{\circ}00'22''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$11^{\rm h} 49^{\rm m} 15^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$56^{\circ}05'05''$
Size	$4.4' \times 2.6'$	Position Angle	-17°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	_

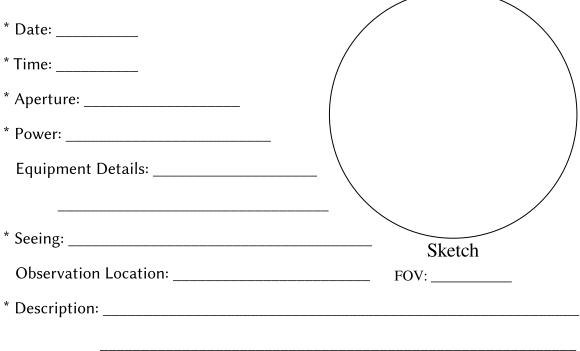
Description: Dreyer: B;pL;lE;svmbM

SAC: H I 228; comp 5 '; PA60; 0.7'X0.12'; NGC 3888 15' south





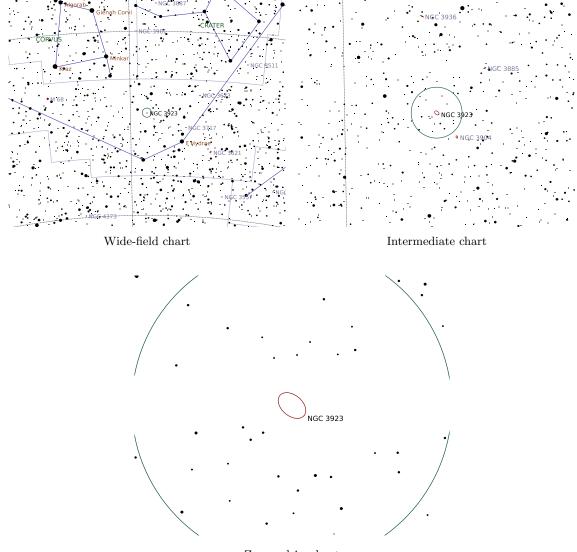


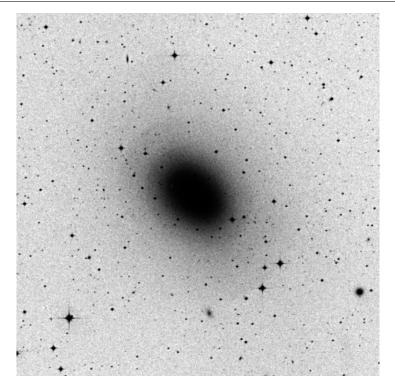


Galaxy in Hydra

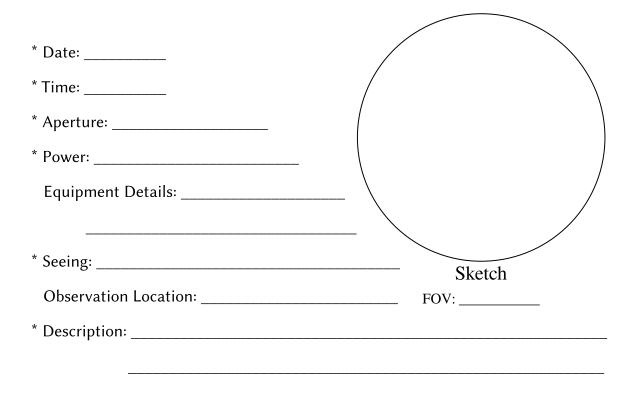
Right Ascension (current)	$11^{\rm h}51^{\rm m}43^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$-28^{\circ}52'49''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$11^{ m h}51^{ m m}01^{ m s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-28^{\circ}48'21''$
Size	5.9' imes 3.9'	Position Angle	40°
Magnitude	9.8	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: B;pL;lE;gmbM;r;vS* sp inv SAC: H I 259





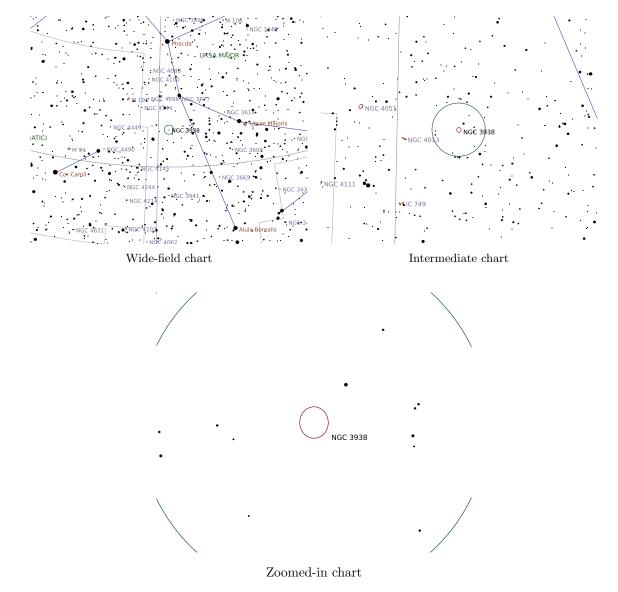
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

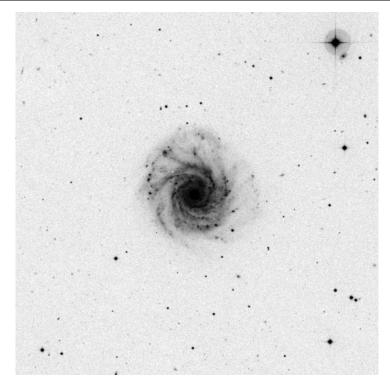


Galaxy in Ursa Major

Right Ascension (current)		Declination (current)	$44^{\circ}02'35''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$11^{\rm h}52^{\rm m}49^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$44^{\circ}07'17''$
Size	$5.4' \times 4.9'$	Position Angle	90°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: B;vL;R;bM;pBN;er SAC: H I 203;Fine face on spiral





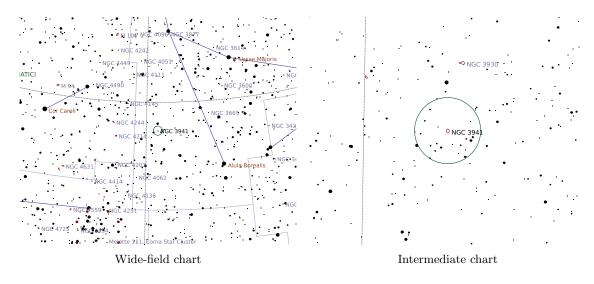
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$



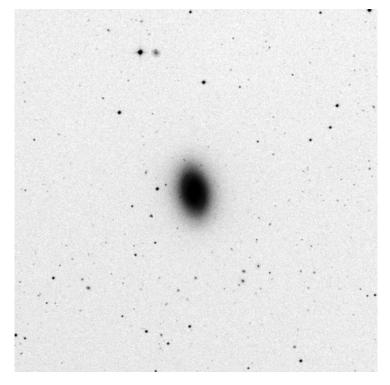
Galaxy in Ursa Major

Right Ascension (current)	$11^{\rm h}53^{\rm m}37^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$36^{\circ}54'31''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$11^{\rm h}52^{\rm m}55^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$36^{\circ}59'13''$
Size	$3.5' \times 2.5'$	Position Angle	80°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: vB;pL;R;smbM *9 SAC: H I 173







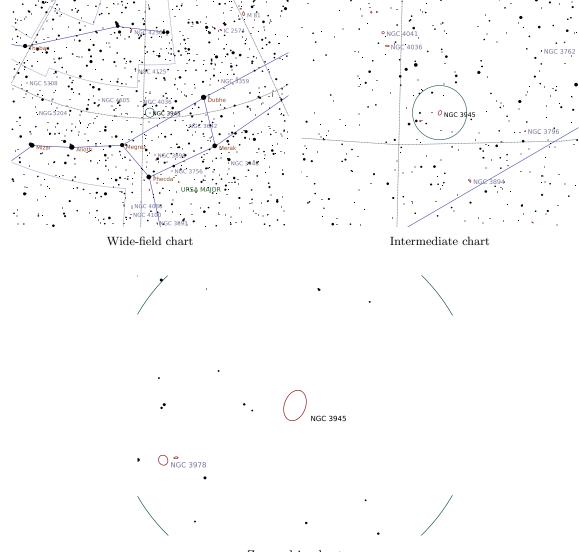
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$



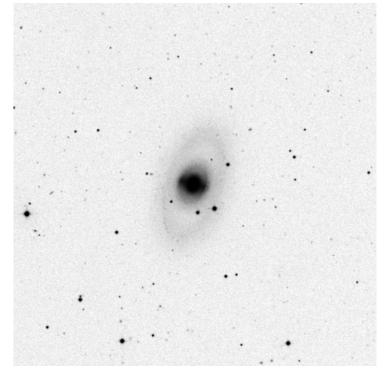
Galaxy in Ursa Major

Right Ascension (current)	$11^{\rm h}53^{\rm m}56^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$60^{\circ} 35' 48''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$11^{\rm h}53^{\rm m}13^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$60^{\circ} 40' 31''$
Size	$5.2' \times 3.5'$	Position Angle	-70°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	_

Description: Dreyer: B;pL;R;gmbM;r;*12 sp SAC: H I 251



Zoomed-in chart



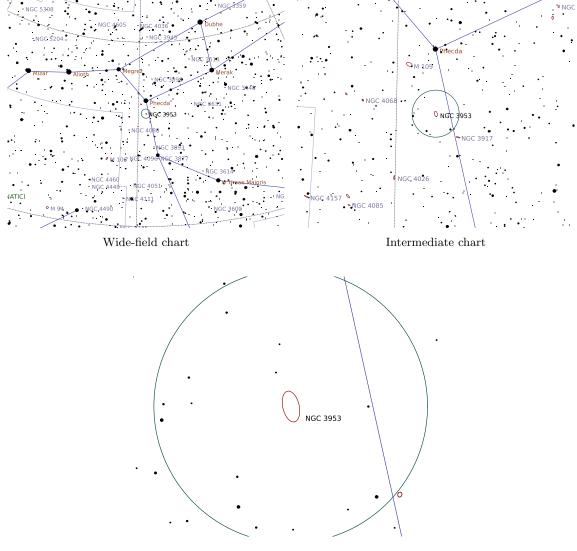
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

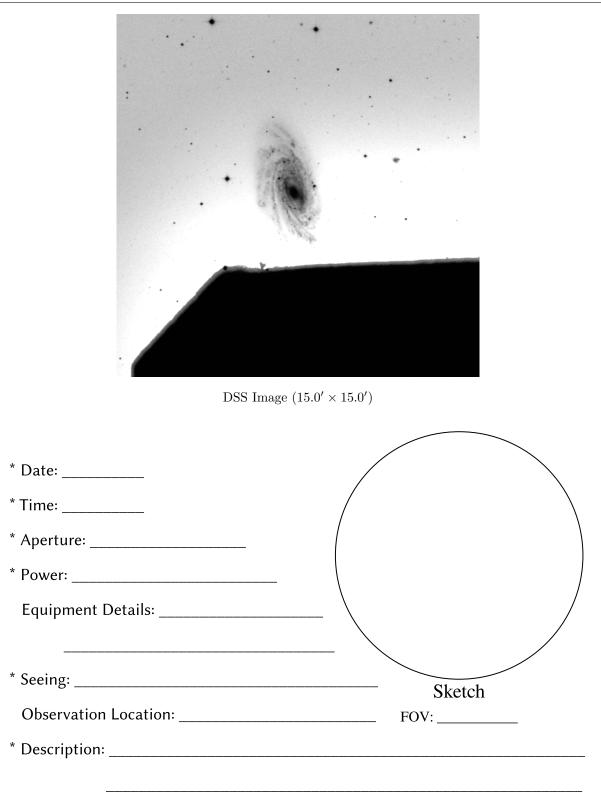


Galaxy in	Ursa Major
-----------	------------

Right Ascension (current)		Declination (current)	$52^{\circ} 14' 47''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$11^{\rm h}53^{\rm m}48^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$52^{\circ} 19' 30''$
Size	6.9' imes 3.6'	Position Angle	77°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	_

Description: Dreyer: cB;L;E 0;vsbM;fine spiral SAC: H V 45;comps 3.9';PA190;0.3'X0.1';4.6';PA156;0.4'X0.4'



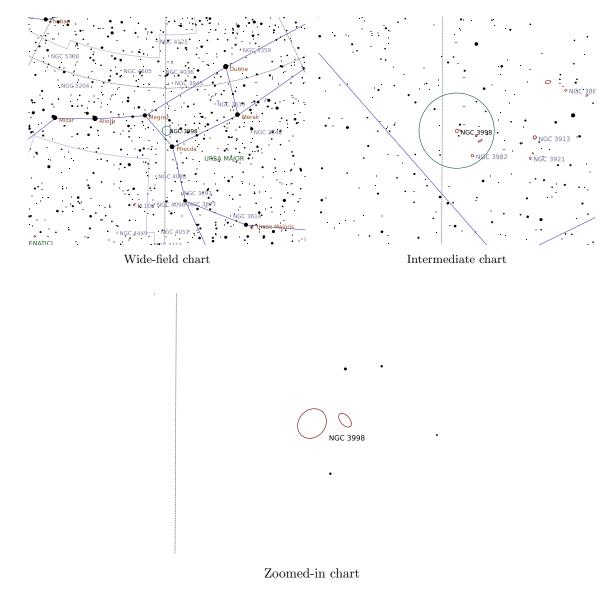


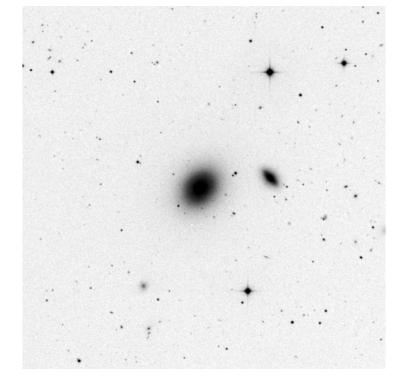
This content is protected by Copyrights. See the Legal chapter of this document for details. 209

Galaxy in	Ursa Major
-----------	------------

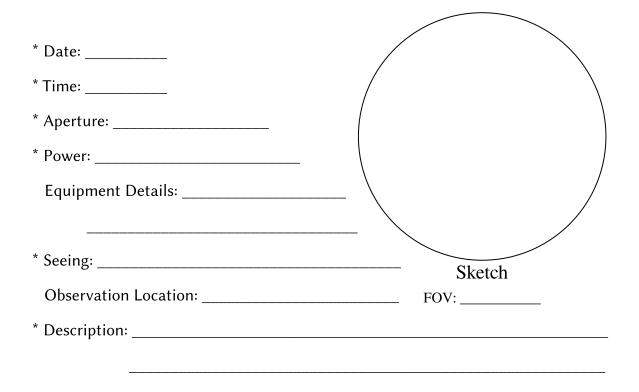
Right Ascension (current)	$11^{\rm h}58^{\rm m}37^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$55^{\circ} 22' 31''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$11^{\rm h}57^{\rm m}55^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$55^{\circ} 27' 14''$
Size	$2.7' \times 2.3'$	Position Angle	-50°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	_

Description: Dreyer: cB;pS;R;vg;smbM SAC: H I 229;comp 4.7';PA145;0.3'X0.3'





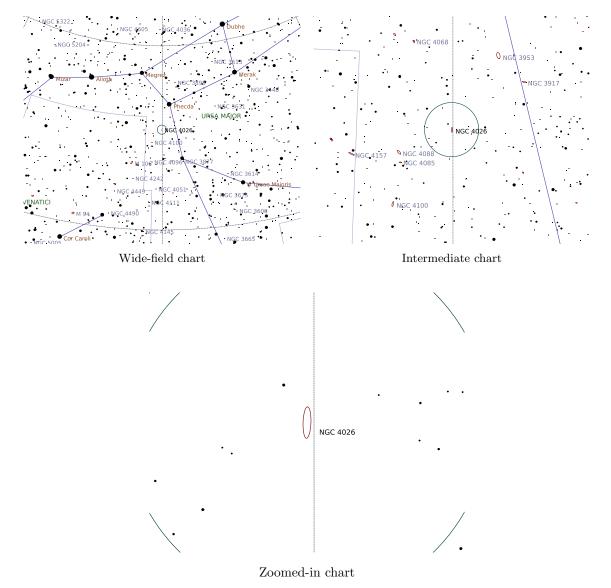
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

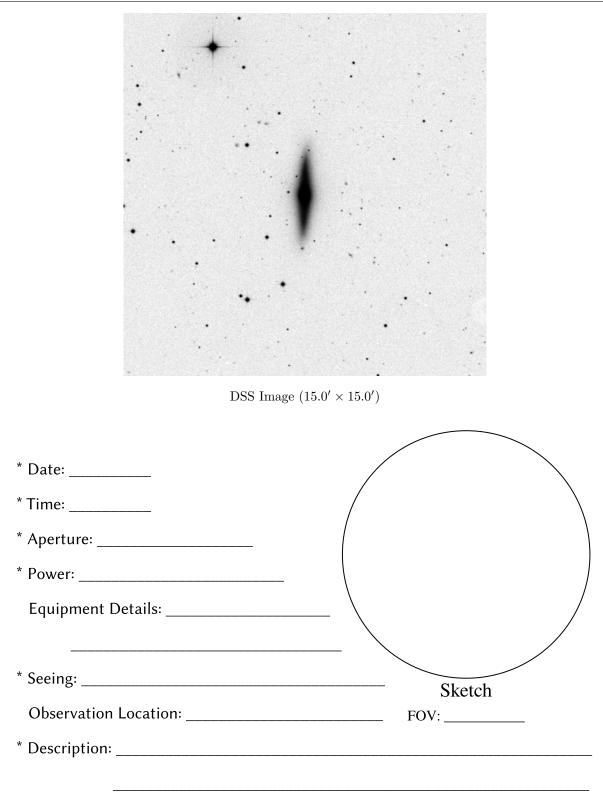


Galaxy in	Ursa Major
-----------	------------

Right Ascension (current)		Declination (current)	$50^{\circ}53'00''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$11^{\rm h}59^{\rm m}25^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$50^{\circ}57'43''$
Size	$5.2' \times 1.3'$	Position Angle	-88°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: vB;cL;mE176;vsvmbM;BN SAC: H I 223;edge on lens shape



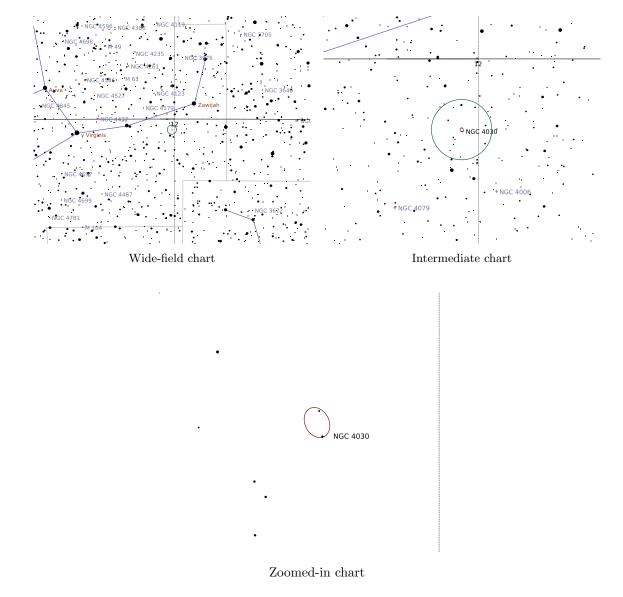


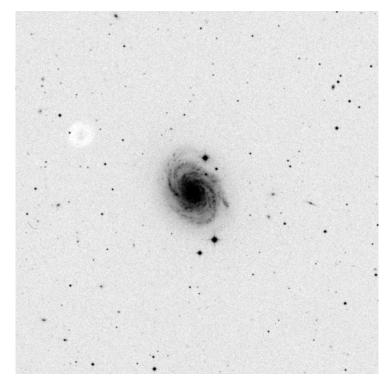
This content is protected by Copyrights. See the Legal chapter of this document for details. 213

Galaxy	in	Virgo
		0

Right Ascension (current)	$12^{\rm h}01^{\rm m}05^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$-1^{\circ} 10' 36''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$12^{\rm h}00^{\rm m}23^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-1^{\circ} 06' 02''$
Size	$4.2' \times 3.2'$	Position Angle	63°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: cB;L;vlE;psmbM;B* nr SAC: H I 121;fine nearly face on spiral



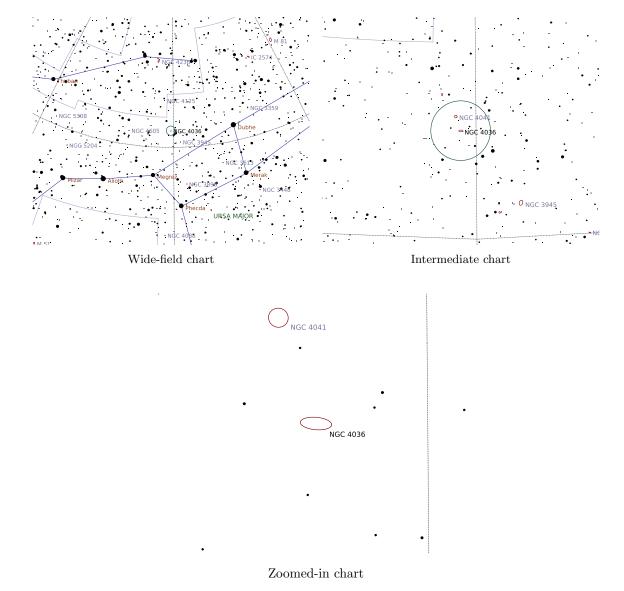


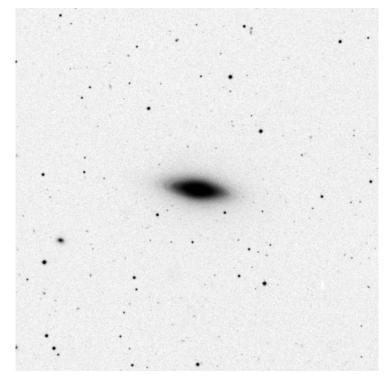
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$



Right Ascension (current) Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$\frac{12^{\rm h}02^{\rm m}09^{\rm s}}{12^{\rm h}01^{\rm m}27^{\rm s}}$	Declination (current) Declination (J2000.0)	$61^{\circ} 49' 02''$ $61^{\circ} 53' 46''$
Size	$4.3' \times 1.7'$	Position Angle	5°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	—

Description: Dreyer: vB;vL;E;vBN SAC: H I 253;NGC 4041 @ 15';spindle shape





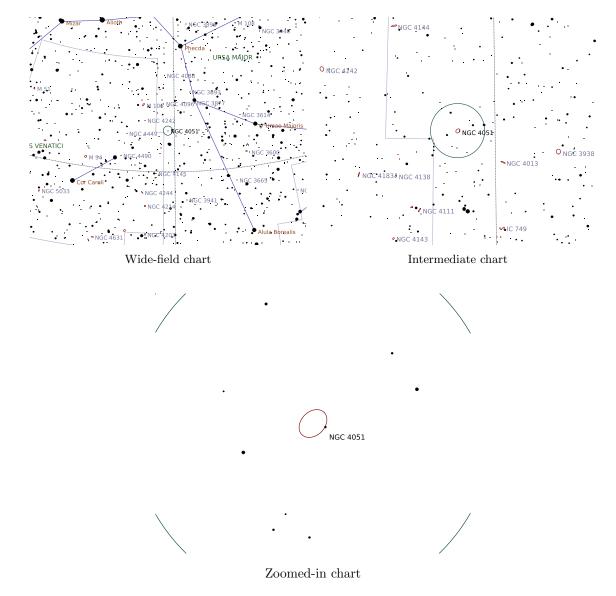
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

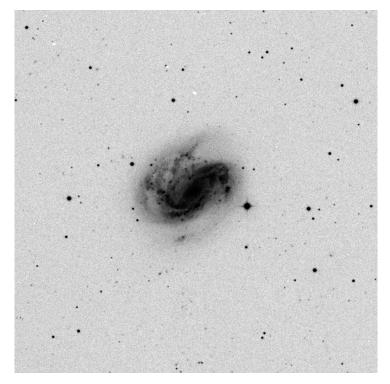


Galaxy in	Ursa Major
-----------	------------

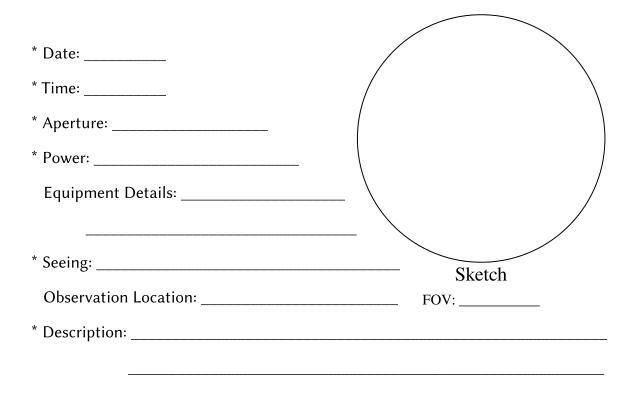
Right Ascension (current)	$12^{\rm h}03^{\rm m}50^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$44^{\circ} 27' 12''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$12^{\rm h}03^{\rm m}09^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$44^{\circ} 31' 55''$
Size	$5.2' \times 3.9'$	Position Angle	-45°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	_

Description: Dreyer: B;vL;E;vgvsmbM*11;vseBN or *
SAC: H IV 56;thick spiral arms





DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

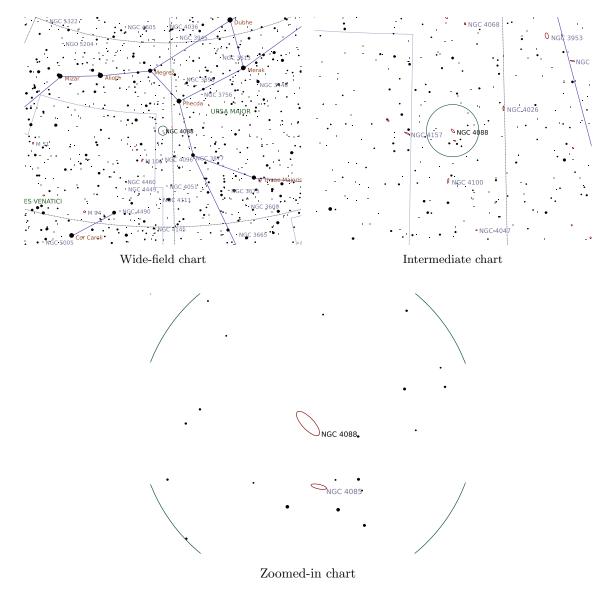


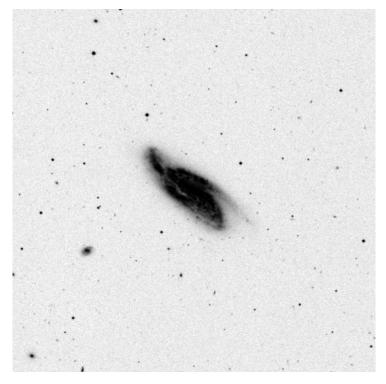
Galaxy in Ursa Major

Right Ascension (current) Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$\frac{12^{\rm h}06^{\rm m}15^{\rm s}}{12^{\rm h}05^{\rm m}34^{\rm s}}$	Declination (current) Declination (J2000.0)	$50^{\circ} 27' 43'' 50^{\circ} 32' 26''$
Size	$5.6' \times 2.1'$	Position Angle	47°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	—

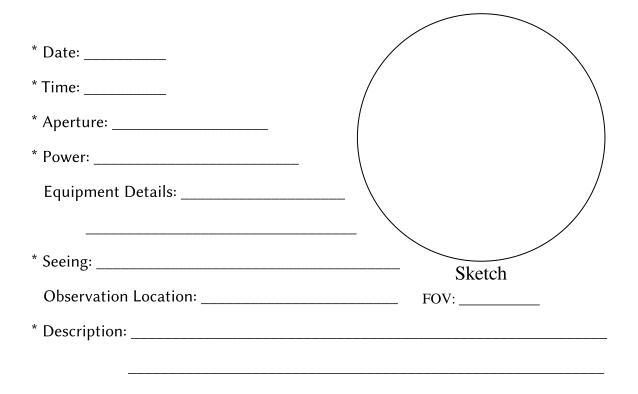
Description: Dreyer: B;cL;E55;1bM

 $\mathbf{SAC:}\ \text{H I 206;P w NGC 4085 11' to south;distorted spirl arms;UGC 7081}$





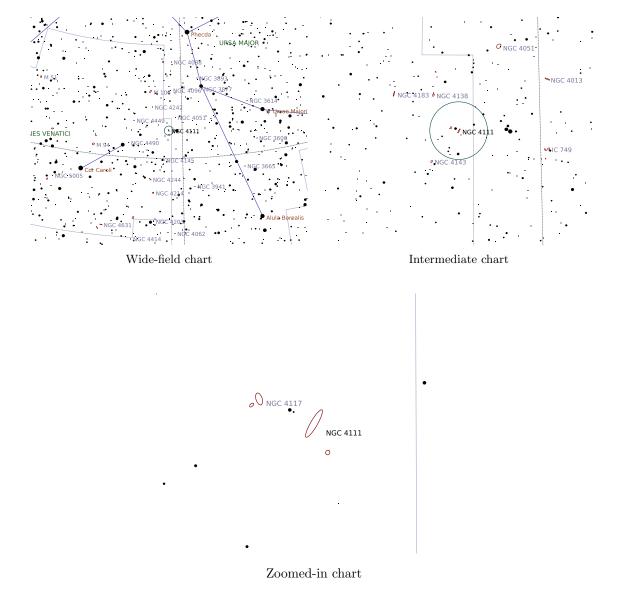
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

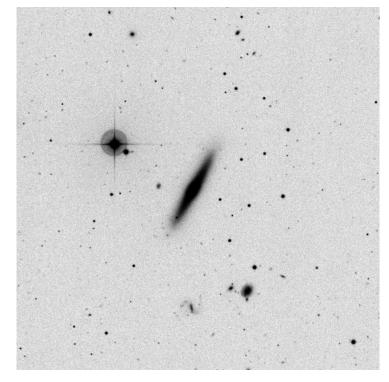


Galaxy	in	Canes	Venatici
--------	----	-------	----------

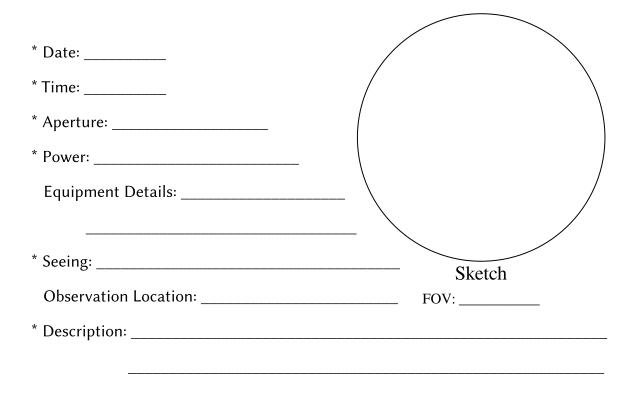
Right Ascension (current)	$12^{\rm h}_{\rm c}07^{\rm m}43^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$42^{\circ}59'17''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$12^{\rm h}07^{\rm m}02^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$43^{\circ} 04' 00''$
Size	$4.6' \times 1'$	Position Angle	-60°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	—

Description: Dreyer: vB;pS;mE151;vsvBN SAC: H I 195;NGC 4109 @ 4.8';UGC 7103;Ho 333a





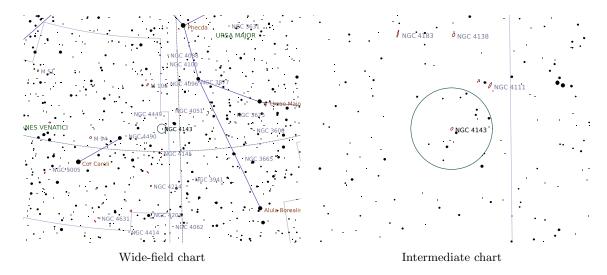
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$



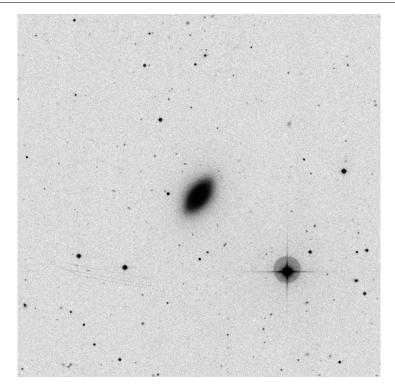
Galaxy in Canes Venatici

Right Ascension (current)		Declination (current)	$42^{\circ} 27' 22''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$12^{\rm h}09^{\rm m}36^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$42^{\circ} 32' 04''$
Size	$2.3' \times 1.4'$	Position Angle	-54°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	—

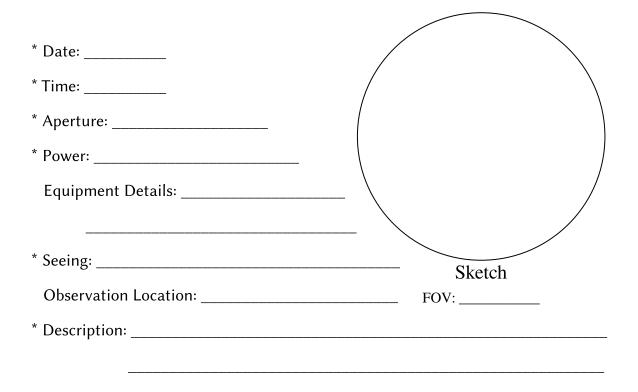
Description: Dreyer: cB;R;vg;vsbMN SAC: H IV 54







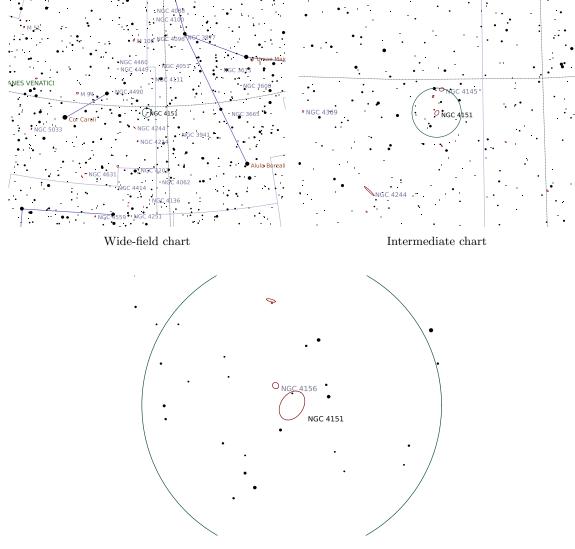
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

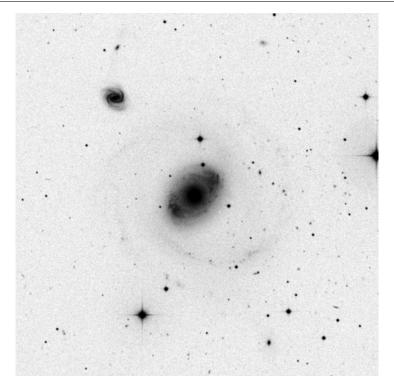


α 1	•	α	T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T
(-alayy	1n	Canes	Venatici
Oalary	111	Cantos	VUIGUIUI

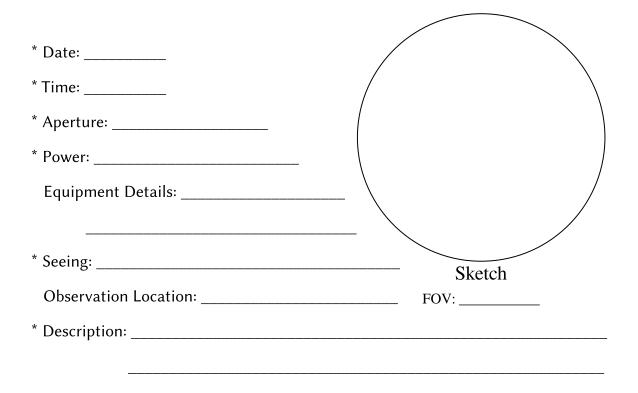
Right Ascension (current)	$12^{\rm h}11^{\rm m}13^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$39^{\circ}19'42''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$12^{\rm h}10^{\rm m}32^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$39^{\circ}24'24''$
Size	$6.3' \times 4.5'$	Position Angle	-56°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: vB;S;R;vsmbMBN;p of 2 SAC: H I 165;P w NGC 4145;NGC 4156 @ 5.2';Ho 345c @ 8.8'





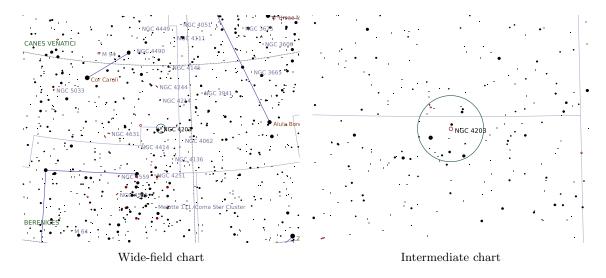
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$



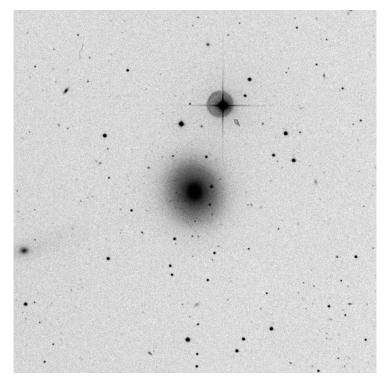
Galaxy in Coma Berenices

Right Ascension (current)	$12^{\rm h}15^{\rm m}46^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$33^{\circ}07'10''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$12^{\rm h}15^{\rm m}05^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$33^{\circ}11'51''$
Size	$3.5' \times 3.2'$	Position Angle	80°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	-

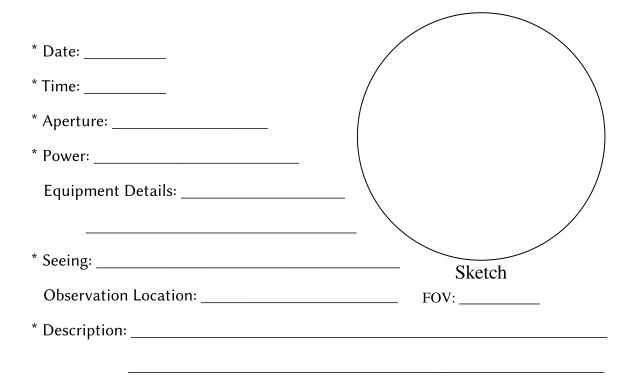
Description: Dreyer: vB;S;R;psmbM SAC: H I 175







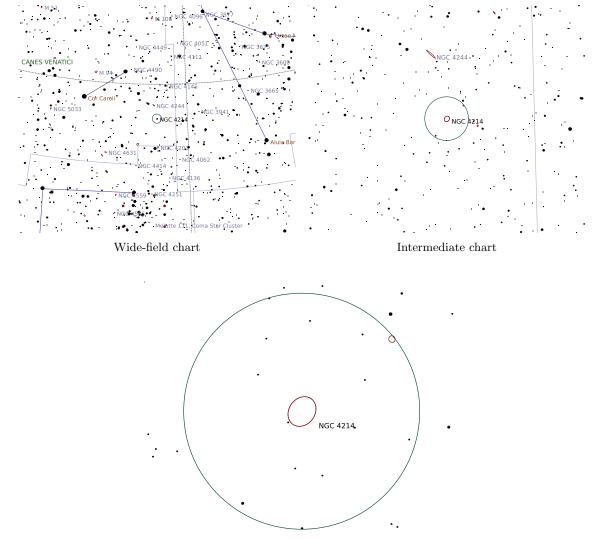
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

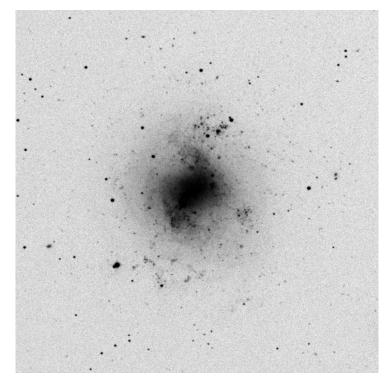


Galaxy in Canes Venatici

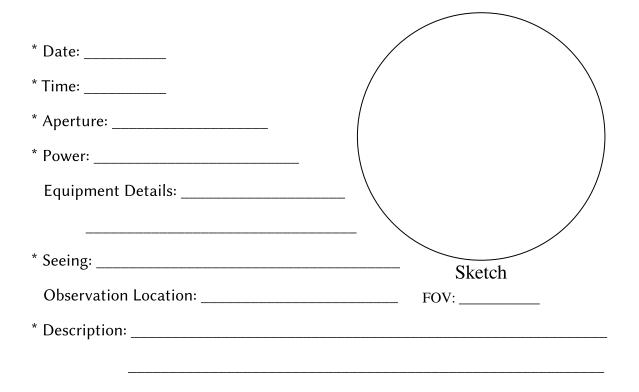
Right Ascension (current)	$12^{\rm h}16^{\rm m}19^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$36^{\circ}14'58''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$12^{\rm h}15^{\rm m}38^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$36^{\circ}19'39''$
Size	$8' \times 6.6'$	Position Angle	-54°
Magnitude	9.8	Other Designation	_

Description: Dreyer: cB;cL;iE;biN;=NGC 4208 SAC: H I 95





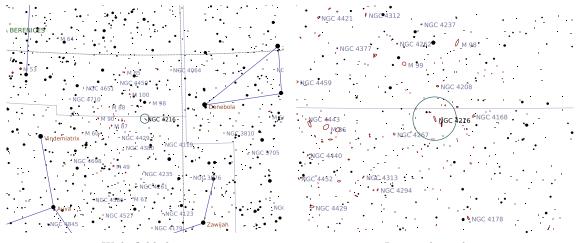
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$



α		•	T 7 ·
Ga	laxy	ın	Virgo
			0

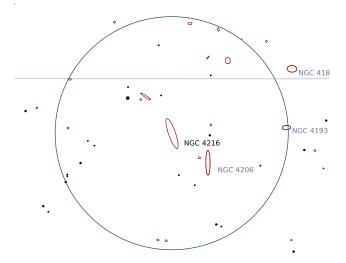
Right Ascension (current)	$12^{\rm h} 16^{\rm m} 35^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$13^{\circ}04'14''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$12^{\rm h}15^{\rm m}54^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$13^{\circ} 08' 52''$
Size	$8.1' \times 1.8'$	Position Angle	71°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	-

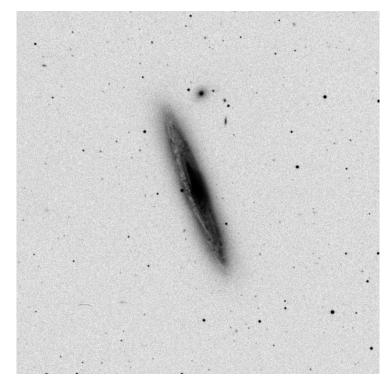
Description: Dreyer: vB;vL;vmE17;sbMN SAC: H I 35;UGC 7284;edge on streak;two other in field



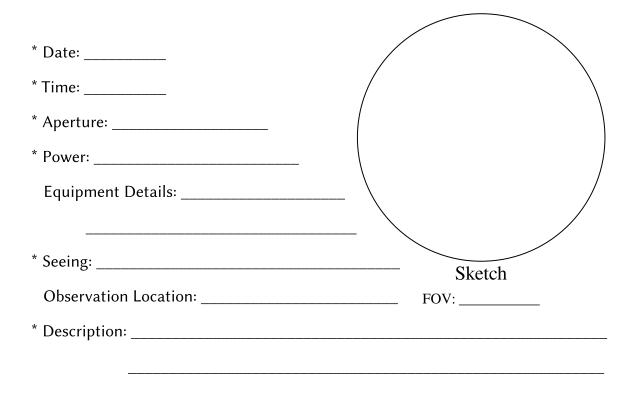
Wide-field chart

Intermediate chart





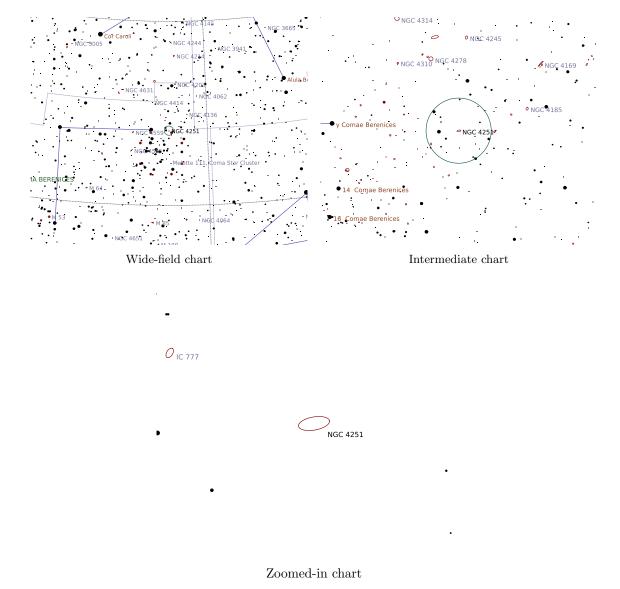
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

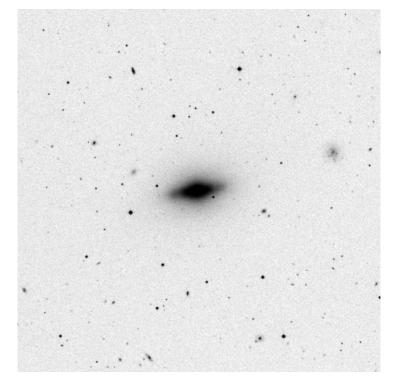


Galaxy in Coma Berenices

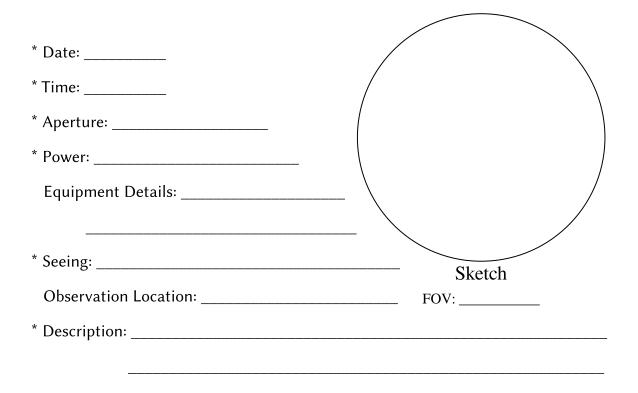
Right Ascension (current)	$12^{\rm h}18^{\rm m}49^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$28^{\circ}05'51''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$12^{\rm h}18^{\rm m}08^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$28^{\circ} 10' 31''$
Size	$3.6' \times 1.5'$	Position Angle	-10°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	—

Description: Dreyer: vB;S;E;vsvmbMN;*6-7 f 90'' SAC: H I 89;lens shape





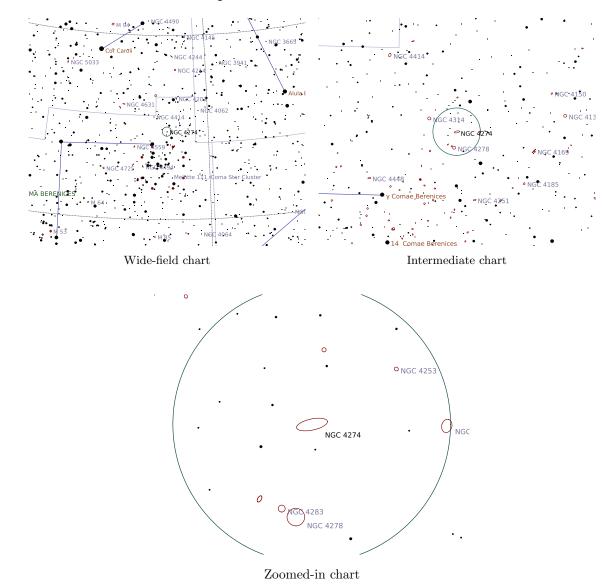
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

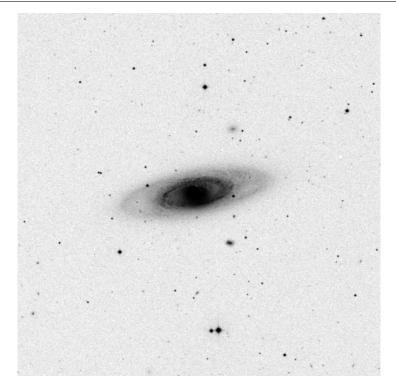


Galaxy in Coma Berenices

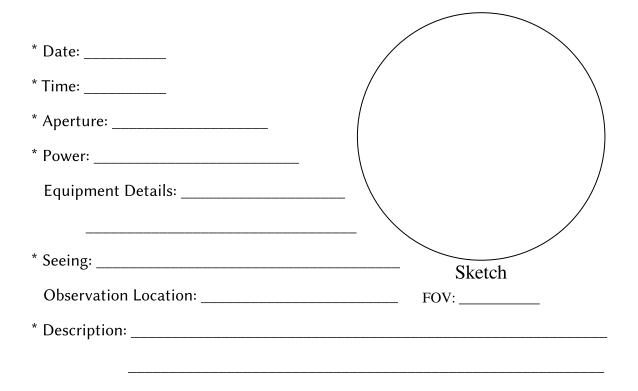
Right Ascension (current)	$12^{\rm h}_{\rm h}20^{\rm m}31^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$29^{\circ} 32' 09''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$12^{\rm h}19^{\rm m}50^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$29^{\circ} 36' 49''$
Size	$6.8' \times 2.4'$	Position Angle	-12°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	—

Description: Dreyer: vB;vL;E90;mbMN SAC: H I 75;Saturn-like inner ring w F outer halo





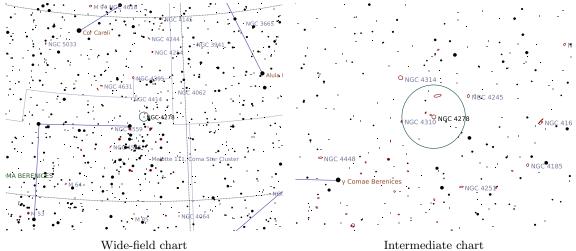
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$



Galaxy in Coma Berenices

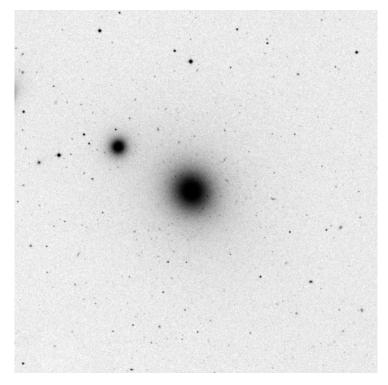
Right Ascension (current)		Declination (current)	$29^{\circ} 12' 09''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$12^{\rm h} 20^{\rm m} 06^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$29^{\circ} 16' 49''$
Size	3.8' imes 3.8'	Position Angle	90°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	_

Description: Dreyer: vB;pL;R;mbM;r;1 of 3 SAC: H I 90; Triple chain w NGC 4283 @ 3.6'; NGC 4286 @ 8.8'

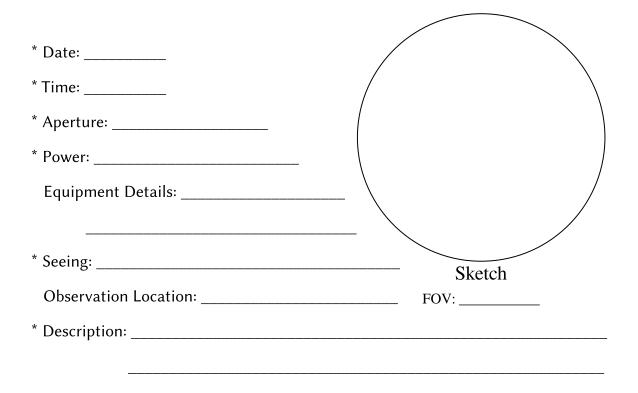


Intermediate chart





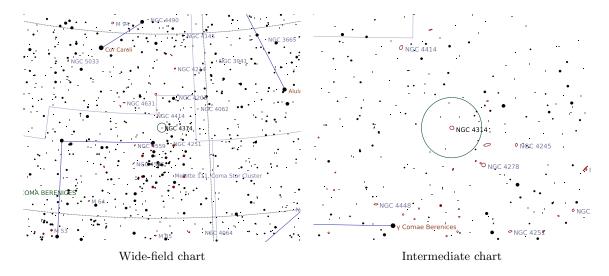
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

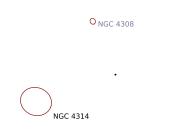


Galaxy	in	Coma	Berenices
--------	----	------	-----------

Right Ascension (current) Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$\begin{array}{c} 12^{\rm h}23^{\rm m}12^{\rm s} \\ 12^{\rm h}22^{\rm m}31^{\rm s} \end{array}$	Declination (current) Declination (J2000.0)	$29^{\circ} 49' 05''$ $29^{\circ} 53' 45''$
Size	$4.2' \times 3.7'$	Position Angle	$\frac{29}{21^{\circ}}$
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	_

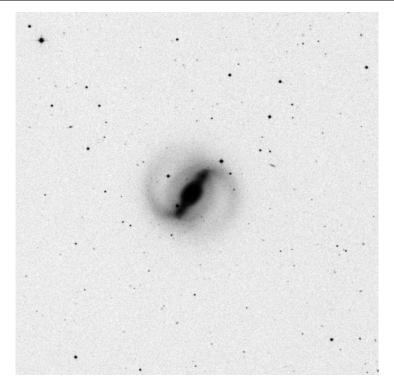
Description: Dreyer: cB;L;E150;sbM;* np;eBN w spir struct SAC: H I 76





Zoomed-in chart

•

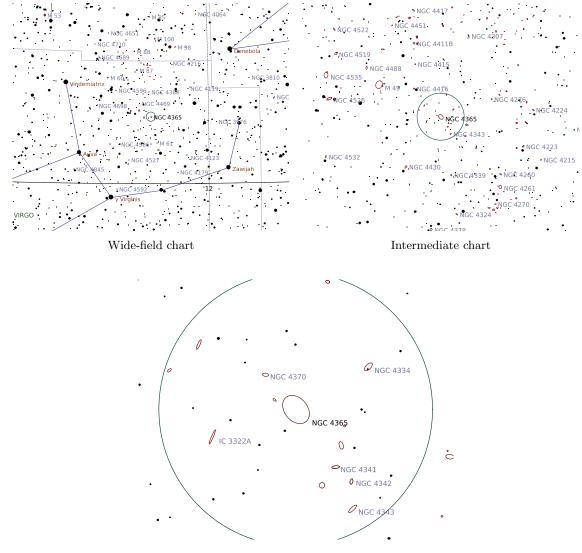


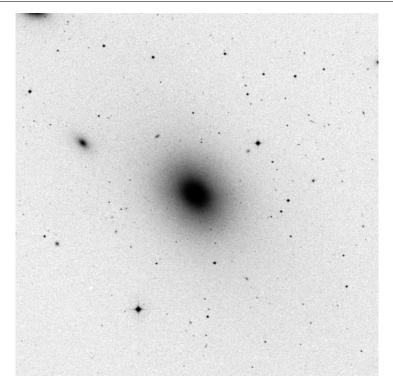
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$



Right Ascension (current)	$12^{\rm h} 25^{\rm m} 09^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$7^{\circ} 14' 28''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$12^{\rm h} 24^{\rm m} 28^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$7^\circ19^\prime03^{\prime\prime}$
Size	$6.9' \times 5'$	Position Angle	50°
Magnitude	9.6	Other Designation	—

Description: Dreyer: cB;pL;vlE;gl;smbM SAC: H I 30;NGC 4370 @ 10 '





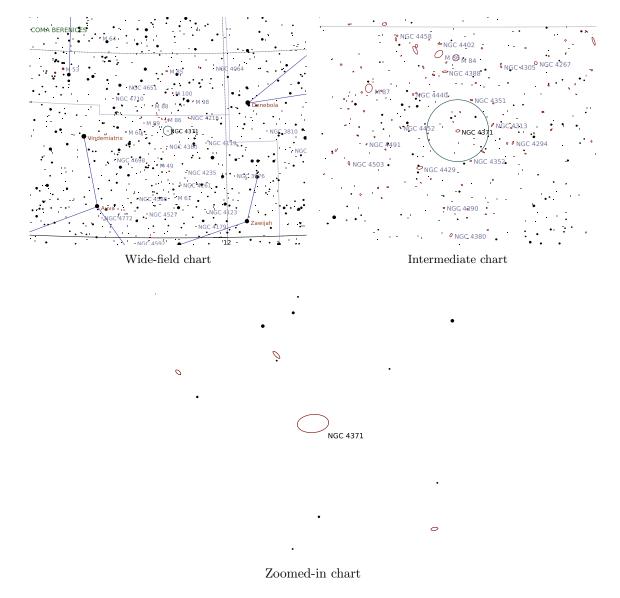
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

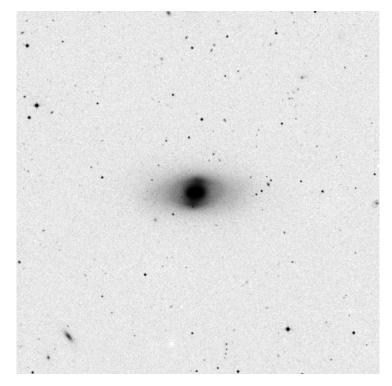


Galaxy	in	Virgo
		0

Right Ascension (current)	$12^{\rm h}25^{\rm m}36^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$11^{\circ} 37' 39''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$12^{\rm h}24^{\rm m}55^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$11^{\circ} 42' 15''$
Size	$4' \times 2.3'$	Position Angle	-5°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: B;pS;R;gbM SAC: H I 22





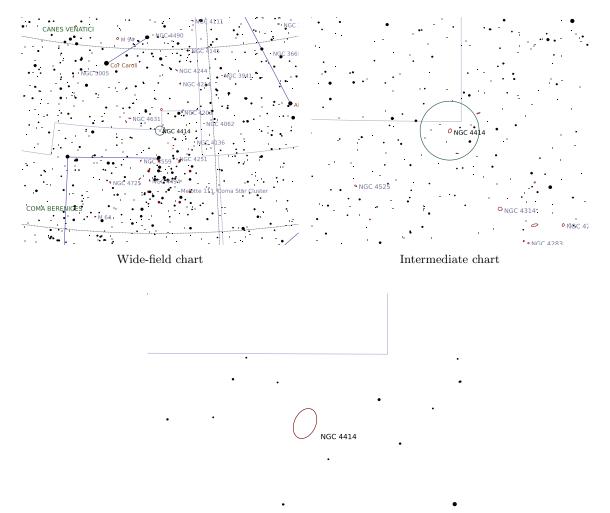
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

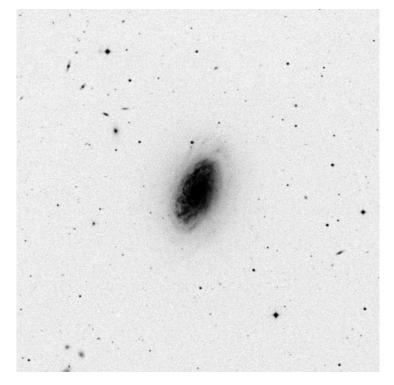


	1) · · ·
Galaxy in (Joma E	serenices

Right Ascension (current) Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$\begin{array}{c c} 12^{\rm h}27^{\rm m}07^{\rm s} \\ 12^{\rm h}26^{\rm m}27^{\rm s} \end{array}$	Declination (current) Declination (J2000.0)	$31^{\circ} 08' 45'' \\ 31^{\circ} 13' 25''$
Size	$12 \ 20 \ 27 \ 4.4' \times 3'$	Position Angle	-65°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	_

Description: Dreyer: vB;L;E;g;vsmbM*;B diff N in B bulge SAC: H I 77





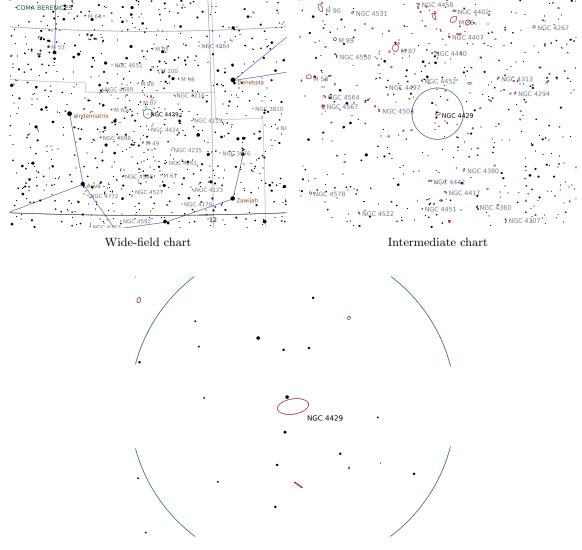
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

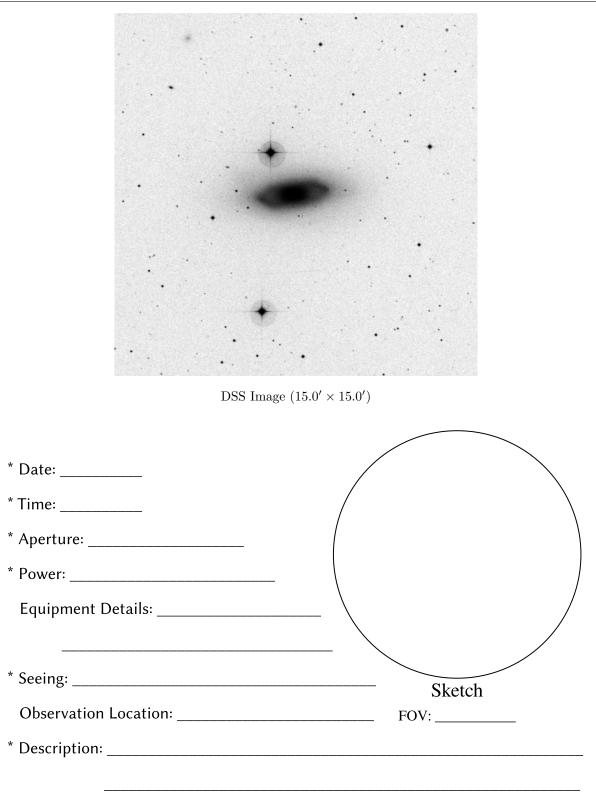


Right Ascension (current)	$12^{\rm h} 28^{\rm m} 07^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$11^{\circ}01'51''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$12^{\rm h}27^{\rm m}26^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$11^{\circ}06'27''$
Size	$5.8' \times 2.8'$	Position Angle	-9°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	_

Galaxy in Virgo

Description: Dreyer: B;L;cE;psbM;*10 nf SAC: H II 65;oval w large outer ring





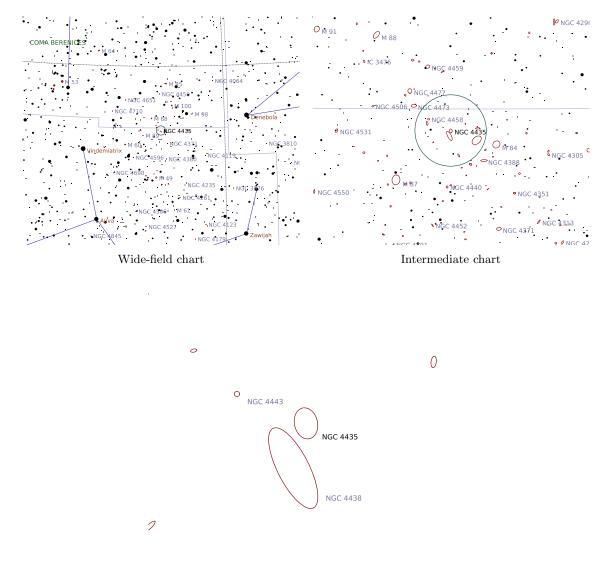
This content is protected by Copyrights. See the Legal chapter of this document for details. 249

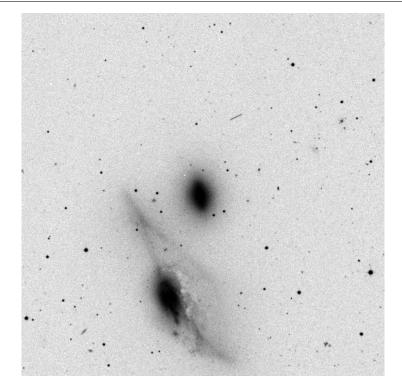
NGC 4435 (The Eyes, Markarian Chain)

Galaxy in Virgo

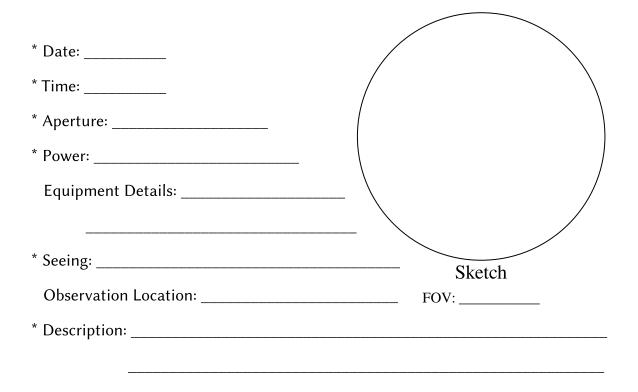
Right Ascension (current)Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$\frac{12^{\rm h}28^{\rm m}21^{\rm s}}{12^{\rm h}27^{\rm m}40^{\rm s}}$	Declination (current) Declination (J2000.0)	13° 00′ 11″ 13° 04′ 47″
Size	$3' \times 2.2'$	Position Angle	77°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	—

Description: Dreyer: vB;cL;R;np of 2 SAC: H I 28;Markarian's chain;NGC 4438 @ 4.3' SSE





DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

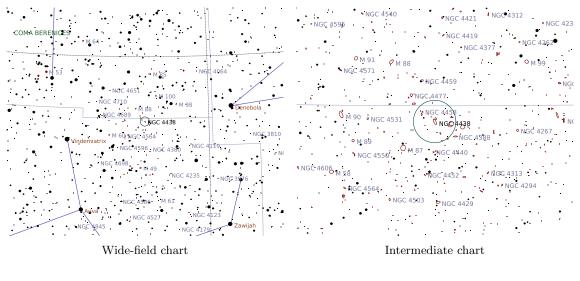


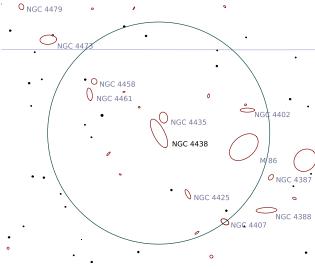
NGC 4438 (The Eyes, Markarian Chain)

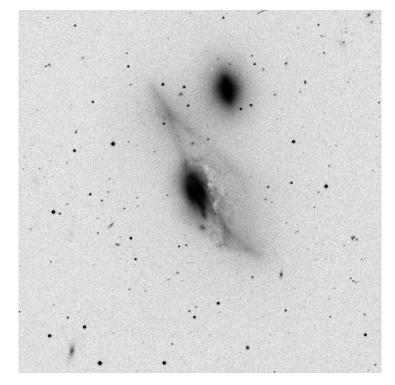
Galaxy in Virgo

Right Ascension (current)	$12^{\rm h}28^{\rm m}26^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$12^{\circ} 55' 55''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$12^{\rm h}27^{\rm m}45^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$13^{\circ}00^{\prime}31^{\prime\prime}$
Size	$8.5' \times 3'$	Position Angle	63°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	—

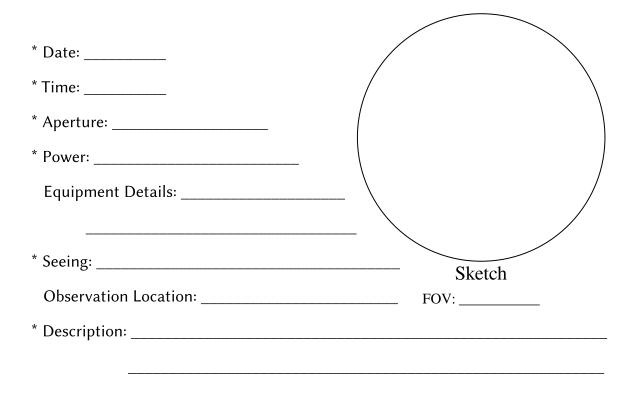
Description: Dreyer: B;cL;vlE;r;sf of 2 SAC: H I 28;Markarian's chain;NGC 4435 @ 4.4';long filaments







DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

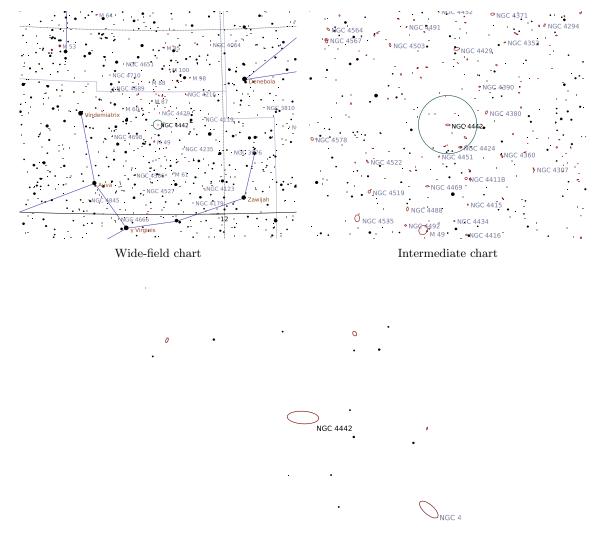


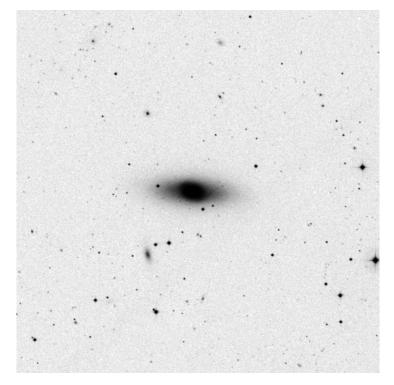
$\mathbf{NGC}\ \mathbf{4442}$

Galaxy	in	Virgo
		0

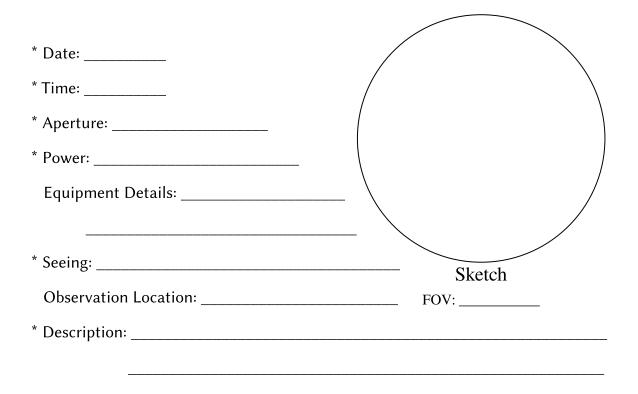
Right Ascension (current)	$12^{\rm h} 28^{\rm m} 44^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$9^{\circ} 43' 39''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$12^{\rm h} 28^{\rm m} 03^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$9^{\circ} 48' 14''$
Size	$4.5' \times 1.8'$	Position Angle	3°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	—

Description: Dreyer: vB;pL;R;smbM SAC: H II 156





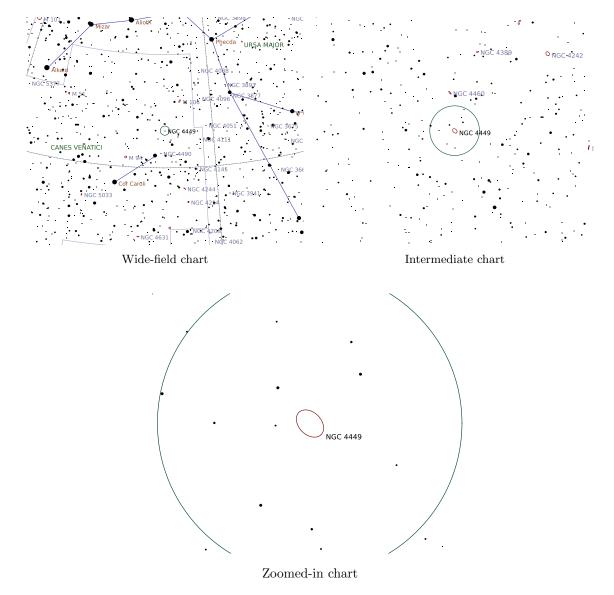
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

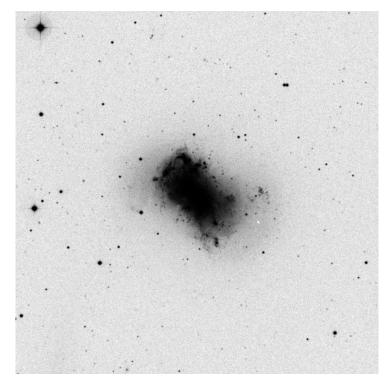


Galaxy	in	Canes	Venatici
--------	----	-------	----------

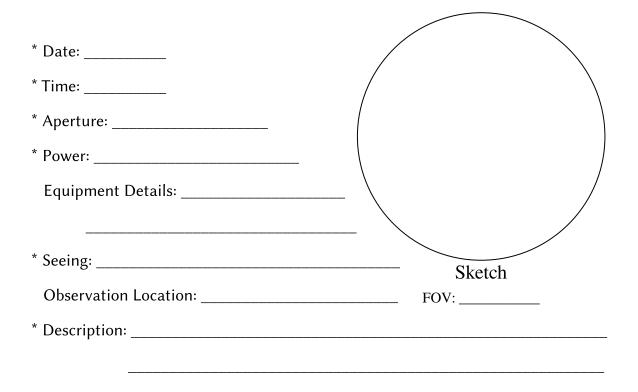
Right Ascension (current) Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$\frac{12^{\rm h} 28^{\rm m} 50^{\rm s}}{12^{\rm h} 28^{\rm m} 11^{\rm s}}$	Declination (current) Declination (J2000.0)	$44^{\circ} 01' 01'' \\ 44^{\circ} 05' 42''$
Size	$12 \ 28 \ 11$ $6.2' \times 4.4'$	Position Angle	44 05 42 45°
Magnitude	9.6	Other Designation	40

Description: Dreyer: vB;cL;mE;D or bifid;rrr;*F;B center w N or * SAC: H I 213





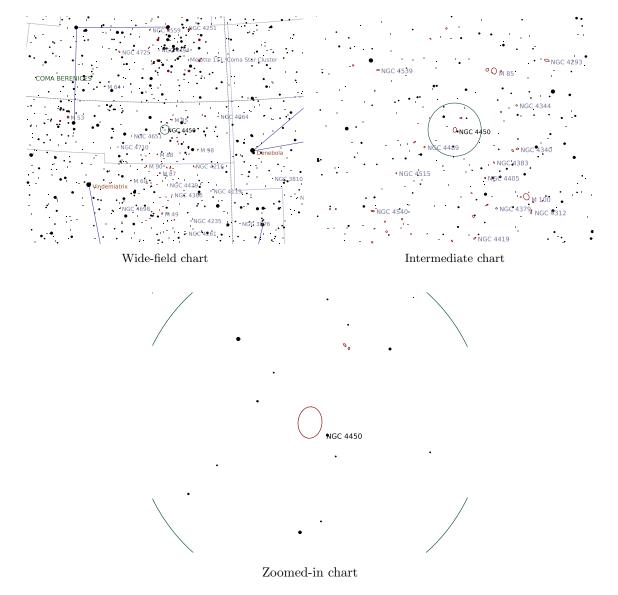
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

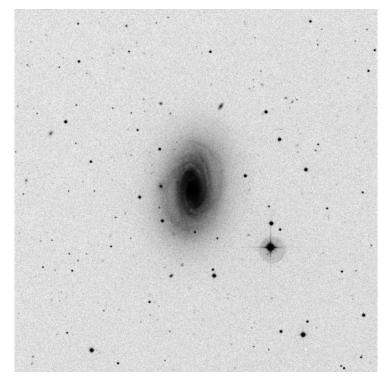


Galaxy in Coma Berenices

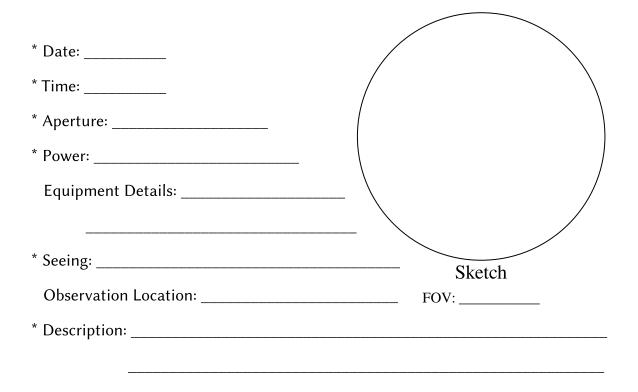
Right Ascension (current)		Declination (current)	$17^{\circ}00'26''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$12^{\rm h}28^{\rm m}29^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$17^{\circ}05'03''$
Size	$5.4' \times 4.1'$	Position Angle	-85°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	_

Description: Dreyer: B;L;R;gvmbM*;r;B* sp SAC: H II 56





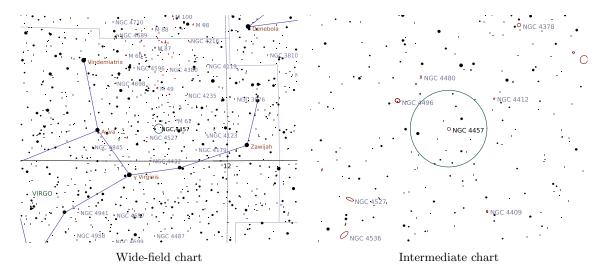
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$



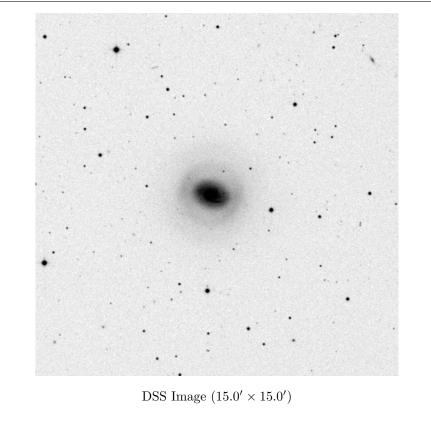
Galaxy in	virgo
-----------	-------

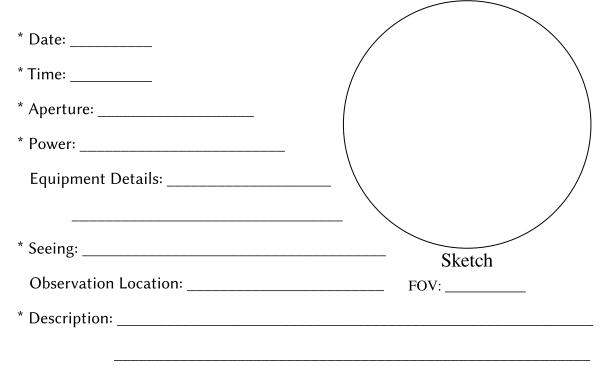
Right Ascension (current)	$12^{\rm h}29^{\rm m}39^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$3^{\circ} 29' 42''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$12^{\rm h}28^{\rm m}58^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$3^{\circ} 34' 16''$
Size	$2.6' \times 2.3'$	Position Angle	24°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	—

Description: Dreyer: cB;pS;R;smbMN;vBN SAC: H II 35









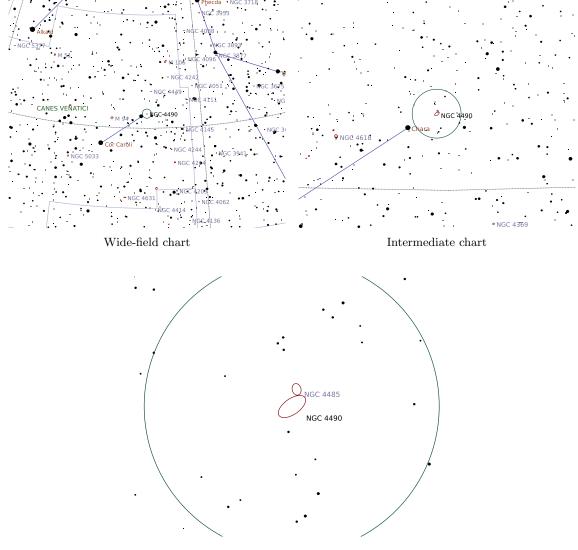
This content is protected by Copyrights. See the Legal chapter of this document for details. 261

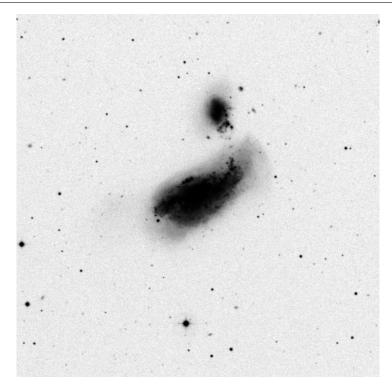
NGC 4490 (Cocoon Galaxy)

Right Ascension (current) Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$\frac{12^{\rm h} 31^{\rm m} 15^{\rm s}}{12^{\rm h} 30^{\rm m} 36^{\rm s}}$	Declination (current) Declination (J2000.0)	41° 33′ 54″ 41° 38′ 34″
Size	$6.4' \times 3.2'$	Position Angle	-35°
Magnitude	9.8	Other Designation	_

Galaxy in Canes Venatici

Description: Dreyer: vB;vL;mE130;r;sf of 2 SAC: H I 198;disrupted;P w NGC 4485 @ 3.5'





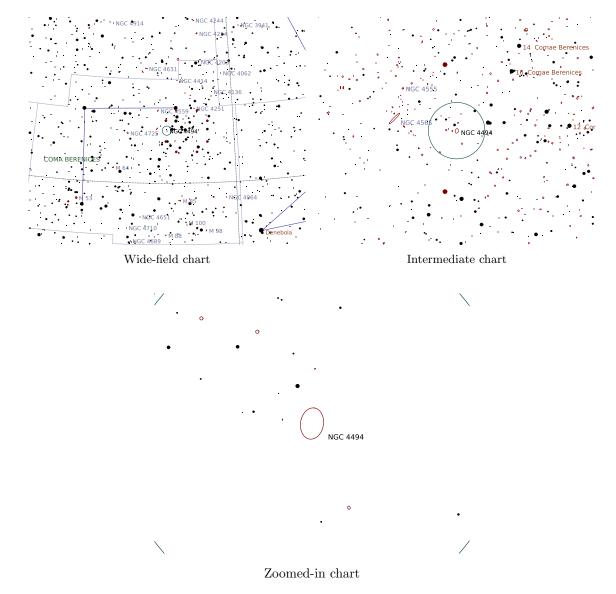
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

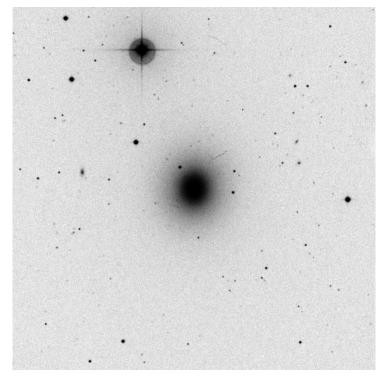


Galaxy in Coma Berenices

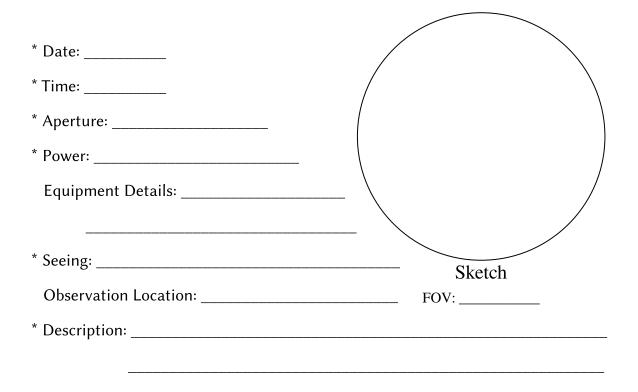
Right Ascension (current)	$12^{\rm h} 32^{\rm m} 04^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$25^{\circ} 41' 53''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$12^{\rm h} 31^{\rm m} 24^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$25^{\circ} 46' 31''$
Size	$4.8' \times 3.5'$	Position Angle	-81°
Magnitude	9.8	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: vB;pL;R;vsmbMN SAC: H I 83





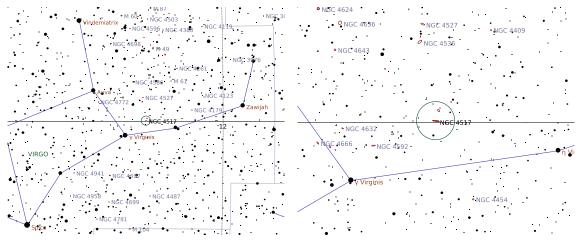
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$



Right Ascension (current)	$12^{\rm h}33^{\rm m}27^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$12^{\rm h} 32^{\rm m} 45^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$0^{\circ}06^{\prime}56^{\prime\prime}$
Size	$10.5' \times 1.5'$	Position Angle	7°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	—

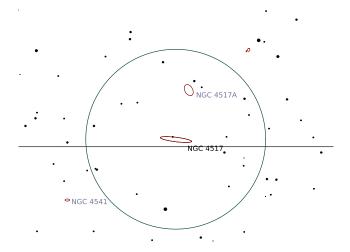
Galaxy in Virgo

Description: Dreyer: cB;vL;vmE89;pB*in cont SAC: H IV 5;NGC 4517A @ 17 ';long narrow streak w dust patches

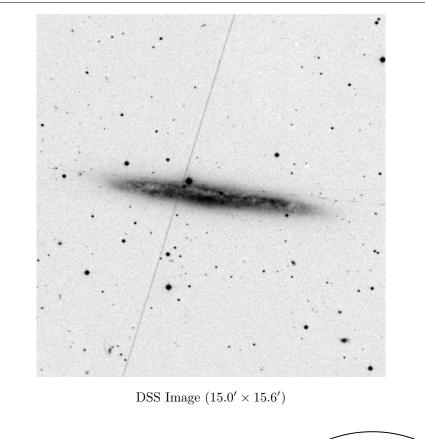


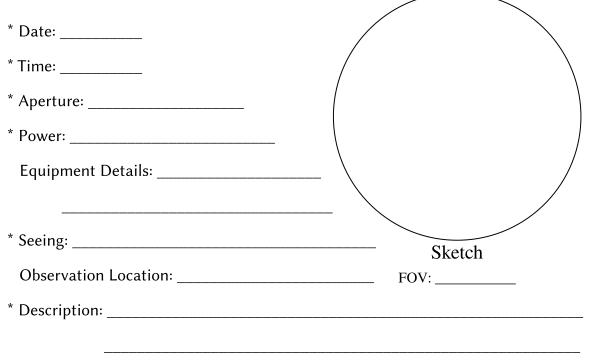
Wide-field chart

Intermediate chart



Zoomed-in chart

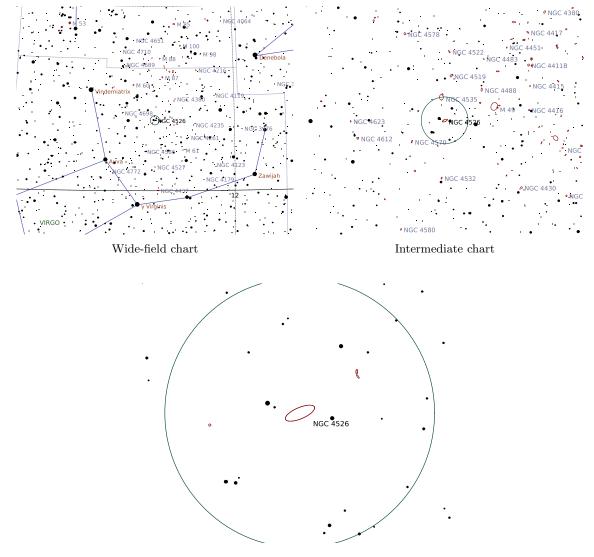


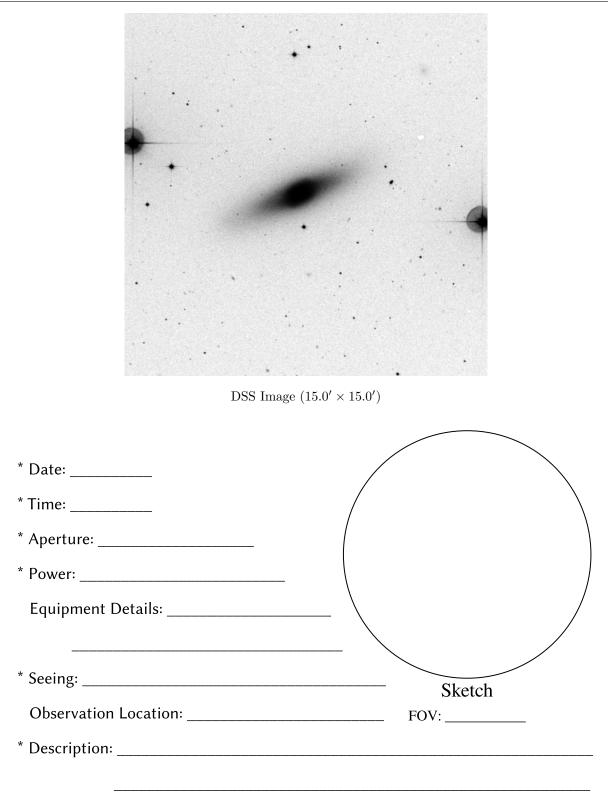


α 1	•	T 7 ·
Galaxy	ın	Virgo
		0

Right Ascension (current)	$12^{\rm h} 34^{\rm m} 43^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$7^{\circ} 37' 22''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$12^{\rm h} 34^{\rm m} 02^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$7^{\circ} 41' 56''$
Size	$7' \times 2.5'$	Position Angle	-23°
Magnitude	9.3	Other Designation	—

Description: (Also NGC 4560) **Dreyer:** vB;vL;mE120;psmbM **SAC:** H I 31;lenticular;between two 7th mag stars



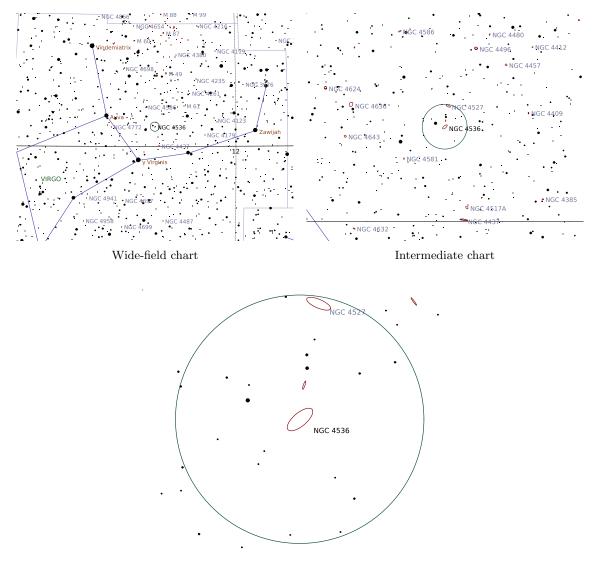


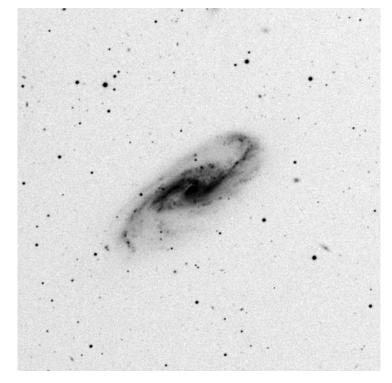
This content is protected by Copyrights. See the Legal chapter of this document for details. 269

Galany III (IISO	Galaxy	' in	Virgo	
------------------	--------	------	-------	--

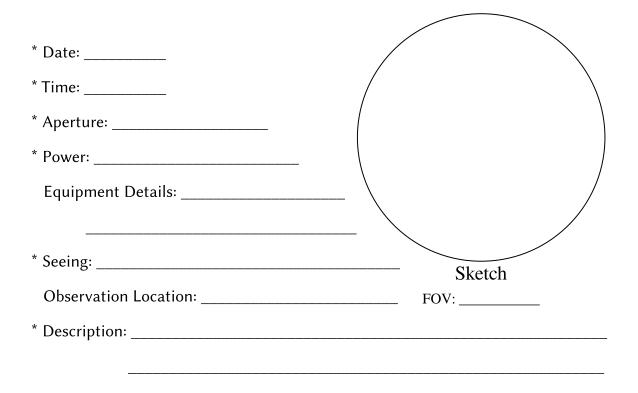
Right Ascension (current)	$12^{\rm h}35^{\rm m}07^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$2^{\circ} 06' 42''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$12^{\rm h} 34^{\rm m} 26^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$2^{\circ} 11' 14''$
Size	$7.6' \times 3.2'$	Position Angle	-40°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: B;vL;mE110;sbM;er SAC: H V 2;NGC 4533 @ 8.2';high tilt spiral w long curvd arms





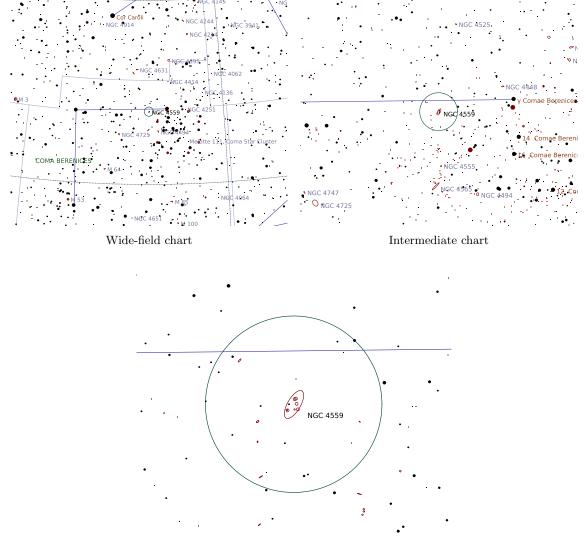
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

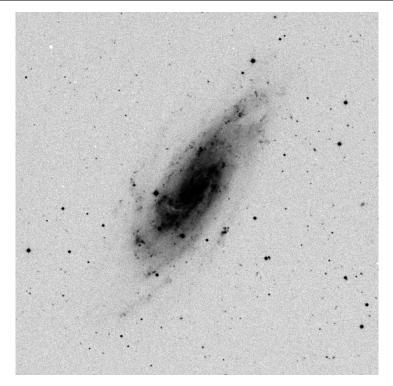


α 1	•	α	D	•
Galaxy	ın	Coma	Keren	1000
Ualary	111	Coma	DUIUI	ICCS.

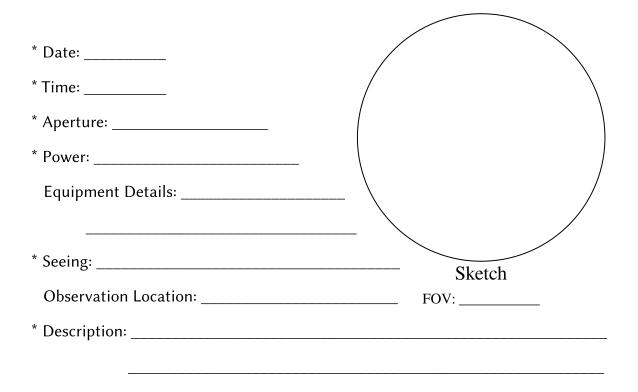
Right Ascension (current) Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$\begin{array}{c} 12^{\rm h} 36^{\rm m} 37^{\rm s} \\ 12^{\rm h} 35^{\rm m} 57^{\rm s} \end{array}$	Declination (current) Declination (J2000.0)	27° 52′ 57″ 27° 57′ 35″
Size		Position Angle	-60°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	—

Description: Dreyer: vB;vL;mE150;gbM;3 AASlogo.eps AASlogo-eps-converted-to.pdf Acknowledgements.tex Austin.eps Aus SAC: H I 92;SN 1941a;multi arm spiral





DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

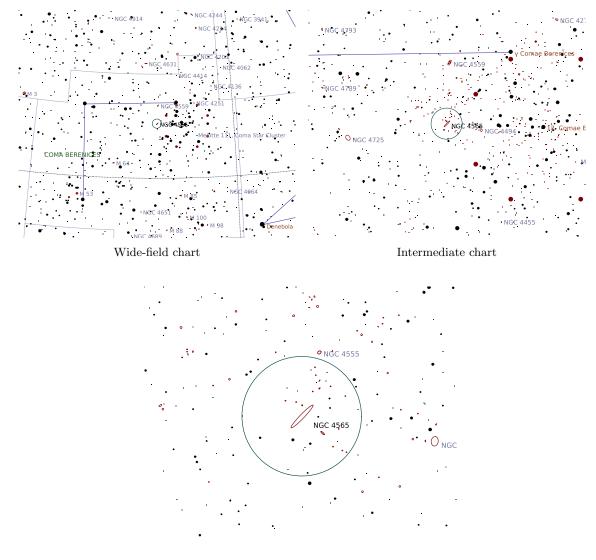


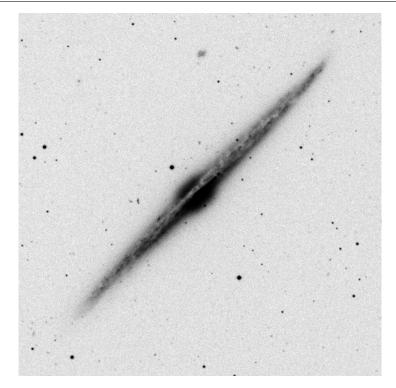
NGC 4565 (Needle Galaxy)

Right Ascension (current)	$12^{\rm h}37^{\rm m}00^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$25^{\circ}54'39''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$12^{\rm h} 36^{\rm m} 20^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$25^{\circ}59'16''$
Size	$15.8' \times 2.1'$	Position Angle	-46°
Magnitude	9.6	Other Designation	—

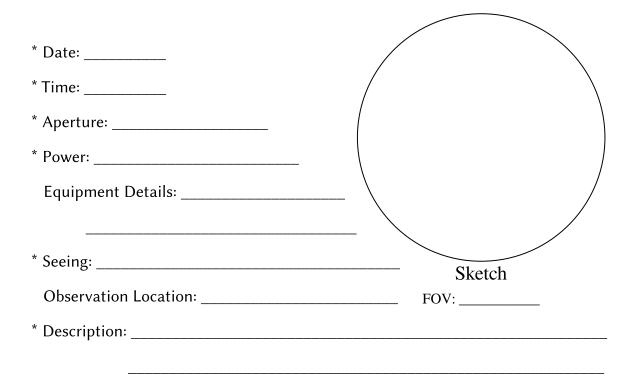
Galaxy in Coma Berenices

Description: Dreyer: !!B;eL;eE135;vsbMN = *10-11 SAC: H V 24;NGC 4562 @ 13.4';classic edge-on galaxy



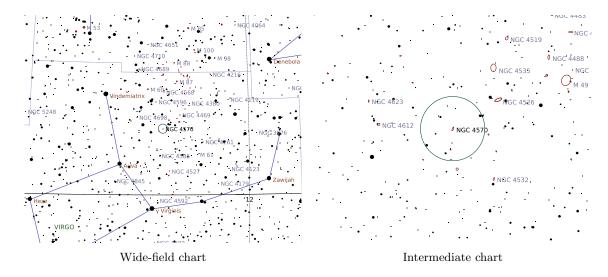


DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

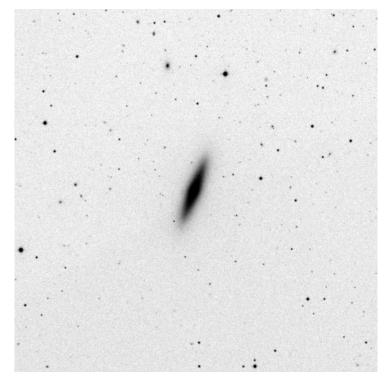


Right Ascension (current)	$12^{\rm h} 37^{\rm m} 34^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$7^{\circ}10'16''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$12^{\rm h} 36^{\rm m} 53^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$7^{\circ} 14' 49''$
Size	$3.7' \times 1.2'$	Position Angle	-69°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	—

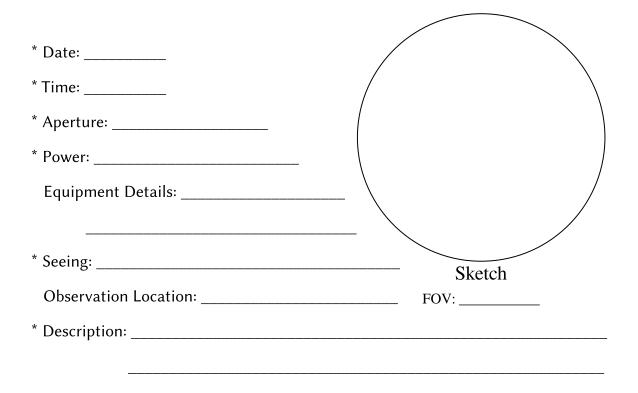
Description: Dreyer: cB;pS;mE0;sbM SAC: H I 32;lens shaped;in field of R VIR







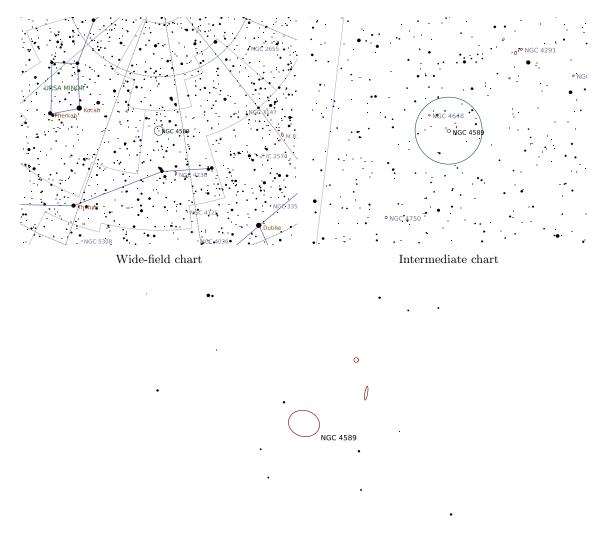
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$



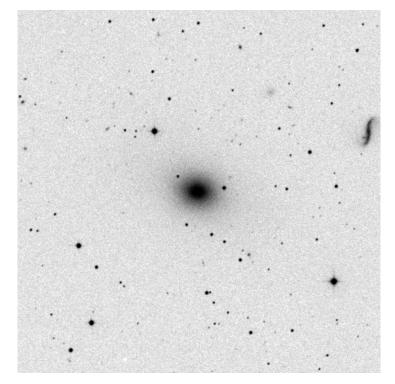
α 1	•	D
Galaxy	1n	Draco
0.012012-0		

Right Ascension (current) Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$\begin{array}{c} 12^{\rm h} 37^{\rm m} 56^{\rm s} \\ 12^{\rm h} 37^{\rm m} 24^{\rm s} \end{array}$	Declination (current) Declination (J2000.0)	$74^{\circ} 06' 50'' \ 74^{\circ} 11' 31''$
Size	$3.4' \times 2.8'$	Position Angle	15°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	_

Description: Dreyer: cB;L;lE;pgmbM SAC: H I 273;P w NGC 4572 @ 7.5';NGC 4648 @ 22'



Zoomed-in chart



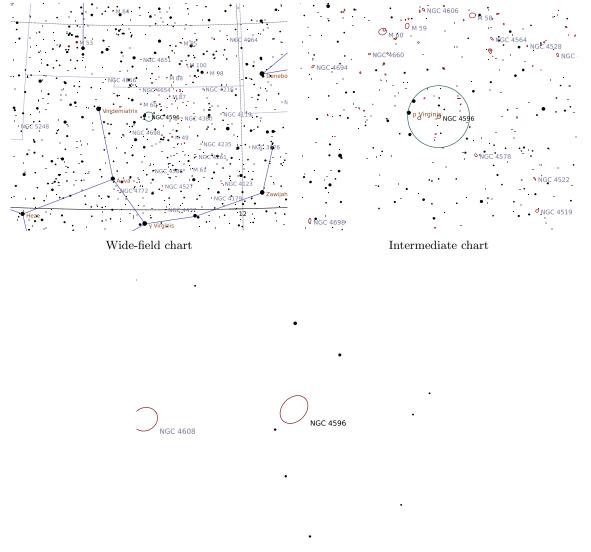
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$



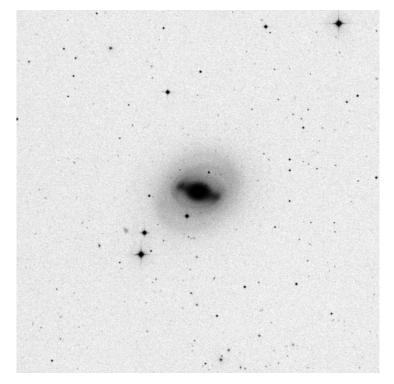
	Galaxy	in	Virgo
--	--------	----	-------

Right Ascension (current) Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$\frac{12^{\rm h}40^{\rm m}37^{\rm s}}{12^{\rm h}39^{\rm m}56^{\rm s}}$	Declination (current) Declination (J2000.0)	10° 06' 02'' 10° 10' 35''
Size	$4' \times 3'$	Position Angle	-45°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	—

Description: Dreyer: B;pS;R;gmbM;r;3 AASlogo.eps AASlogo-eps-converted-to.pdf Acknowledgements.tex Austin.eps Austi SAC: H I 24;NGC 4608 @ 19 ';disc w projecting ansae



Zoomed-in chart



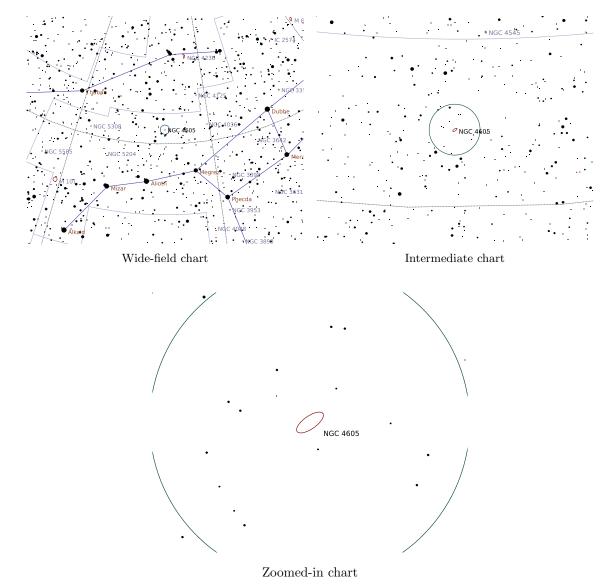
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

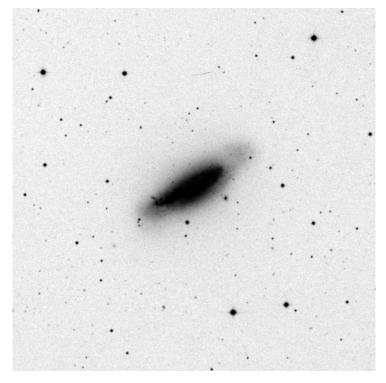


Galaxy in Ursa Major

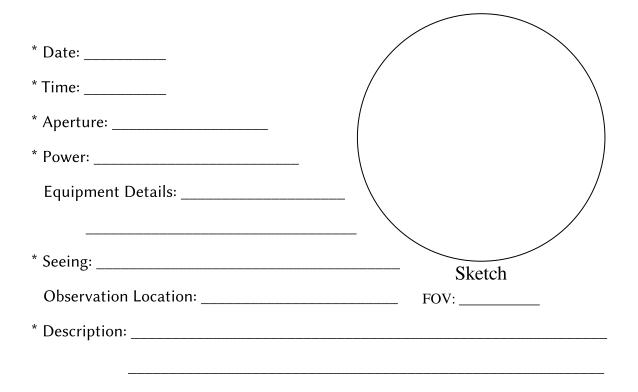
Right Ascension (current)	$12^{\rm h} 40^{\rm m} 35^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$61^{\circ} 31' 50''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$12^{\rm h}39^{\rm m}59^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$61^{\circ}36'30''$
Size	$5.9' \times 2.4'$	Position Angle	-35°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	_

Description: Dreyer: B;L;vmE118;glbM SAC: H I 254



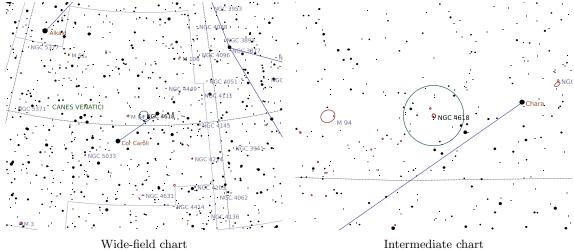


DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$



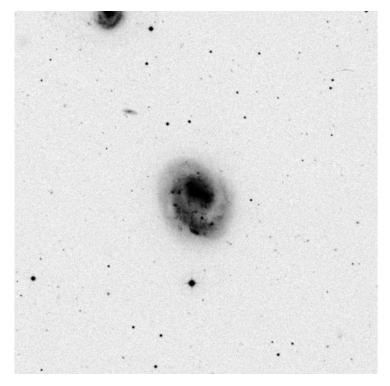
Right Ascension (current) Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$\frac{12^{\rm h} 42^{\rm m} 12^{\rm s}}{12^{\rm h} 41^{\rm m} 33^{\rm s}}$	Declination (current) Declination (J2000.0)	$\frac{41^{\circ}04'25''}{41^{\circ}09'04''}$
Size	$4.2' \times 3.4'$	Position Angle	65°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: B;L;E;mbM;curved branch n SAC: H I 178;P w NGC 4625 @ 8.3'









DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

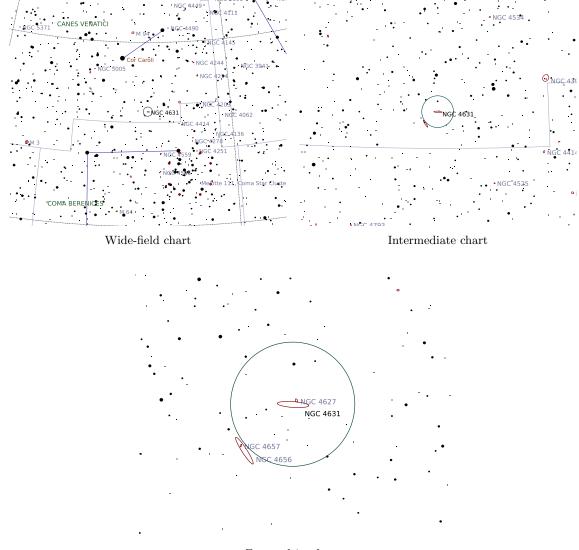


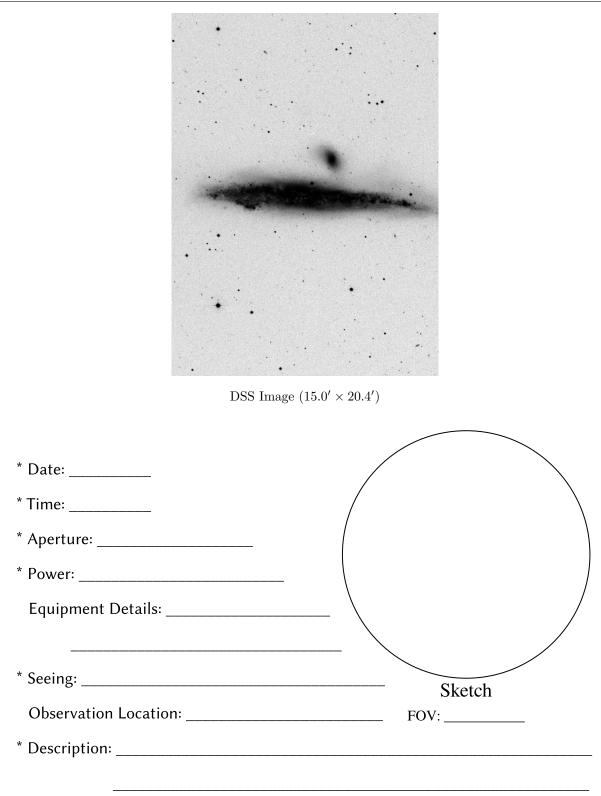
NGC 4631 (Whale Galaxy)

Right Ascension (current) Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$\frac{12^{h} 42^{m} 46^{s}}{12^{h} 42^{m} 07^{s}}$	Declination (current) Declination (J2000.0)	32° 27′ 53″ 32° 32′ 30″
Size	$15.2' \times 2.8'$	Position Angle	4°
Magnitude	9.2	Other Designation	_

Galaxy in Canes Venatici

Description: Dreyer: vB;vL;eE70;bMN;* att n SAC: H V 42;P w NGC 4627 @ 2.5'

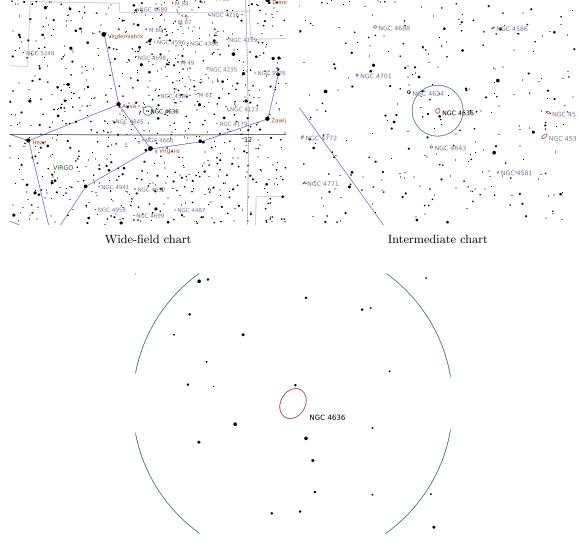


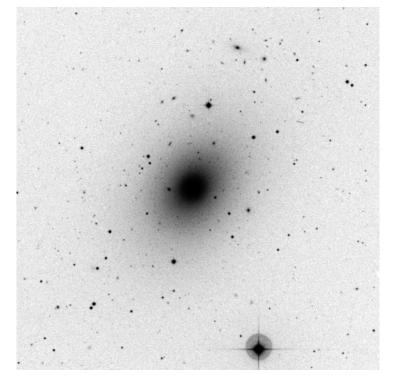


Galaxy	in	Virgo
		0

Right Ascension (current)	$12^{\rm h} 43^{\rm m} 30^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$2^{\circ} 36' 43''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$12^{\rm h} 42^{\rm m} 49^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$2^{\circ} 41' 14''$
Size	$5.9' \times 4.6'$	Position Angle	-60°
Magnitude	9.5	Other Designation	_

Description: Dreyer: B;L;iR;vgvmbM;r SAC: H II 38



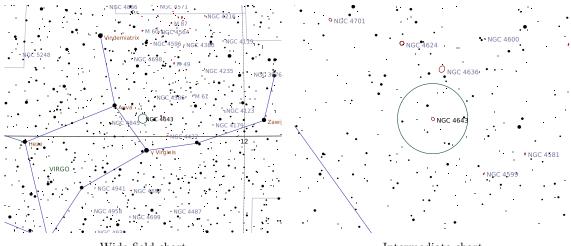


DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$



Right Ascension (current)	$12^{\rm h}44^{\rm m}01^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$1^{\circ} 54' 11''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$12^{\rm h} 43^{\rm m} 20^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$1^{\circ} 58' 41''$
Size	$3.1' \times 2.5'$	Position Angle	42°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	—

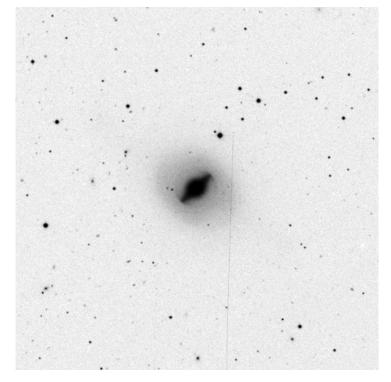
Description: Dreyer: cB;pS;lE;mbM SAC: H I 10;Saturn-like central mass w projecting ansae



Wide-field chart

Intermediate chart





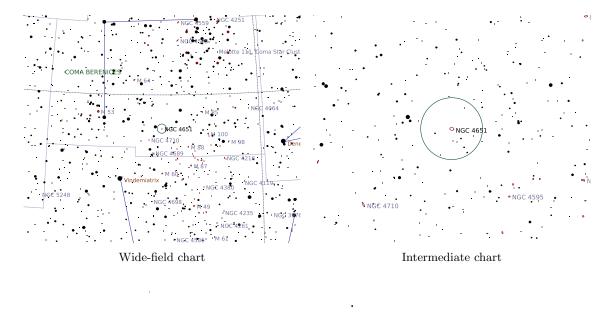
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

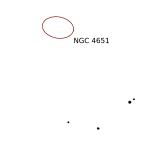


Galaxy in Coma Berenices

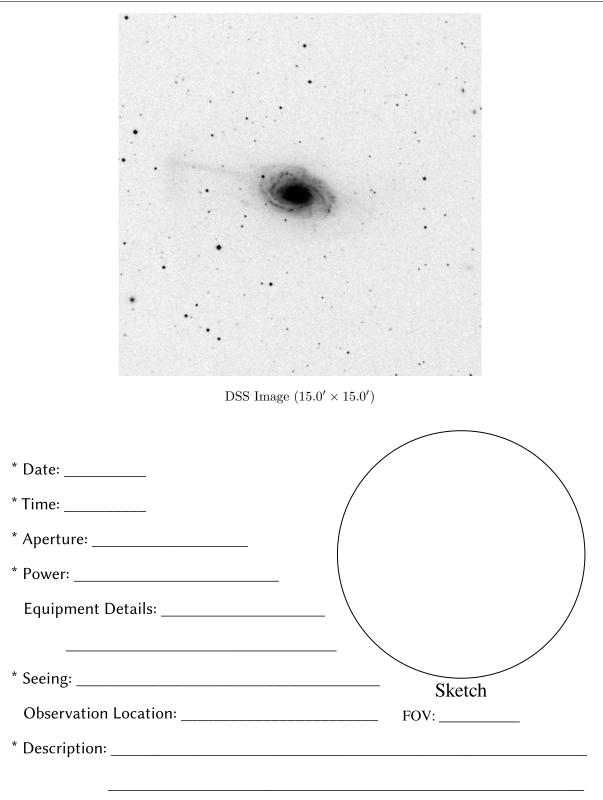
Right Ascension (current)	$12^{\rm h}_{\rm h} 44^{\rm m} 22^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$16^{\circ} 19' 03''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$12^{\rm h} 43^{\rm m} 42^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$16^{\circ} 23' 37''$
Size	$4' \times 2.7'$	Position Angle	10°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: cB;L;E90;gbM;r SAC: H II 12



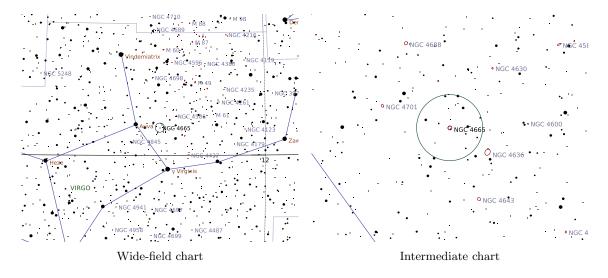


Zoomed-in chart

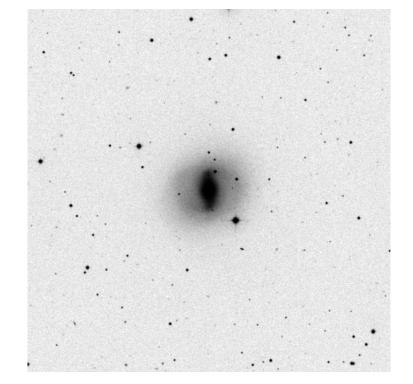


Right Ascension (current)	$12^{\rm h}45^{\rm m}47^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$2^{\circ} 58' 49''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$12^{\rm h}45^{\rm m}06^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$3^{\circ}03^{\prime}19^{\prime\prime}$
Size	3.5' imes 3.5'	Position Angle	90°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	—

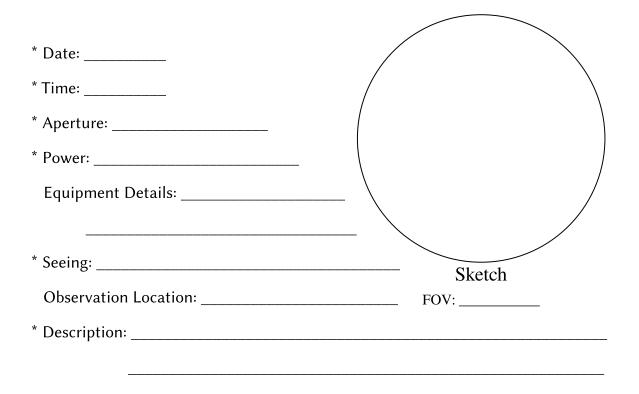
Description: Dreyer: B;pL;iR;mbM;*10 sp SAC: H I 142







DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

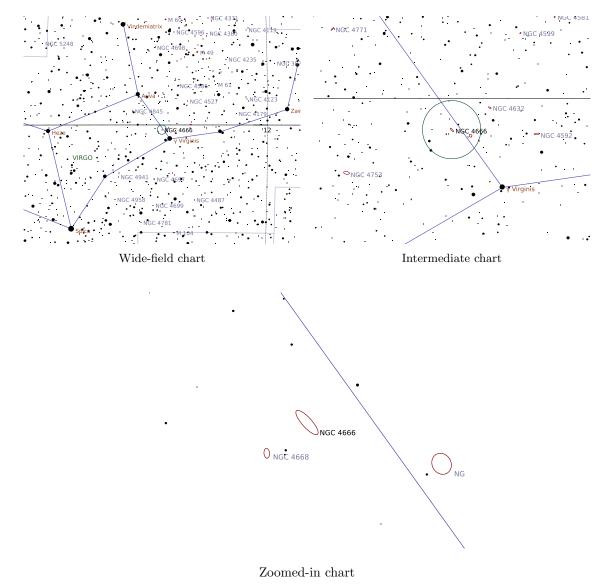


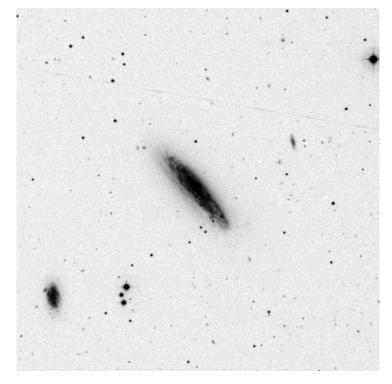
Galaxy	in	Virgo
		U

Right Ascension (current)	$12^{\rm h} 45^{\rm m} 50^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$-0^{\circ} 32' 14''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$12^{\rm h}45^{\rm m}08^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-0^{\circ} 27' 46''$
Size	$4.5' \times 1.4'$	Position Angle	48°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: B;vL;mE45;psbM

 $\mathbf{SAC:}\ \texttt{H}\ \texttt{I}\ \texttt{15;NGC}\ \texttt{4668}\ \texttt{@}\ \texttt{7.3';NGC}\ \texttt{4653}\ \texttt{@}\ \texttt{20}\ \texttt{';edge}\ \texttt{on}$



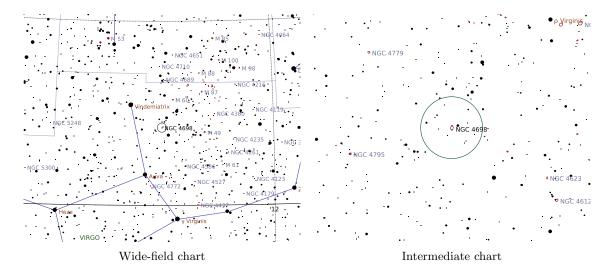


DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

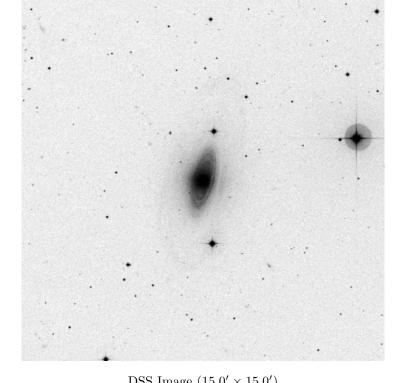


Right Ascension (current)	$12^{\rm h} 49^{\rm m} 04^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$8^{\circ} 24' 47''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$12^{\rm h} 48^{\rm m} 23^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$8^{\circ} 29' 18''$
Size	$4' \times 2.5'$	Position Angle	-80°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	—

Description: Dreyer: cB;pL;iR;bM;r SAC: H I 8







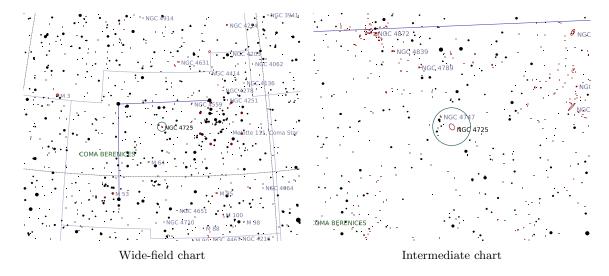
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

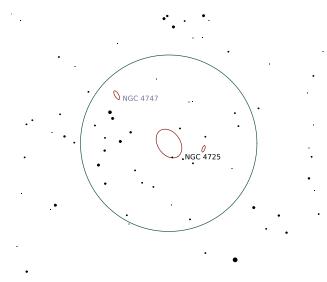


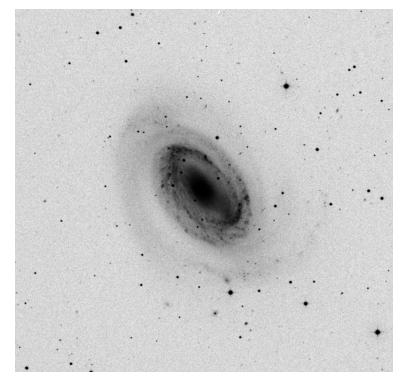
α 1	•	α	D	•
(-alavy	ın	Coma	В	erenices
Ualary	111	Coma		

Right Ascension (current)		Declination (current)	$25^{\circ} 25' 26''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$12^{\rm h}50^{\rm m}26^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$25^{\circ} 30' 00''$
Size	$10.7' \times 7.6'$	Position Angle	55°
Magnitude	9.4	Other Designation	_

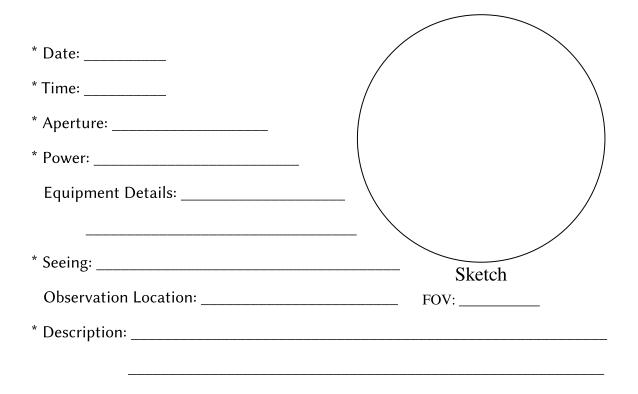
Description: Dreyer: vB;vL;E;vg;vsvmbM;eBN SAC: H I 84;P w NGC 4712 @ 12 '







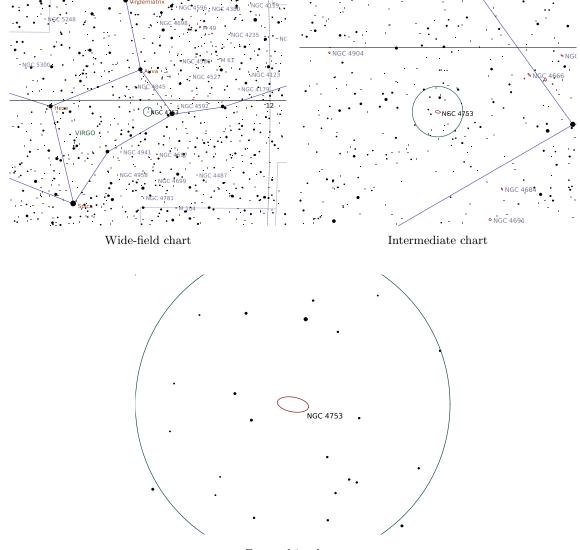
DSS Image $(18.1' \times 17.4')$

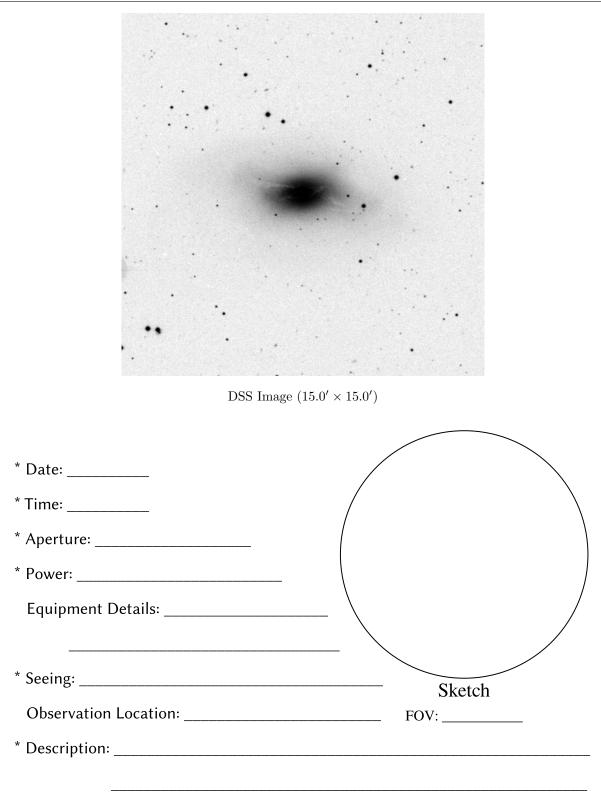


α 1	•	T 7.
Galaxy	ın	Virgo
		0

Right Ascension (current)	$12^{\rm h}53^{\rm m}04^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$-1^{\circ} 16' 26''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$12^{\rm h}52^{\rm m}22^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-1^{\circ} 12' 00''$
Size	$6' \times 2.8'$	Position Angle	10°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	_

Description: Dreyer: cB;L;vlE;vglbM SAC: H I 16;SN 1965i

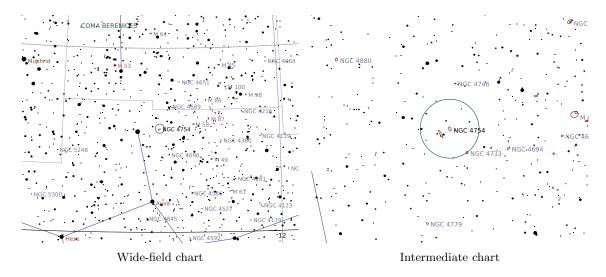


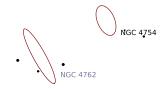


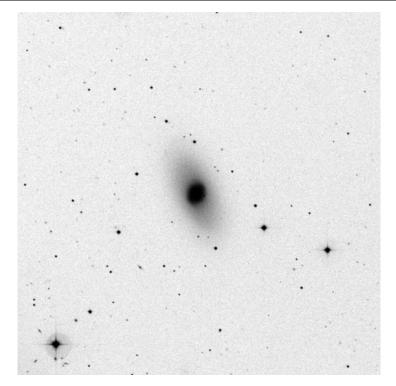
Gal	laxy	in	Virgo	

Right Ascension (current)	$12^{\rm h}52^{\rm m}58^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$11^{\circ} 14' 20''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$12^{\rm h}52^{\rm m}17^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$11^{\circ} 18' 50''$
Size	$4.4' \times 2.4'$	Position Angle	67°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	-

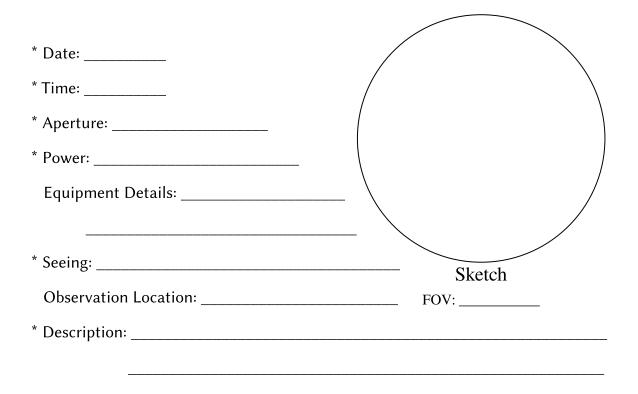
Description: Dreyer: B;pL;R;psbM;p of 2 SAC: H I 25;P w NGC 4762 11' to NW







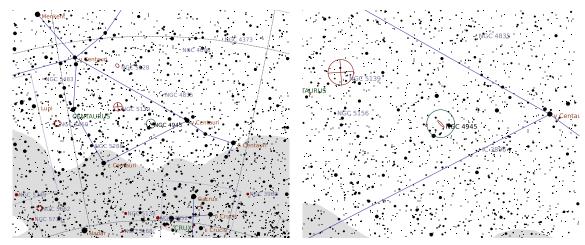
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$



Galaxy in Centaurus

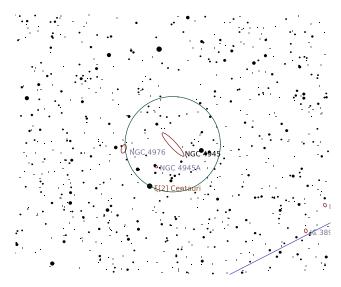
Right Ascension (current)	$13^{\rm h}06^{\rm m}14^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$-49^{\circ} 31' 53''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$13^{\rm h}05^{\rm m}26^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-49^{\circ} \ 27' \ 46''$
Size	$19.8' \times 4'$	Position Angle	47°
Magnitude	8.4	Other Designation	_

Description: Dreyer: B;vL;vmE39 SAC: Nearly edge-on

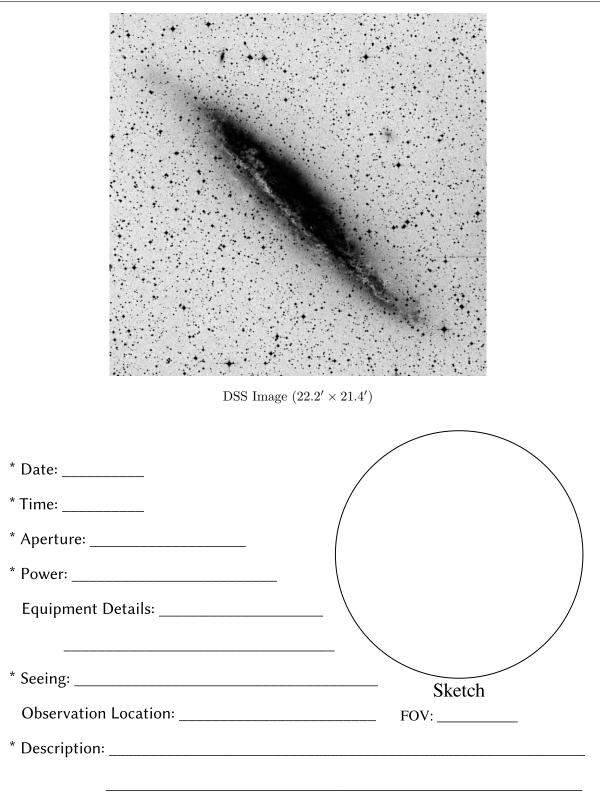


Wide-field chart

Intermediate chart

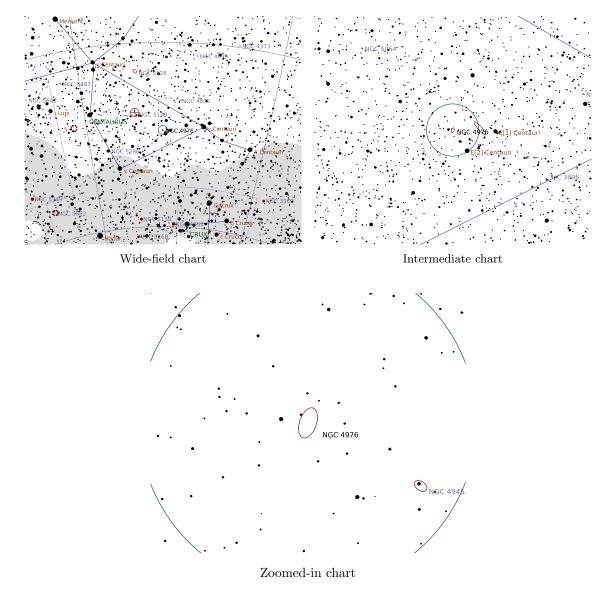


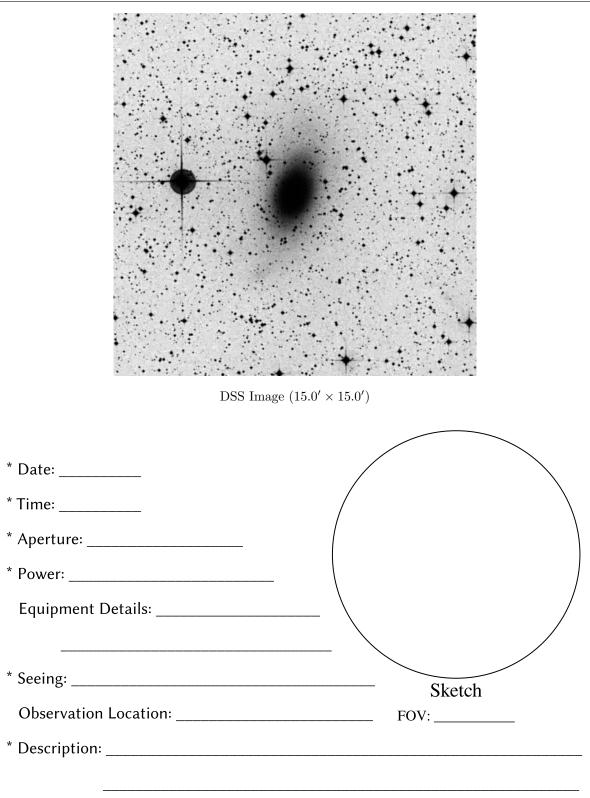
Zoomed-in chart



Right Ascension (current)	$13^{\rm h}09^{\rm m}25^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$-49^{\circ} 34' 27''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$13^{ m h}08^{ m m}37^{ m s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-49^{\circ} 30' 21''$
Size	$5.6' \times 3'$	Position Angle	-71°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	—

Description: Dreyer: B;pL;R;gmbM

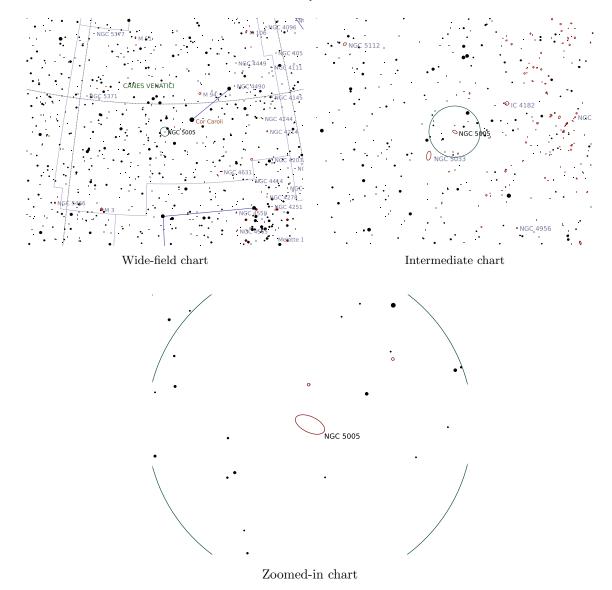


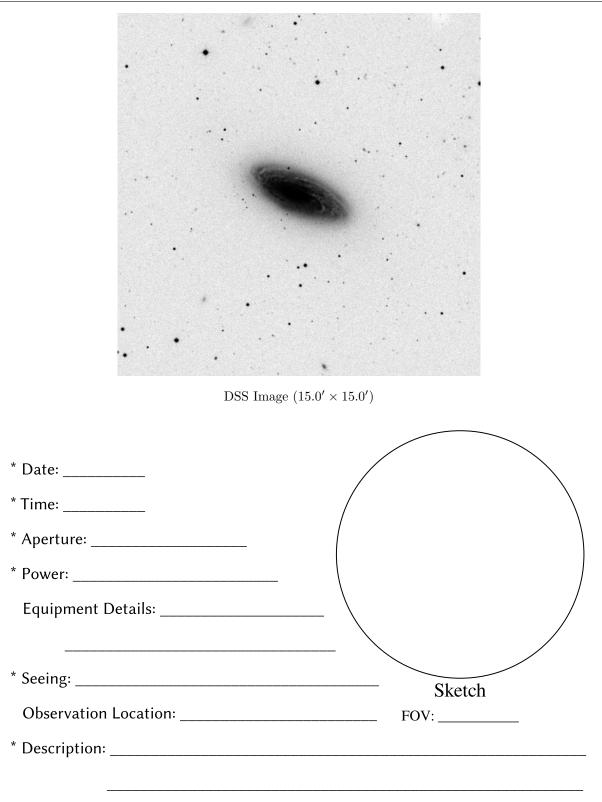


This content is protected by Copyrights. See the Legal chapter of this document for details. 309

Right Ascension (current)		Declination (current)	$36^{\circ}59'01''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$13^{\rm h}10^{\rm m}56^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$37^{\circ}03'31''$
Size	$5.8' \times 2.9'$	Position Angle	25°
Magnitude	9.8	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: vB;vL;vmE66;vsbMN SAC: H I 96;P w NGC 5033;eBN in B lens;sev knotty arms

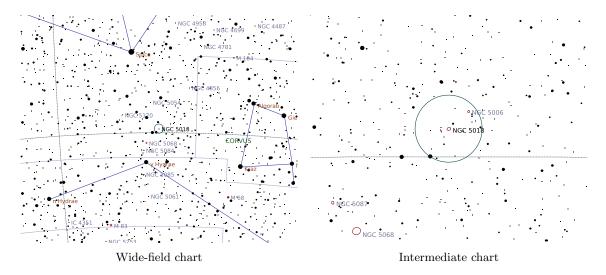




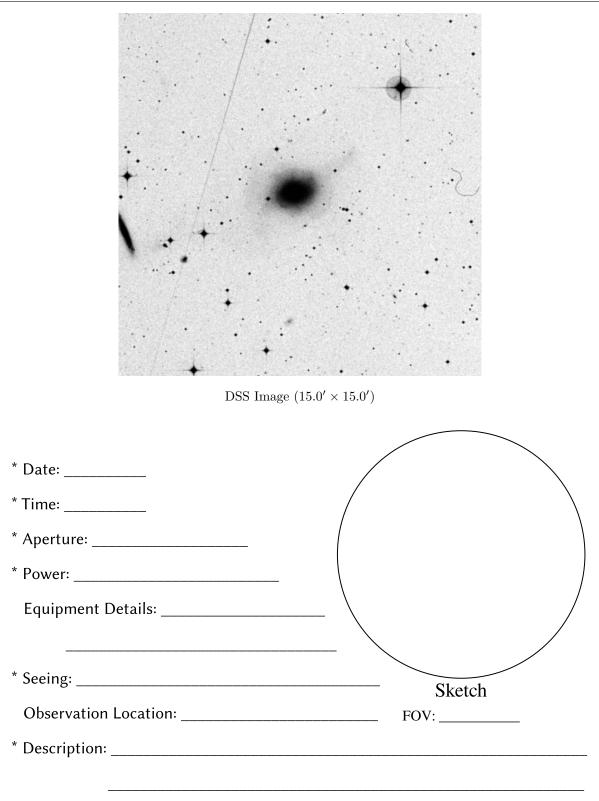
This content is protected by Copyrights. See the Legal chapter of this document for details. 311

Right Ascension (current)	$13^{\rm h}13^{\rm m}44^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$-19^{\circ} 35' 23''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$13^{\rm h}13^{\rm m}00^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-19^{\circ} 31' 10''$
Size	$3.4' \times 2.6'$	Position Angle	-22°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	_

Description: Dreyer: cB;S;R;mbMpBN SAC: H II 746



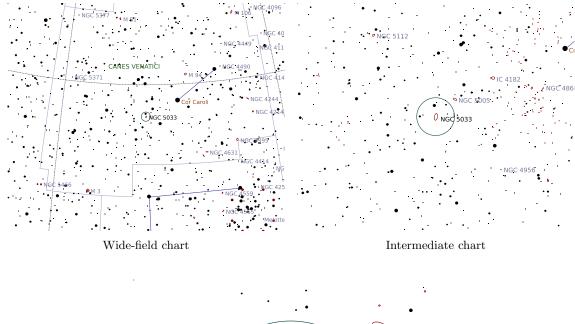


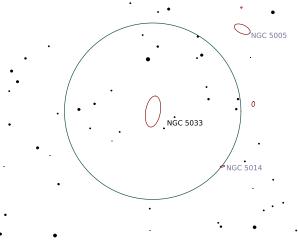


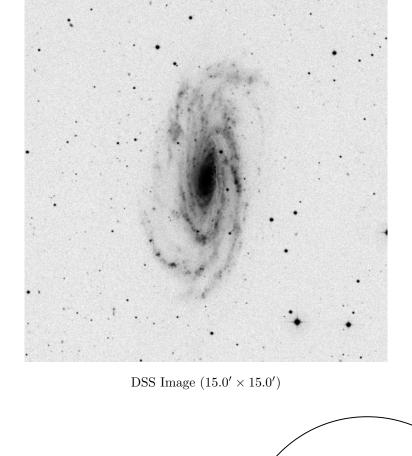
This content is protected by Copyrights. See the Legal chapter of this document for details. 313

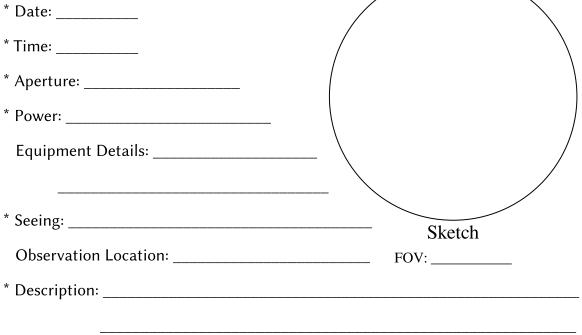
Right Ascension (current)	$13^{\rm h} 14^{\rm m} 05^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$36^{\circ} 31' 07''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$13^{\rm h}13^{\rm m}28^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$36^{\circ} 35' 36''$
Size	$10.7' \times 5'$	Position Angle	-80°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	—

Description: Dreyer: vB;pL;E167;smbM;vBN SAC: H I 97;P w NGC 5005;svBN in B bulge w spir patt of dk lanes





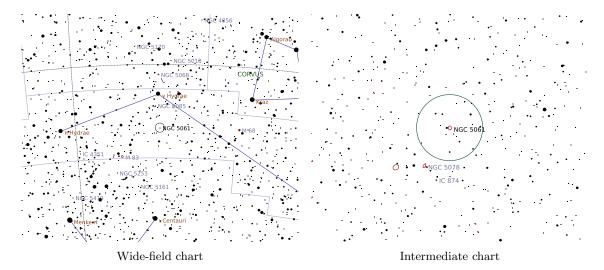




Galaxy in Hydra

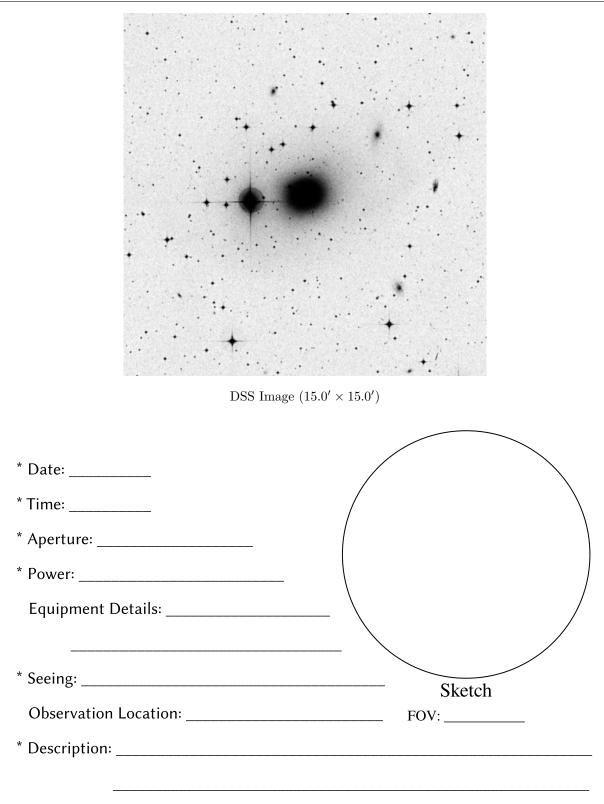
Right Ascension (current)	$13^{\rm h}18^{\rm m}50^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$-26^{\circ}54'23''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$13^{\rm h}18^{\rm m}05^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-26^{\circ} 50' 14''$
Size	$3.5' \times 3'$	Position Angle	90°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: vB;S;R;vsmbM;*10f SAC: H I 138



\$

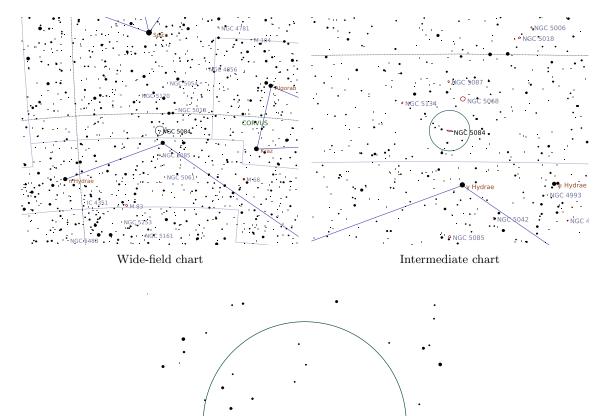




α 1	•	T 7.
Galaxy	ın	Virgo
		0

Right Ascension (current)	$13^{\rm h} 21^{\rm m} 00^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$-21^{\circ}53'49''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$13^{\rm h}20^{\rm m}16^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-21^{\circ} 49' 39''$
Size	9.3' imes 1.7'	Position Angle	10°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	-

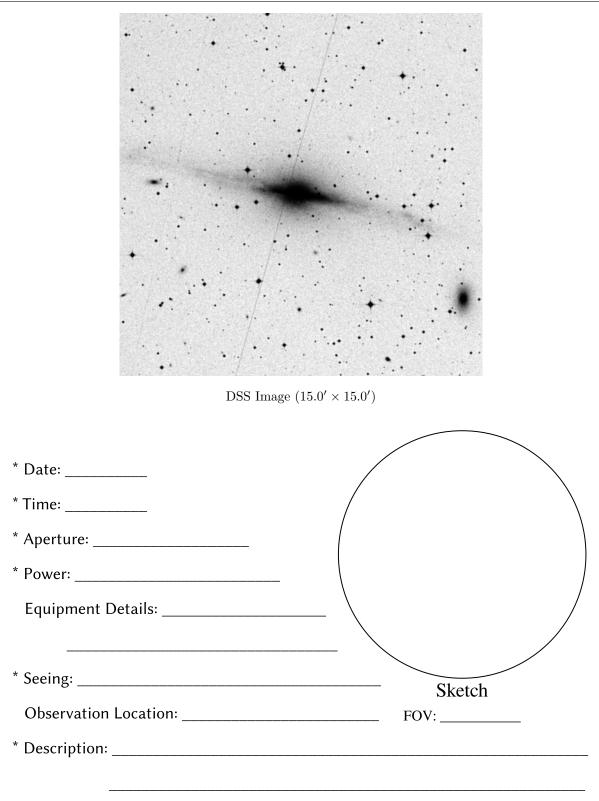
Description: Dreyer: cB;cS;vlE90 SAC: H II 313



٠

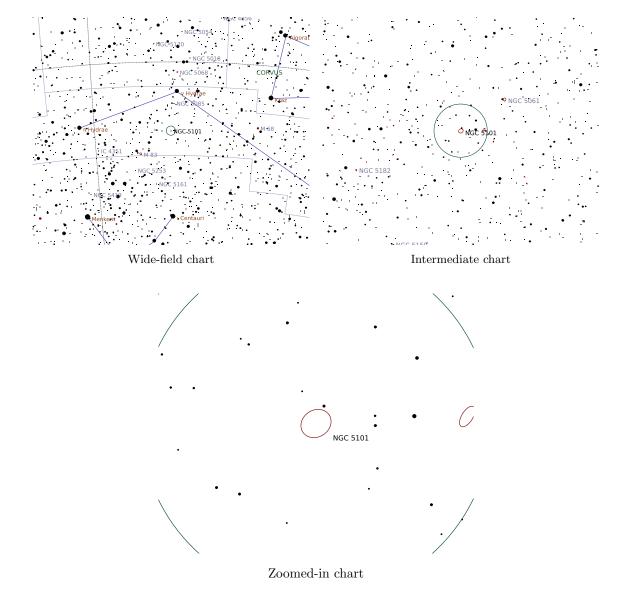
.

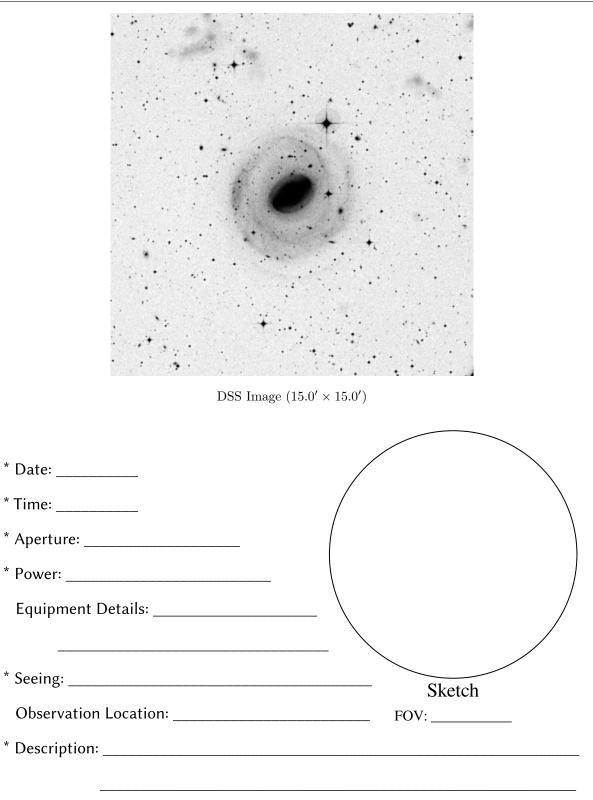
NGC 5084



Right Ascension (current)	$13^{\rm h} 22^{\rm m} 31^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$-27^{\circ} 29' 58''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$13^{\rm h} 21^{\rm m} 46^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-27^{\circ} 25' 51''$
Size	$5.4' \times 4.6'$	Position Angle	-33°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	-

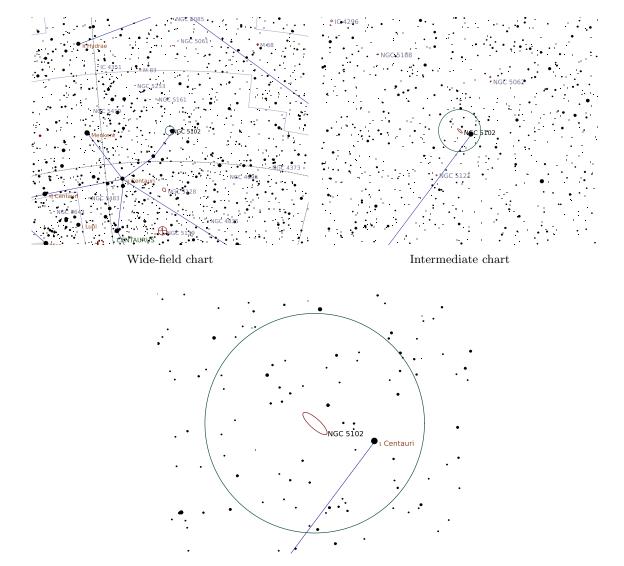
Description: Dreyer: cB;pS;lE;psbM* SAC: H II 567



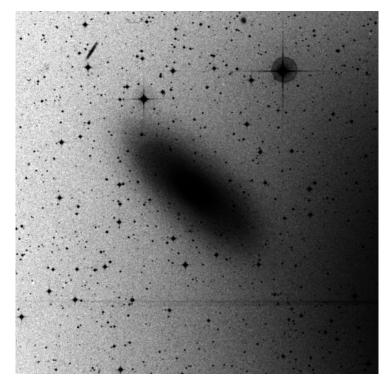


Right Ascension (current)	$13^{\rm h} 22^{\rm m} 43^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$-36^{\circ} 41' 58''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$13^{\rm h}21^{\rm m}57^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-36^{\circ} 37' 54''$
Size	$8.6' \times 2.7'$	Position Angle	42°
Magnitude	9.6	Other Designation	-

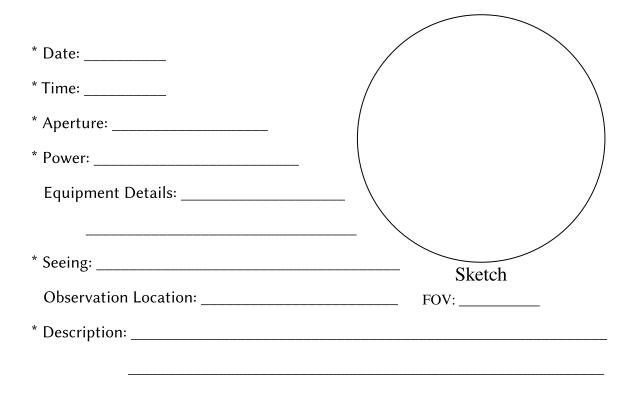
Description: Dreyer: vB;pS;R;svmbM SAC: 17' nf Iota CEN



Zoomed-in chart



DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

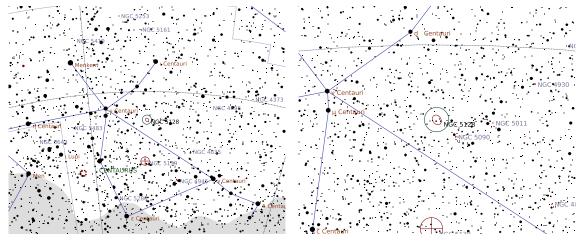


NGC 5128 (Centaurus A)

	v		
Right Ascension (current)	$13^{\rm h}26^{\rm m}17^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$-43^{\circ}04'59''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$13^{\rm h}25^{\rm m}29^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-43^{\circ}00^{\prime}58^{\prime\prime}$
Size	$25.7' \times 20'$	Position Angle	55°
Magnitude	6.8	Other Designation	_

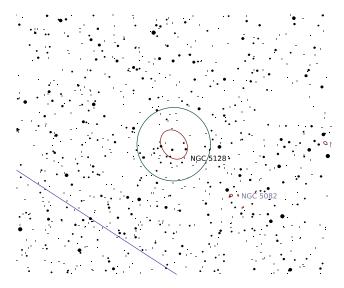
Galaxy in Centaurus

Description: Dreyer: !!vB;vL;vmE122;bifid SAC: Dark central band;radio source

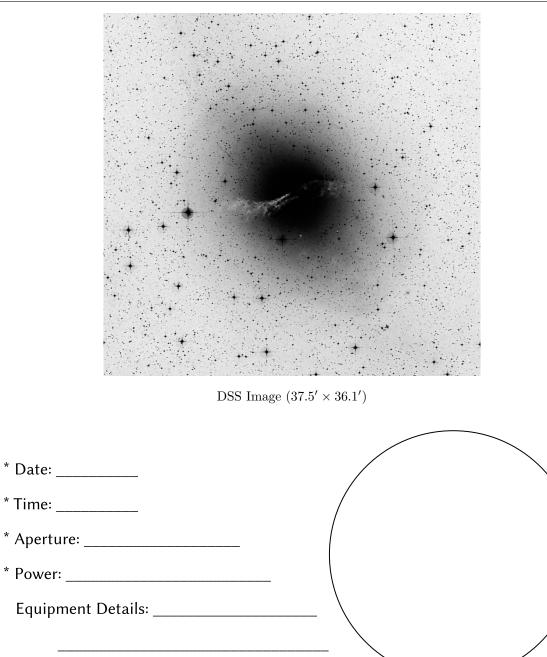


Wide-field chart

Intermediate chart



Zoomed-in chart

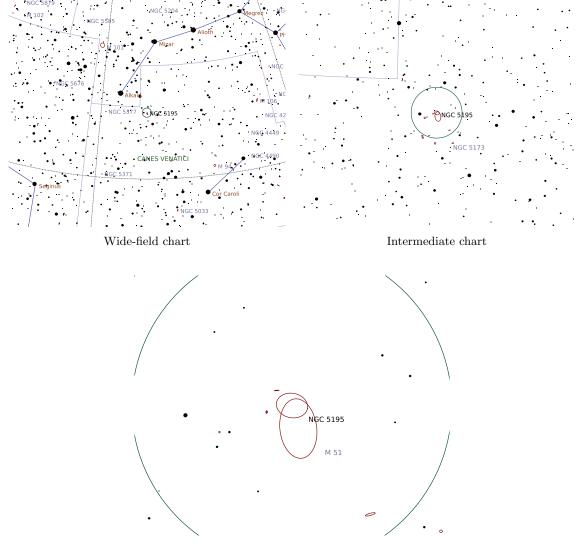


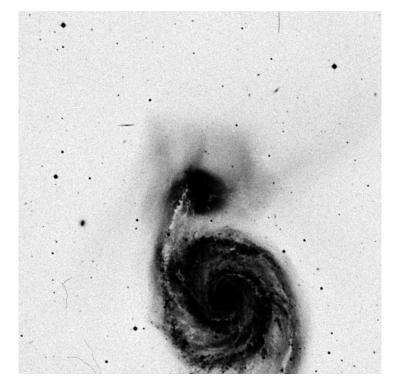
* Seeing: ______ Sketch
Observation Location: ______ FOV: _____
* Description: _____

Galaxy	in	Canes	Venatici
--------	----	-------	----------

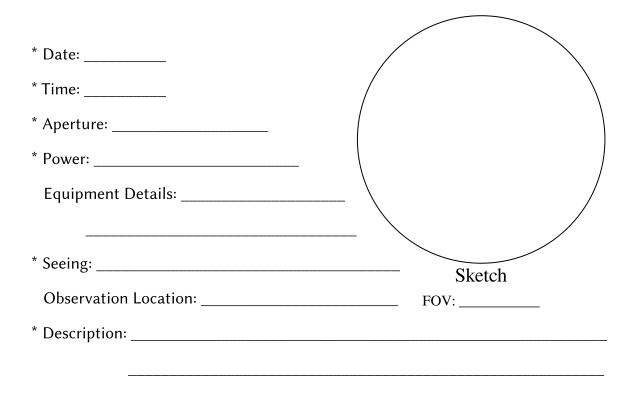
Right Ascension (current)		Declination (current)	$47^{\circ}11'39''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$13^{\rm h}29^{\rm m}59^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$47^{\circ}16'03''$
Size	$5.9' \times 4.6'$	Position Angle	11°
Magnitude	9.6	Other Designation	_

Description: Dreyer: B;pS;lE;vgbM;inv M51 SAC: H I 186;Interacting P w M 51;peculiar





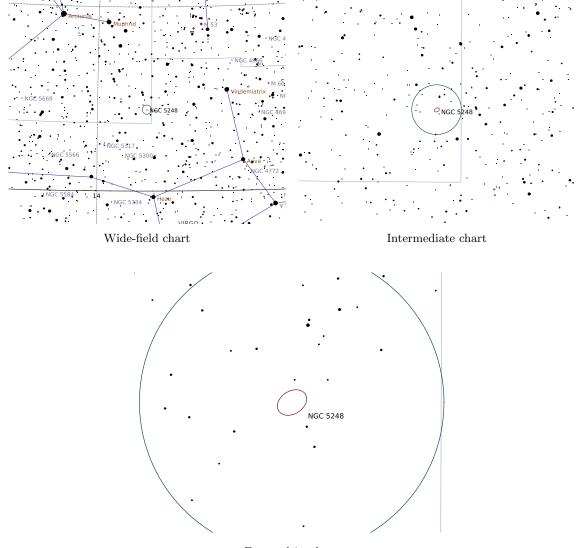
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

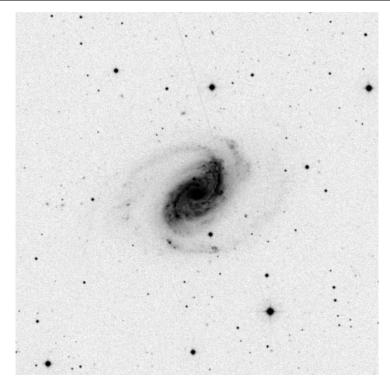


	Galaxy	in	Bootes
--	--------	----	--------

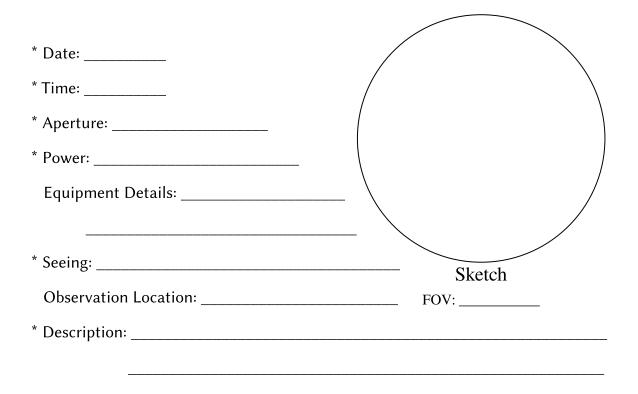
Right Ascension (current)		Declination (current)	$8^{\circ} 48' 58''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$13^{\rm h}37^{\rm m}32^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$8^{\circ} 53' 10''$
Size	$6.2' \times 4.5'$	Position Angle	-32°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	—

Description: Dreyer: B;L;E150;psbMRN SAC: H I 34;eBN in vB lens w many dk lanes



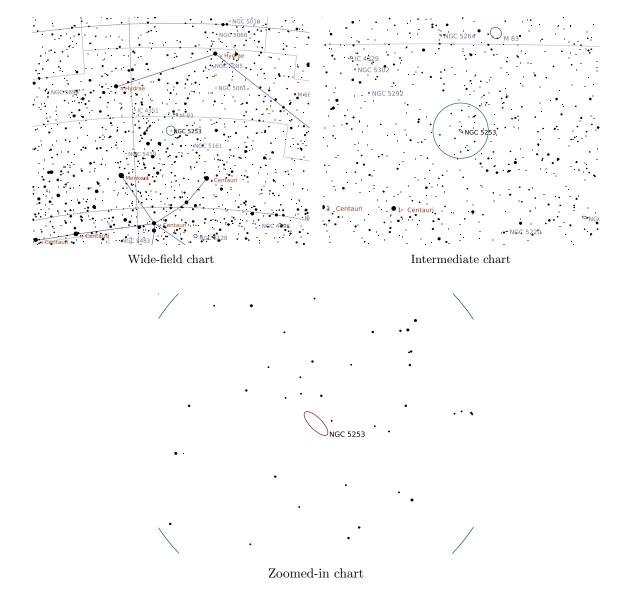


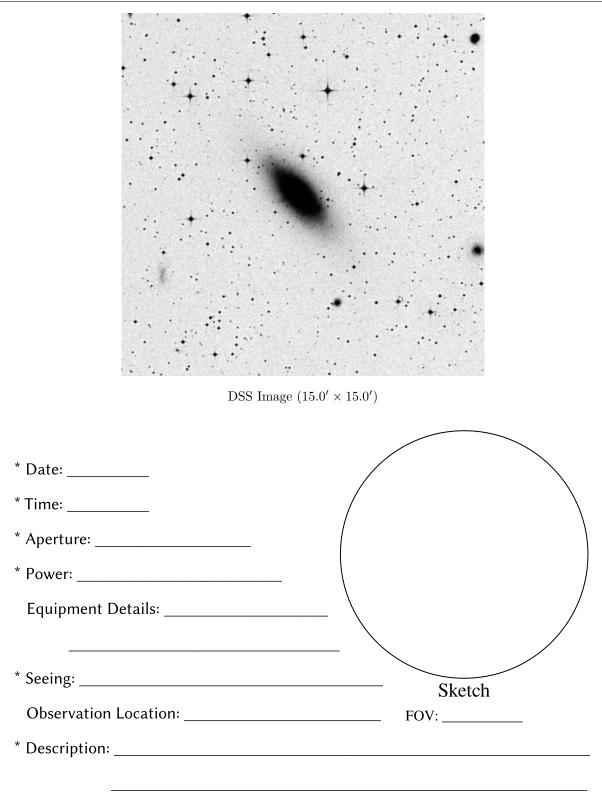
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$



Right Ascension (current)	$13^{\rm h} 40^{\rm m} 41^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$-31^{\circ}42'27''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$13^{\rm h}39^{\rm m}55^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-31^{\circ} 38' 30''$
Size	$5' \times 1.9'$	Position Angle	45°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: B;pL;E45;psmbM SAC: H II 638;SN in 1895 & 1975

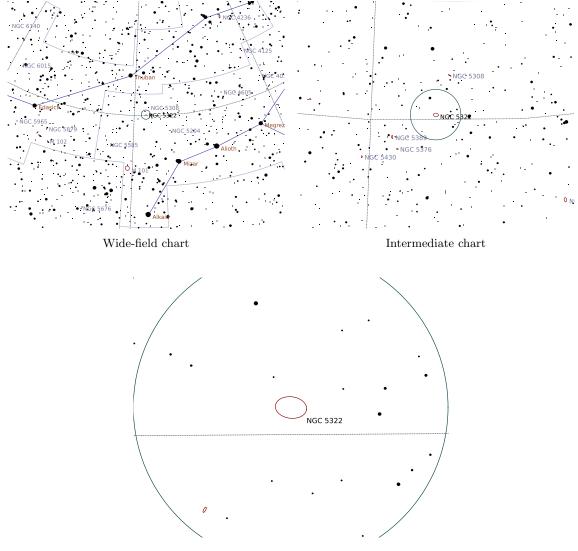


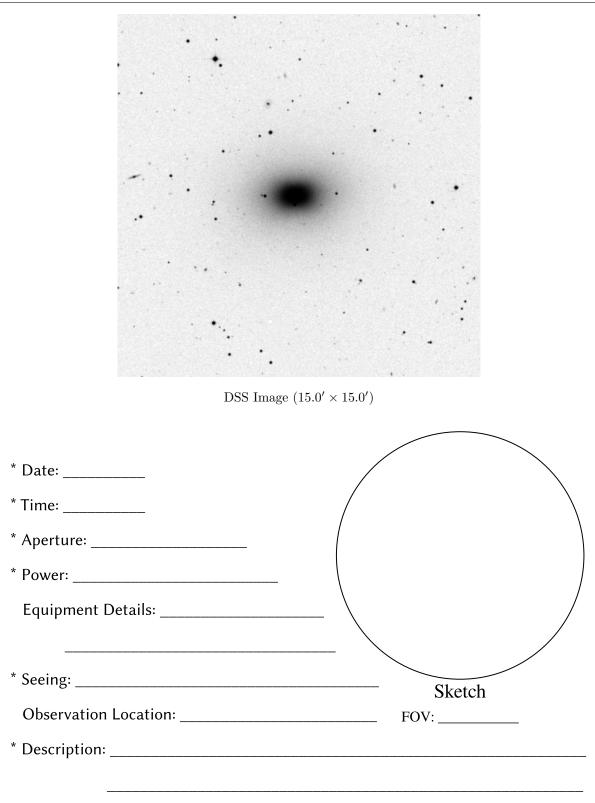


Galaxy in Ursa Major

Right Ascension (current) Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$\frac{13^{\rm h} 49^{\rm m} 41^{\rm s}}{13^{\rm h} 49^{\rm m} 14^{\rm s}}$	Declination (current) Declination (J2000.0)	$60^{\circ} 07' 10'' 60^{\circ} 11' 25''$
Size	$6' \times 4.1'$	Position Angle	7°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	_

Description: Dreyer: vB;pL;iR;psmbM SAC: H I 256;B diff. N;smooth neb

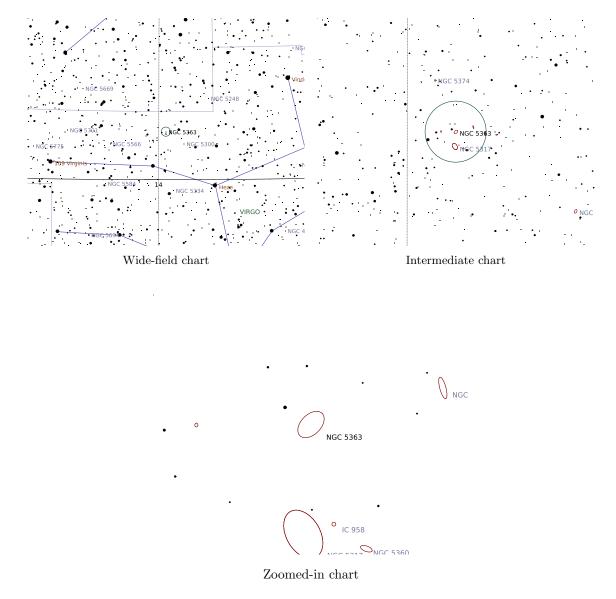


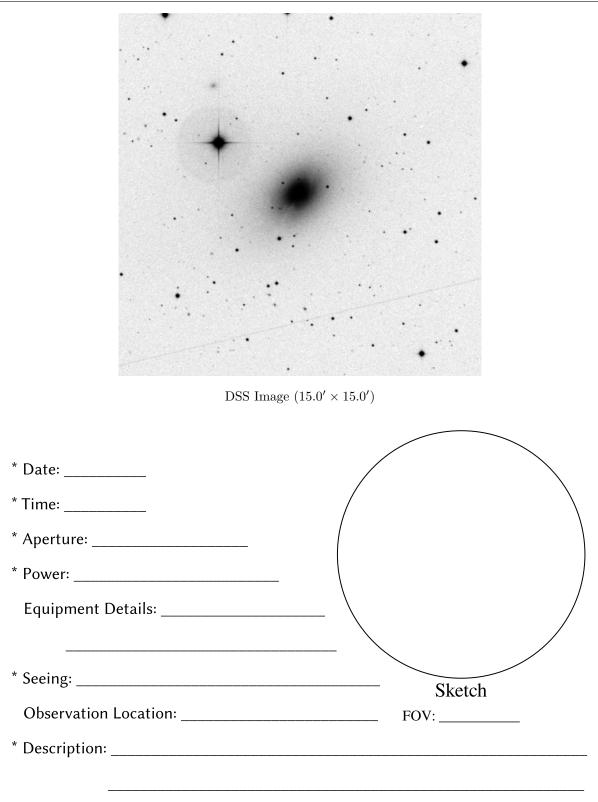


α 1	•	T 7 •
Galaxy	1n	$V r \sigma \alpha$
Galary	111	VIIgo

Right Ascension (current)	$13^{\rm h}56^{\rm m}47^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$5^{\circ} 11' 13''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$13^{\rm h}56^{\rm m}07^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$5^{\circ} 15' 14''$
Size	$4.1' \times 2.6'$	Position Angle	-45°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	—

Description: Dreyer: B;pL;R;psbM;*8 nf SAC: H I 6;P w NGC 5364 at 14.5' 2 B dif N in contact

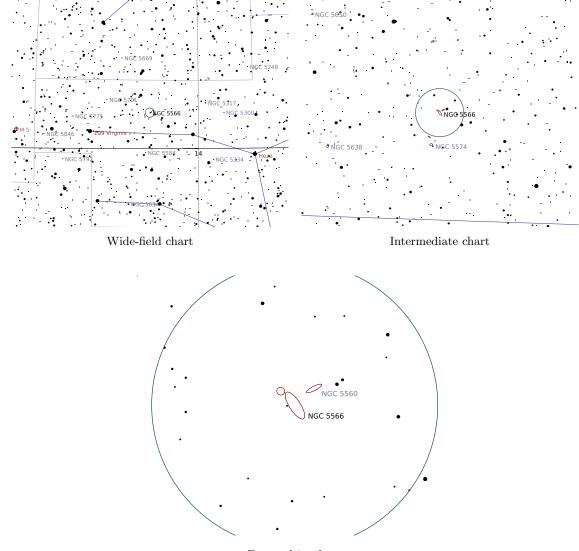




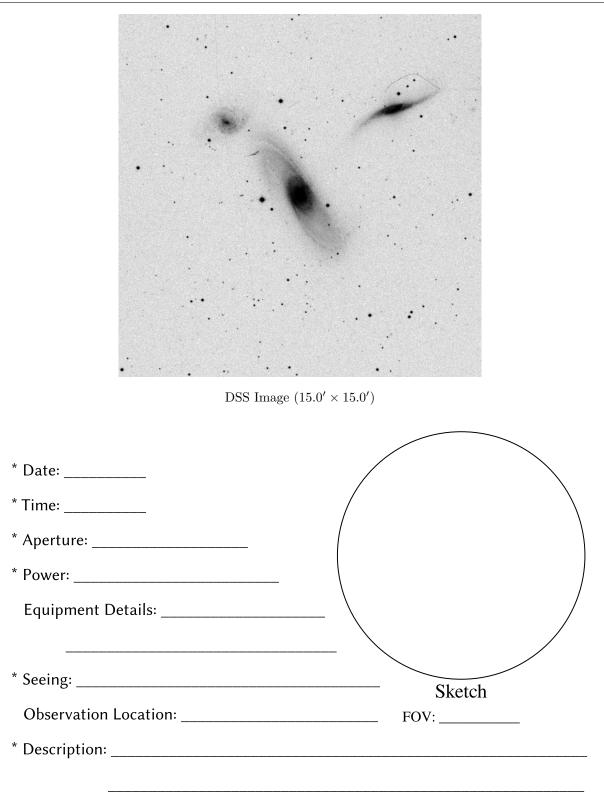
Galaxy	in	Virgo

Right Ascension (current)	$14^{\rm h} 21^{\rm m} 00^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$3^{\circ} 52' 14''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$14^{\rm h}20^{\rm m}20^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$3^{\circ} 55' 59''$
Size	$6.6' \times 2.3'$	Position Angle	57°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	_

Description: Dreyer: B;pL;R;psbM;r;*f1.5' SAC: H I 144;double galaxy



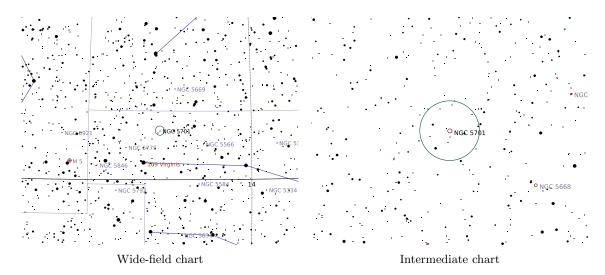
Zoomed-in chart



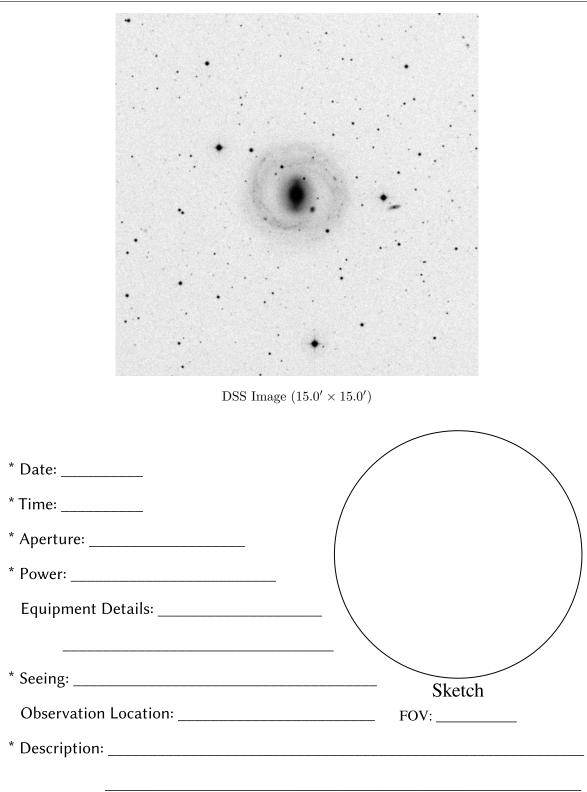
α 1	•	T 7 •
Galaxy	1n	Virgo
Galany	111	1180

Right Ascension (current)	$14^{\rm h} 39^{\rm m} 51^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$5^{\circ} 18' 18''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$14^{\rm h} 39^{\rm m} 11^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$5^{\circ} 21' 49''$
Size	$4.3' \times 4.1'$	Position Angle	0°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	—

Description: Dreyer: cB;pS;R;mbM;*11p15'' SAC: H II 575;Several vF;vS comps in field

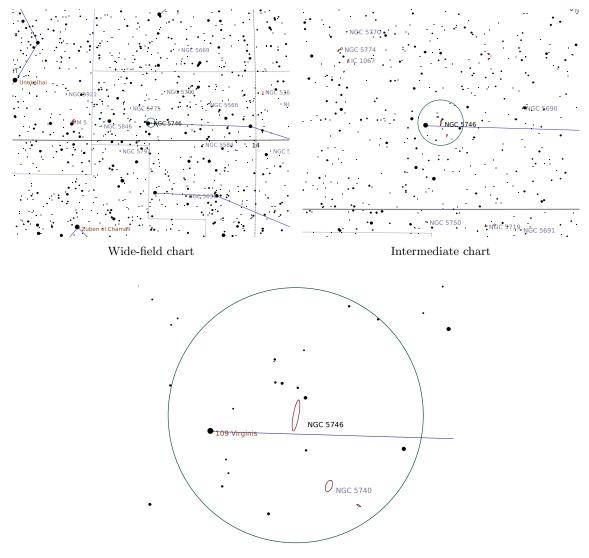


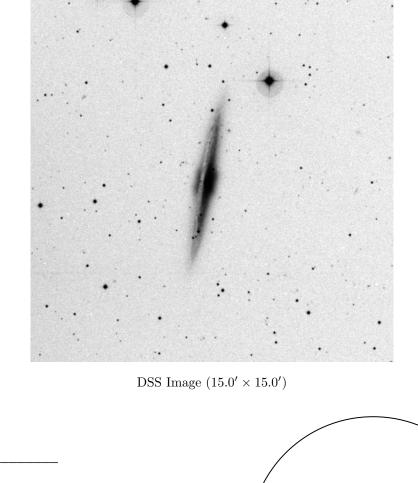


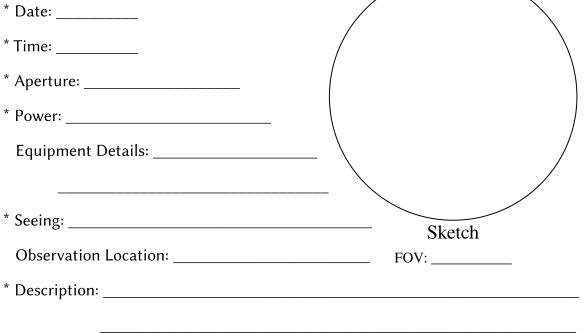


Right Ascension (current)	$14^{\rm h} 45^{\rm m} 36^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$1^{\circ}53'56''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$14^{\rm h}44^{\rm m}55^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$1^{\circ} 57' 22''$
Size	$7.4' \times 1.3'$	Position Angle	-80°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	—

Description: Dreyer: B;L;vmE170;bM;BN SAC: H I 126;vsBN in B cent.bulge;NGC 5740 at 18';edge on



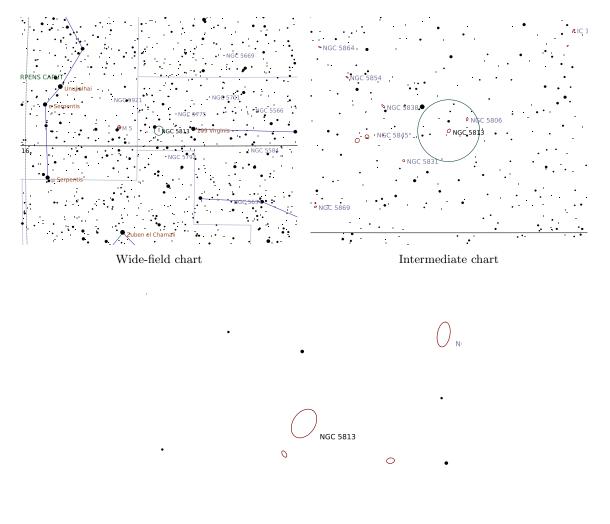




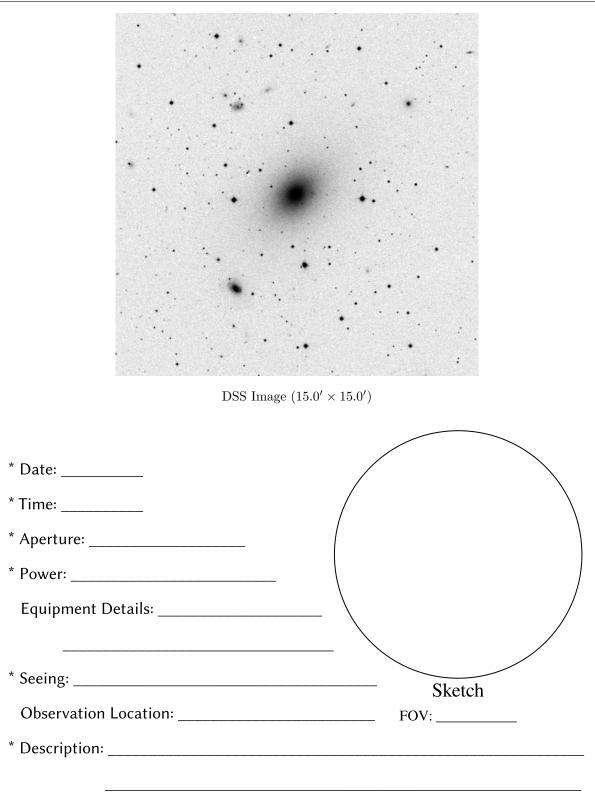
Right Ascension (current)	$15^{\rm h}01^{\rm m}51^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$1^{\circ} 38' 55''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$15^{\rm h}01^{\rm m}11^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$1^{\circ} 42' 07''$
Size	$4' \times 2.8'$	Position Angle	-55°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	—

Description: Dreyer: B;pS;R;psmbM

SAC: H I 127; In NGC 5846 group; P w NGC 5814 at 5'; NGC 8506 at 21'



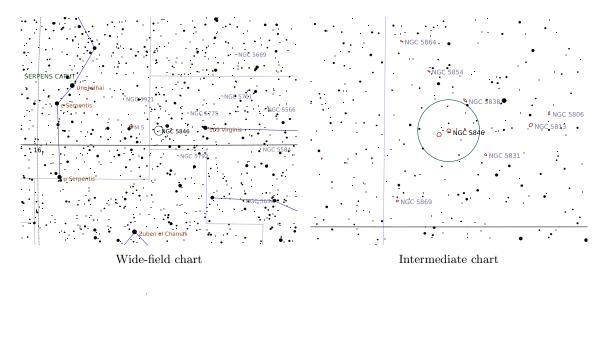
Zoomed-in chart



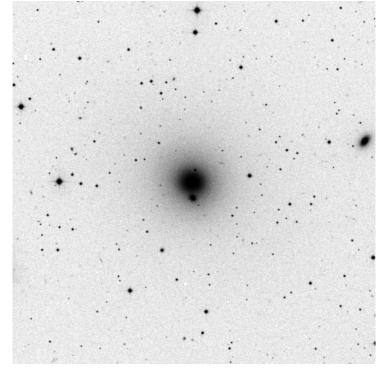
Galaxy	in	Virgo
		0

Right Ascension (current)	$15^{\rm h}07^{\rm m}09^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$1^{\circ} 33' 11''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$15^{\rm h}06^{\rm m}29^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$1^{\circ} 36' 19''$
Size	$4' \times 3.7'$	Position Angle	48°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	—

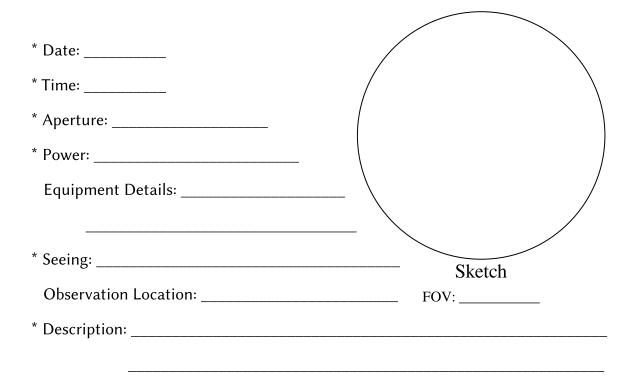
Description: Dreyer: vB;pL;R;psbMN;F* inv S;n of 2 SAC: H I 128;Brightest in group;P w NGC 5846A at 1';NGC 5850 10'ESE







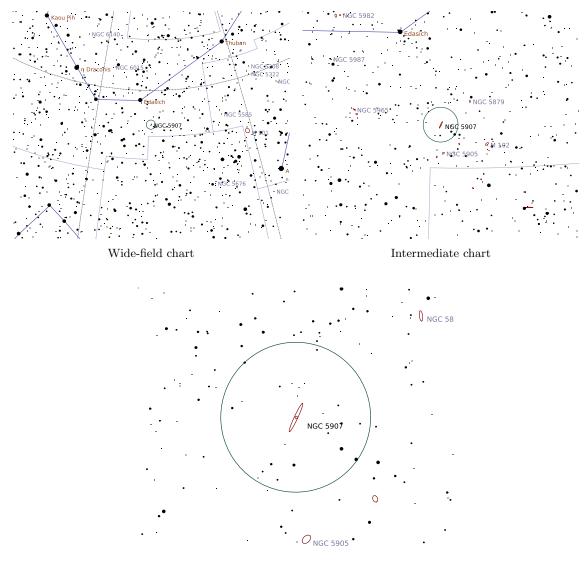
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$



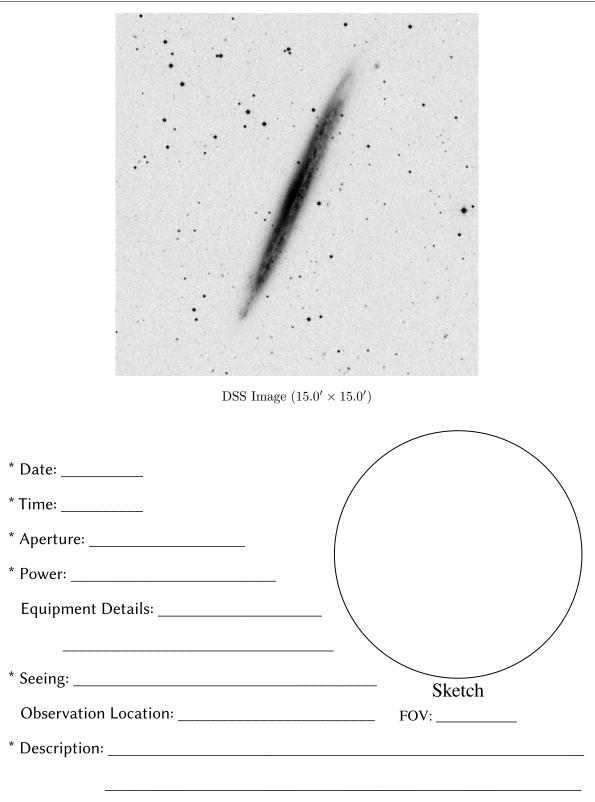
α 1	•	D
Galaxy	1n	Draco
0.001001-5		_ 10000

	$15^{\rm h} 16^{\rm m} 13^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	56° 16′ 37″
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$15^{\rm h}15^{\rm m}53^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$56^{\circ} 19' 49''$
Size	$12.6' \times 1.4'$	Position Angle	-65°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: cB;vL;vmE155;vgBMN SAC: H II 759;vs bulge nearly hidden by strong dk lane; SN 1940a



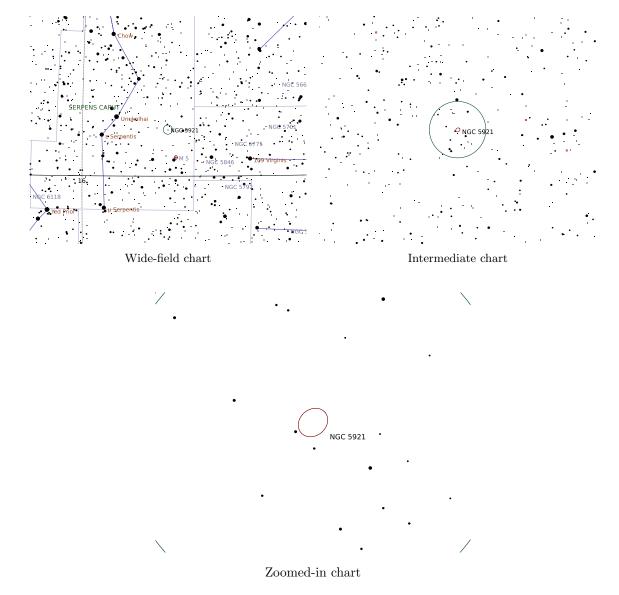
Zoomed-in chart

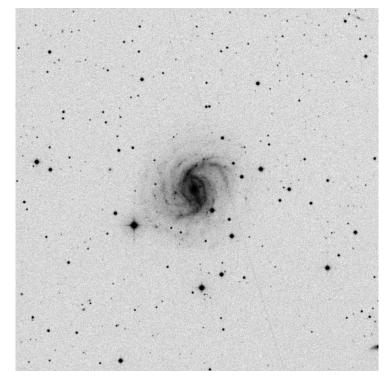


Galaxy in Serpens Caput

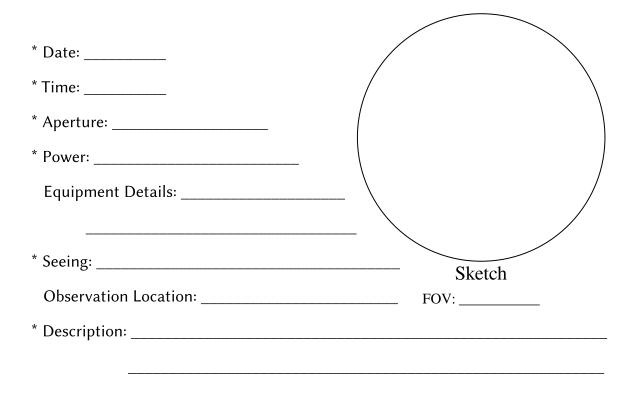
Right Ascension (current)		Declination (current)	$5^{\circ} 01' 18''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$15^{\rm h} 21^{\rm m} 56^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$5^{\circ} 04' 13''$
Size	$4.8' \times 4'$	Position Angle	-40°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: cB;cL;iR;vsbM*12;am *
SAC: H I 148;eBN in B bar





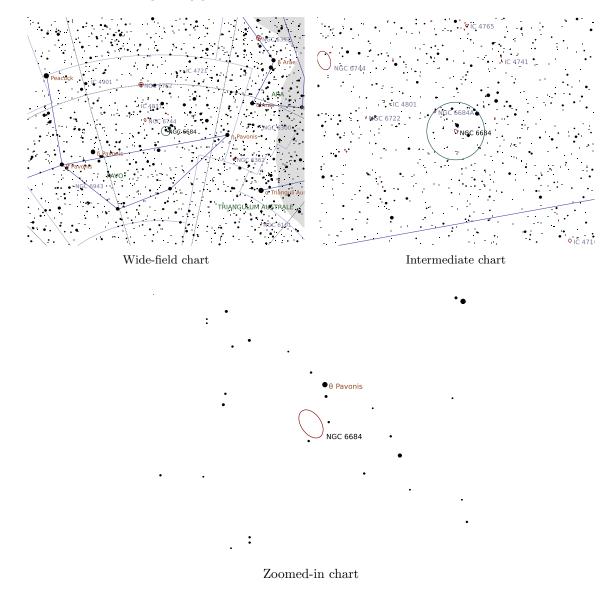
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

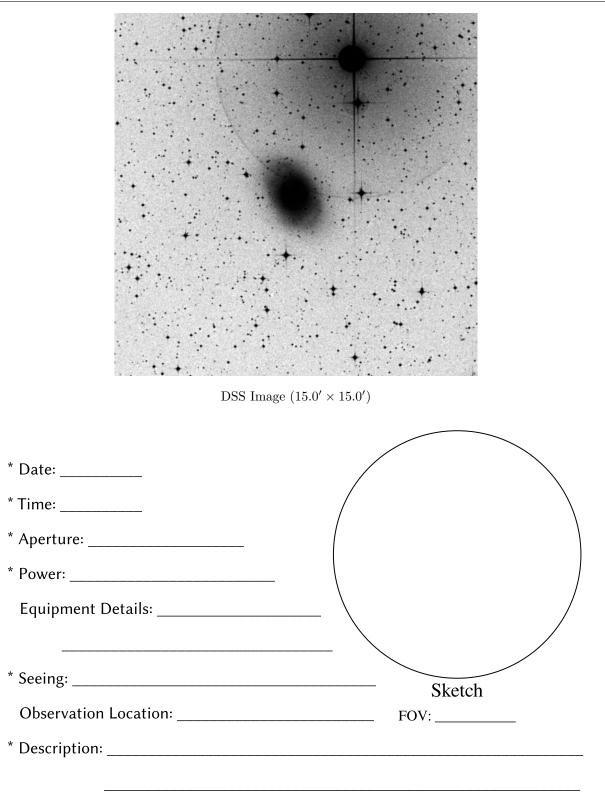


Galaxy	in	Pavo

Right Ascension (current)		Declination (current)	$-65^{\circ}09'11''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$18^{\rm h} 48^{\rm m} 57^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-65^{\circ} 10' 22''$
Size	$4.6' \times 2.9'$	Position Angle	55°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: vB;pL;R;vg;psvmbM

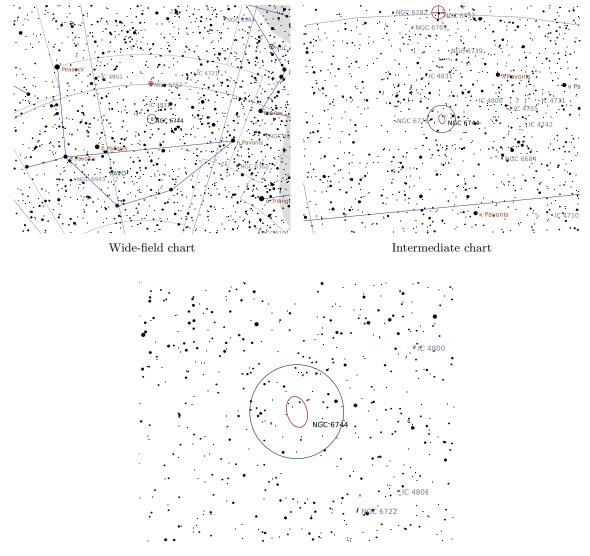


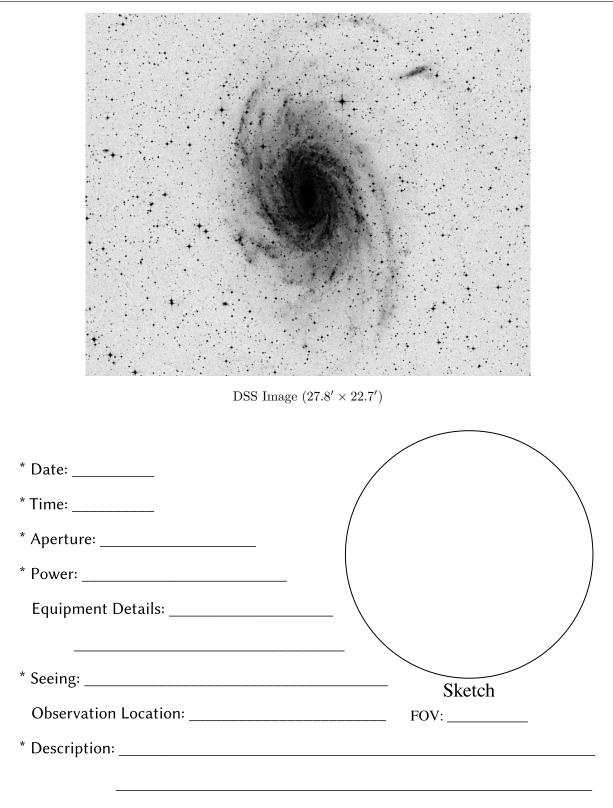


Galaxy in P	avo
-------------	-----

Right Ascension (current)	$19^{\rm h}10^{\rm m}59^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$-63^{\circ} 49' 51''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$19^{\rm h}09^{\rm m}46^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-63^{\circ}51'24''$
Size	$20.1' \times 12.9'$	Position Angle	75°
Magnitude	8.5	Other Designation	_

Description: Dreyer: cB;cL;R;vg;svmbM;r

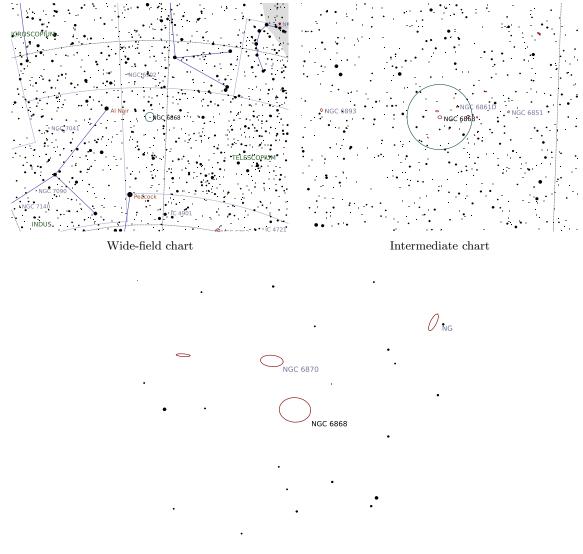




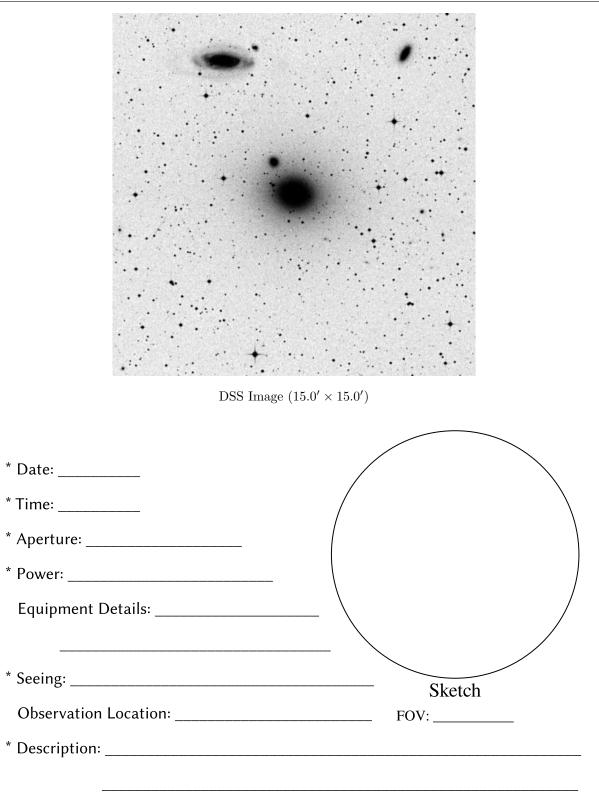
Galaxy in Tel	lescopium
---------------	-----------

Right Ascension (current)	$20^{\rm h}10^{\rm m}50^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$-48^{\circ} 20' 18''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$20^{\rm h}09^{\rm m}54^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-48^{\circ} 22' 48''$
Size	$3.6' \times 2.8'$	Position Angle	4°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: vB;S;R;pgvmbM



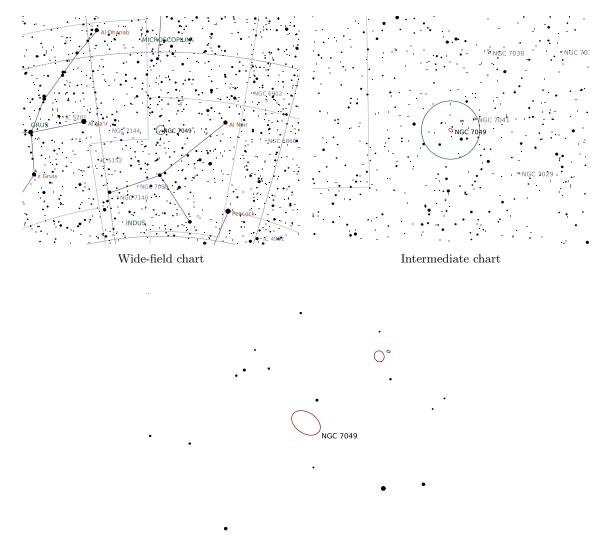
Zoomed-in chart



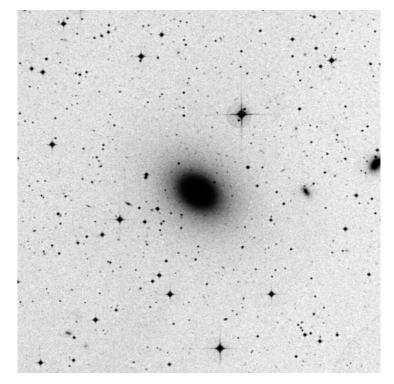
Galaxy in Indus

Right Ascension (current)	$21^{\rm h}19^{\rm m}52^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$-48^{\circ} 30' 16''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$21^{\rm h}19^{\rm m}00^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-48^{\circ} 33' 41''$
Size	$4.5' \times 3'$	Position Angle	33°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	_

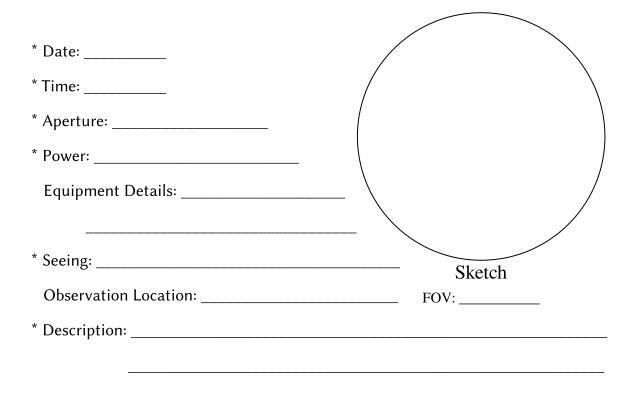
Description: Dreyer: vB;pS;E;mbM



Zoomed-in chart



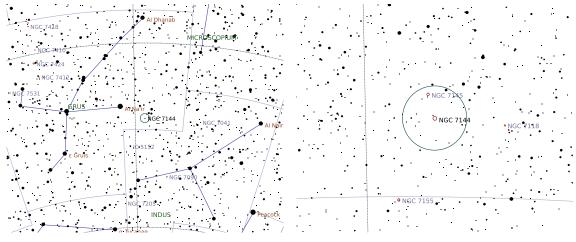
DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$



Galaxy in Grus

		Declination (current)	$-48^{\circ} 11' 31''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$21^{\rm h}52^{\rm m}42^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-48^{\circ} 15' 17''$
Size	3.7' imes 3.6'	Position Angle	90°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	-

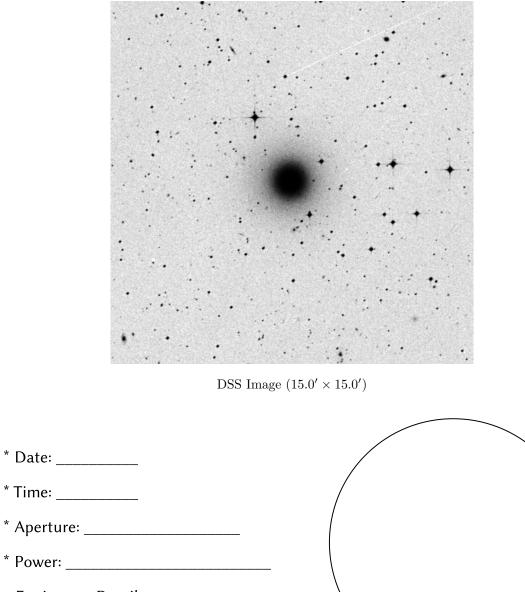
Description: Dreyer: vB;pS;R;mbMN

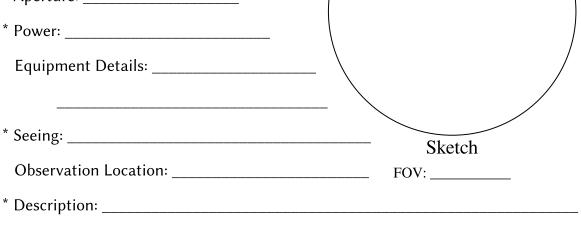


Wide-field chart

Intermediate chart



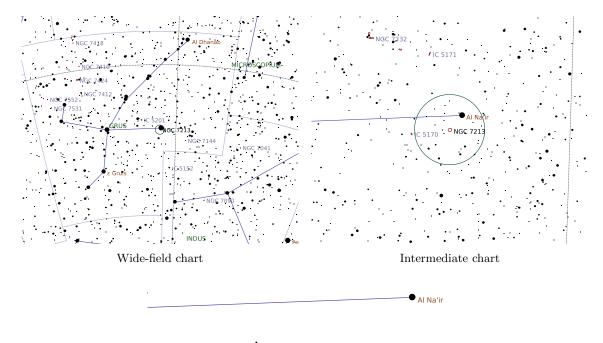




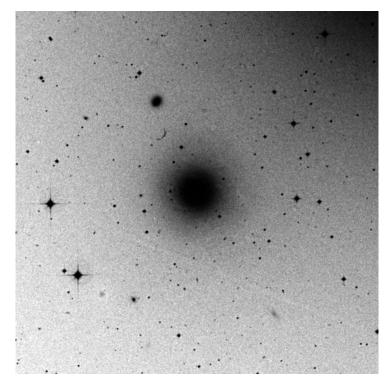
Galaxy in Grus

Right Ascension (current)	$22^{\rm h}10^{\rm m}04^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$-47^{\circ}06'07''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$22^{\rm h}09^{\rm m}16^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-47^{\circ} \ 10' \ 01''$
Size	$3.1' \times 2.8'$	Position Angle	-34°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	_

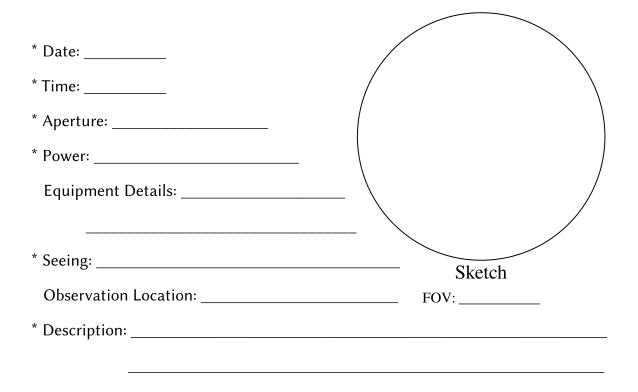
Description: Dreyer: vB;pS;R;gbM SAC: 16' SE from Alpha Gru







DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

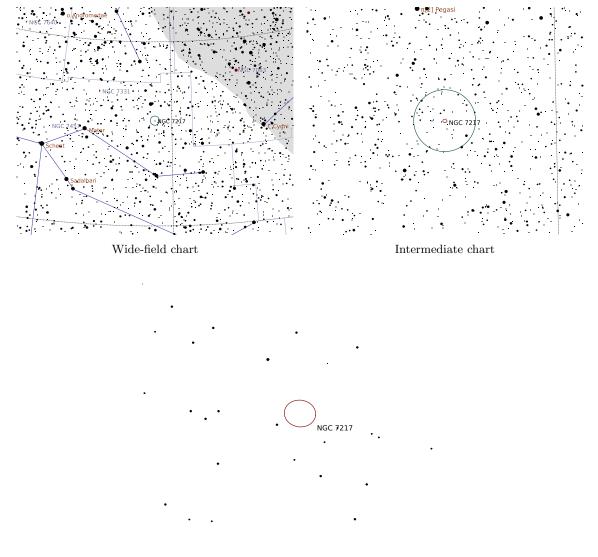


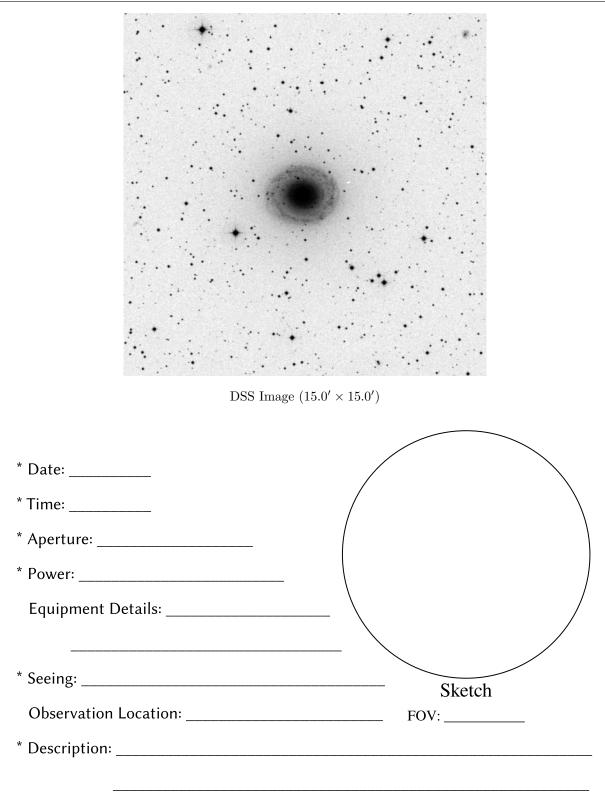
Galaxy	ın	Pegasus	

Right Ascension (current)	$22^{h}08^{m}26^{s}$	Declination (current)	31° 25′ 31″
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$22^{\rm h}07^{\rm m}52^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$31^{\circ}21'34''$
Size	$4' \times 3.4'$	Position Angle	7°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: B;pL;gbM;er

SAC: H II 207;vB diff Nuc .35'X0.27'many knotty arms

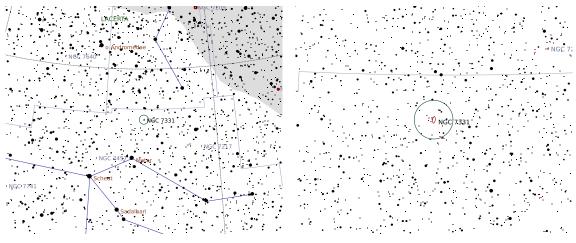




Galaxy	in	Pegasus

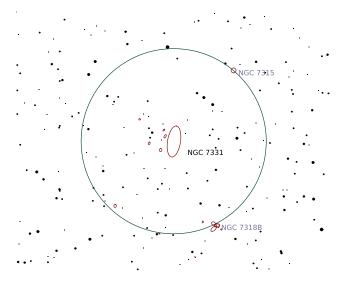
Right Ascension (current)	$22^{\rm h} 37^{\rm m} 40^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$34^{\circ}29'25''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$22^{\rm h} 37^{\rm m} 05^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$34^{\circ}25'13''$
Size	$10.2' \times 4.2'$	Position Angle	-81°
Magnitude	9.5	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: B;pL;pmE163;smbM SAC: H I 53;UGC 12113;Brightest in group of F obj;sev dark lanes

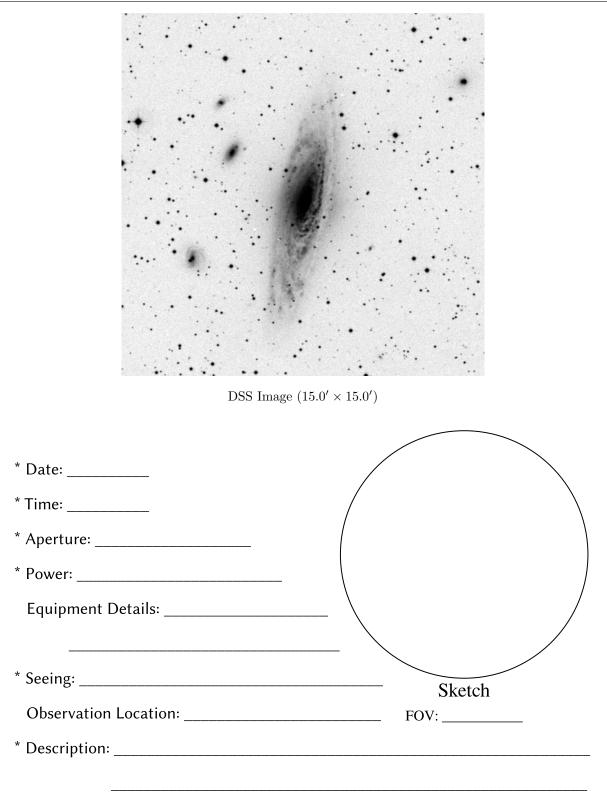


Wide-field chart

Intermediate chart



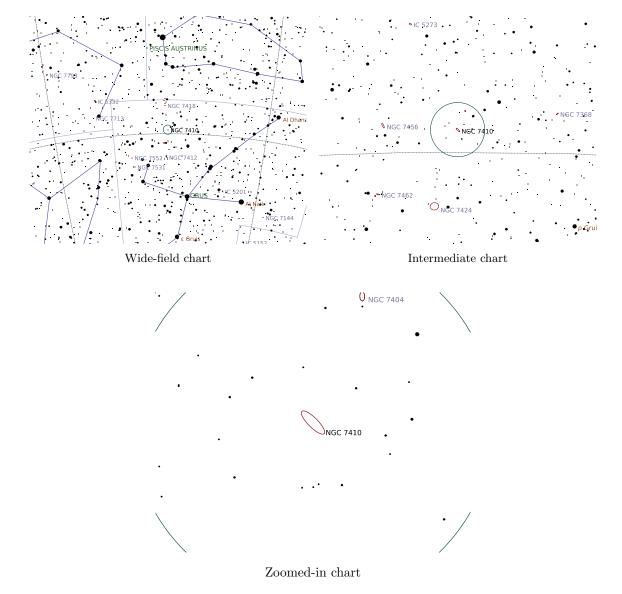
Zoomed-in chart

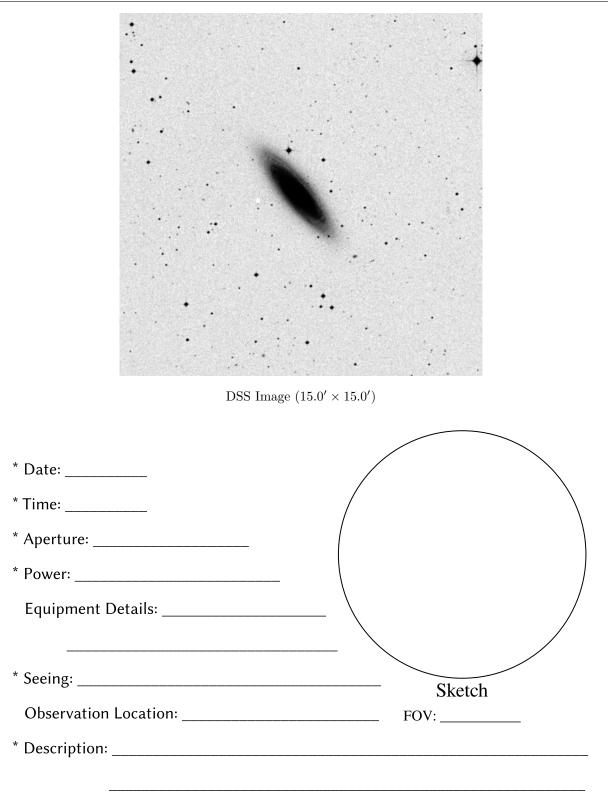


Galaxy in Grus

Right Ascension (current)	$22^{\rm h}55^{\rm m}43^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$-39^{\circ} 35' 34''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$22^{\rm h}55^{\rm m}00^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-39^{\circ} 39' 44''$
Size	$5.2' \times 1.6'$	Position Angle	45°
Magnitude	10	Other Designation	-

Description: Dreyer: cB;L;vmE43;mbM SAC: Nearly edge-on

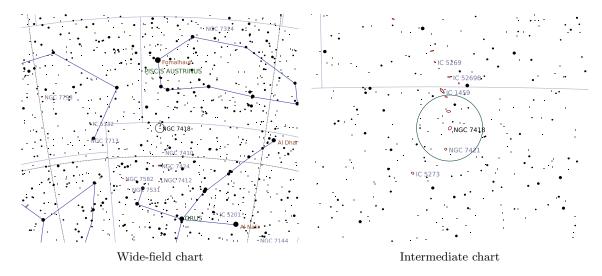


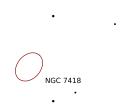


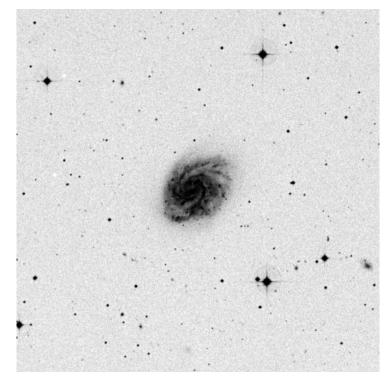
Galaxy in Grus

Right Ascension (current)Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$\frac{22^{\rm h}57^{\rm m}18^{\rm s}}{22^{\rm h}56^{\rm m}35^{\rm s}}$	Declination (current) Declination (J2000.0)	$\begin{array}{r} -36^{\circ} 57' 33'' \\ -37^{\circ} 01' 44'' \end{array}$
Size	$3.5' \times 2.6'$	Position Angle	-49°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	—

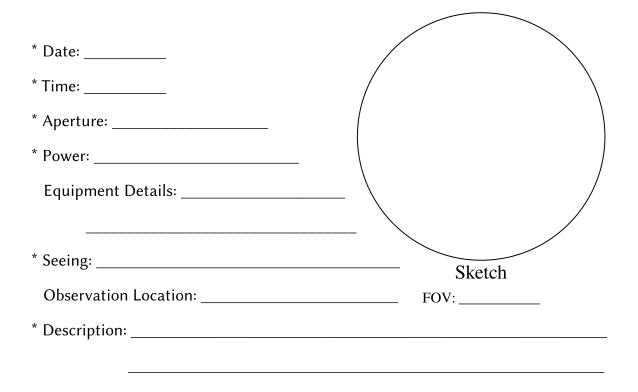
Description: Dreyer: cB;vL;vlE;vglbM







DSS Image $(15.0' \times 15.0')$

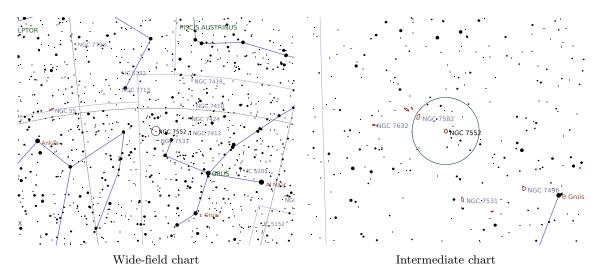


NGC 7552 (Grus Quartet)

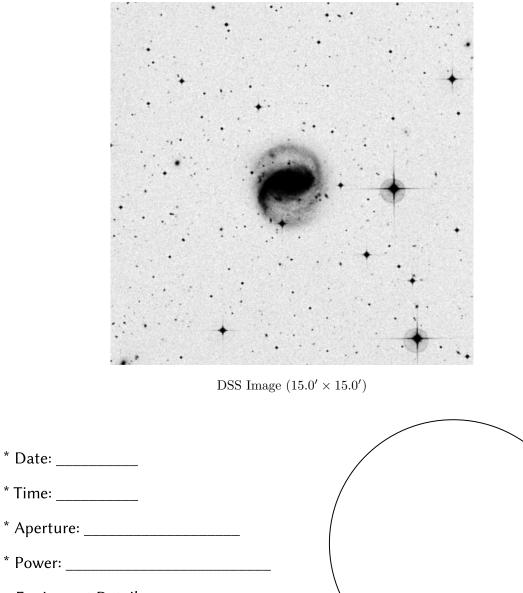
Right Ascension (current)		Declination (current)	$-42^{\circ} 30' 51''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$23^{\rm h}16^{\rm m}10^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$-42^{\circ} 35' 05''$
Size	$3.4' \times 2.7'$	Position Angle	89°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	—

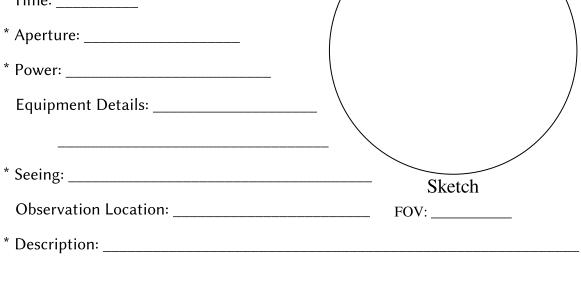
Galaxy in Grus

Description: Dreyer: B;S;mE90;vsbM *13









Galaxy	in	Pegasus
--------	----	---------

Right Ascension (current)	$00^{\rm h}03^{\rm m}54^{\rm s}$	Declination (current)	$16^{\circ} 13' 09''$
Right Ascension (J2000.0)	$00^{\rm h}03^{\rm m}14^{\rm s}$	Declination (J2000.0)	$16^{\circ} 08' 43''$
Size	$5.5' \times 2.3'$	Position Angle	-45°
Magnitude	11	Other Designation	—

Description: Dreyer: cB;cL;E;vgbM SAC: H II 240;Equatorial dust lane;Nearly edge-on

